

Trend of Today's Markets

Stocks lower. Bonds easy. Curb lower.
Foreign exchange steady. Cotton steady.
Wheat lower. Corn easy.

VOL. 90, NO. 136.

JAPANESE
LAND 10,000
MEN FOR NEW
SUCHOW PUSH

Tanks and Other Supplies
Put Ashore at Tsingtao
to Bolster Column Trying
to Reach Vital Rail-
way Line.

HEAVY FIGHTING
IN WUHU AREA

Invaders, Marching From
Nanking, Unable to Break
Through to Pengpu —
Sporadic Firing Contin-
ues at Hangchow.

HERE'S TEPEE
IN RIGHT AHEAD!
OUR PERIL IS
PAST!

IT IS
WELL YOU
DO NOT
KNOW
WHAT A
TERRIBLE
SACRIFICE
YOU WILL
BE CALLED
ON TO
MAKE IN
TEPEE
TOWN!

By the Associated Press.
SHANGHAI, Jan. 18. — A strong
reinforced Japanese offensive
against the vital Lanchow Railroad
has forced today in intensive prepa-
rations to use Tsingtao, con-
sidered Shanghai Province airport,
as a base for a drive into the in-
terior.

A force of 400,000 Chinese along
the Lanchow, China's main east-west
railway, blocked Japanese efforts
to consolidate the North China
and Shanghai area conquests. Jap-
anese columns advancing from the
north and south on Suchow, main
Lanchow junction point, still were
30 miles apart.

Japanese landed some 10,000
soldiers, large stocks of munitions,
and artillery, horses and tanks at
Tsingtao, which is linked by the
Shanghai Railway with the Tai-
wan, the main of the Japanese south-
ward drive on Suchow.

Strong Defenses on Railway.
The Japanese military spokesman
said Chinese had their strongest de-
fense works in the Lanchow vicinity,
which separates the Japanese-con-
quered territory immediately north
of Shanghai from the region domi-
nated by the Japanese North China
forces.

The troops debarking at Tsingtao
were provided with winter equip-
ment with which to face the
severe cold in the Lanchow and
Suchow areas.

Chinese reported that Japanese
troops had withdrawn from 10
miles on parts of the Yangtze Val-
ley front to join the column driving
north from Nanking against
Suchow.

Japanese and Chinese, however,
were locked in a heavy battle in
the vicinity of Wuhu, 25 miles up-
stream from where the United
States gunboat Panay was sunk by
Japanese Dec. 12. Chinese declared
their forces were pressing Japanese
back for possession of the river
bank.

Nanking Column Blocked.
The Japanese column advancing
north from Nanking was unable to
break through Chinese lines to
occupy Pengpu, midway between
Nanking and Suchow. Japanese
said Chinese had been beaten off
twice in counterattacks against
the column.

Japanese officers reported sporadic
fighting in the environs of
Hangchow, Chekiang Province
capital southwest of Shanghai,
which the Chinese were attempt-
ing to recapture. The Japanese
spokesman asserted that 40 Ameri-
can and other foreigners at Hang-
chow were safe, but that news-
paper men could not be permitted
to visit the city.

At Peiping, Japanese said that,
although Chinese forces had
withdrawn in numbers from South-
eastern Shanxi Province, Japanese
had occupied the territory because
of a desire to avoid extended com-
munication lines. The Japanese
spokesman predicted an extension
of the Japanese anti-Communist
drive in Shanxi and Southern
Shanxi Provinces, where guerrilla
warfare had been carried on since
the Japanese occupation of
mainland China.

Japanese troops in Northern
Honan Province were said to be
preparing for an early drive south-
ward.

German Sought to Mediate.
A Foreign Office spokesman in
Tokyo disclosed yesterday that
the break with the Chinese Gov-
ernment, confirming reports that
Germany had sought to mediate
the conflict.

He said German Ambassador Her-
zog would be in Shanghai to-
morrow, and in extreme
northeast portion tonight.

Russian Parliament Adjourns
With Spectacular Saber-Rattling
Military Display in Chamber After Head of
Council of Commissars Declares for
Firm Stand Toward Japan.

By the Associated Press.
MOSCOW, Jan. 18.—The first ses-
sion of the Supreme Soviet, Rus-
sia's new Parliament, ended tonight
on a martial note, with Government
promises of a firmer attitude to-
ward Japan and a theatrical dis-
play by the Red Army inside the
Parliament chambers in the Krem-
lin.

Deputies rose to their feet with
prolonged cheering as aviators, tank
drivers, soldiers and sailors, to the
flourish of trumpets, filled the
alcove of the chamber with march-
ing files.

Earlier the Deputies had heard
Vyacheslav Molotov, president of
the Council of Commissars—or Pre-
mier—pledge his reconstituted
council to act on suggestions for
"drastic measures" in the Far East.

Just before the Supreme Soviet,
chosen in Russia's first elections
under the new Constitution Dec. 12,
adjourned until its next biennial
session, the fighting men marched
in.

The files stood at rigid attention
while a Captain wearing a pea-
green steel helmet mounted the rostrum
and shouted defiance to ene-
mies of the Soviet Union.

"We assure the Supreme Soviet,
the people and the Soviet leaders,
they are well defended," he de-
clared. "At the first call of the
party, the Government and Stalin,

the Red Army will rise for the de-
fense of the Fatherland and will de-
stroy the enemy on his own terri-
tory."

He was flanked by a blue-jacket
who promised a more powerful
navy.

Introducing the council, with
seven new Communist Molotov as-
serted that Russia intended to as-
sume a stronger attitude in dealing
with Japan on the Far Eastern
frontier as well as in closing for-
eign consulates in the Soviet
Union.

Referring to Japan's failure to
reply to a protest against seizure
of a mail plane in Manchukuo,
Molotov said: "We expect to se-
cure the interests of the Soviet Union
and will take care of this case."

Reorganization of the council,
under the new Soviet Constitution,
placed Nikolai Voznesenski in the
place of Valery Maslansk as chair-
man of the State Planning Com-
mission.

Nikolai M. Rybkov, Judge who
assisted Chief Prosecutor Vasily V.
Ulich in the big Soviet treason
trials of 1936 and 1937, was named
Commissar of Justice, replacing
Nikolai Vassilievich Krylenko.

Other new commissars are Stan-
islav Koslov, Vice-Premier; Sergei
Chavchava, Foreign Trade; Mikhail
Fyopov, Agricultural Cooperation;
Abram Glinskiy, Food Industry,
and Arseny Zverev, Finance.

JAPANESE PREMIER'S SON
CRITICISES POLICY IN CHINA

Princeton Student Says He Doubts
Sincerity of "Self-Defense"
Plan in Some Cases.

By the Associated Press.
PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 18.—
Fumitaka Kono, Princeton Uni-
versity student and son of Japan's
Premier, says he doubts in some
instances the sincerity of Japan's
policy of self-defense in China.

"I question whether Japan had
to go to some of the extremes that
she has in the present conflict with
China," he told the Princeton Coun-
cil of the Knights of Columbus last
night.

He said "No Japanese Govern-
ment official would admit of such
a viewpoint," and emphasized that
he spoke only as an individual.

"It is agreed by everyone that
the Panay incident was regrettable
and a mistake on the part of the
Japanese," he said. "Supposing,
however, that the incident led to a
war between the United States and
Japan, in that case would the
United States be considered an ag-
gressor? I think not. She would
only be defending her natural
rights. The same holds true with
Japan in the current conflict in
China."

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fense works in the Lanchow vicinity,
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morrow, and in extreme
northeast portion tonight.

Official forecast for
St. Louis and vicinity: Cloudy
tonight; fewest clouds about
35; tomorrow
probably light
rain, slightly
warmer.

Missouri: Cloudy,
snow in north-
west portion
tonight; tomorrow
rain in south
portion; snow-
turning to rain
in north portion;
slightly warmer
tomorrow, and in
east-west portion
tonight.

Illinois: Mostly
cloudy, probably
occasional light snow or rain in
central and north portions early to-
night and tomorrow afternoon; not
so cold tomorrow, and in extreme
northeast portion tonight.

GOV. HORNER REFUSES
TO SPARE MRS. PORTER

Also Rejects Plea of Angelo
Ralph Giancola—Execu-
tions Set for Friday.

By the Associated Press.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 18.—
The Illinois plea of Mrs. Marie
Porter of St. Louis, under sentence
to die in the electric chair early
Friday morning for the murder of
her brother, William Kappen, was
rejected today by Gov. Horner.

The Governor rejected the
plea of Angelo Ralph Giancola of
St. Louis, convicted with Mrs.
Porter, for commutation of his
death sentence. Both are to be
executed at the Menard Peniten-
tiary Friday.

The State of Illinois has never
electrocuted a woman, and avail-
able records show the execution of
only one, who was hanged for mur-
der in 1845 at Lawrenceville. Sev-
eral times Gov. Horner has com-
muted death sentences imposed on
women to long prison terms.

The Governor said he had found
no mitigating circumstances, and
alienists had reported to him that
Mrs. Porter was sane. "I have no
right to amend the statutes to re-
peal the penalty for murder should
not apply to women," he added.

Giancola's brother, John, is serv-
ing a 99-year sentence at the Me-
nard Penitentiary for his part in
the murder. John is 20 years old,
and Ralph, 22. Mrs. Porter, 33, is
the mother of four children.

They were found guilty last Nov.
5 by a jury in Circuit Court at
Belleville. Ralph Giancola testified
Mrs. Porter planned the murder of
her brother and collected \$500 in life
insurance. He testified he shot
and killed Kappen early last July 3,
which was to have been Kappen's
wedding day in St. Louis, and that
Mrs. Porter was with him when he
fired the shot and left. Kappen
died in a field near Belleville.

1,850,000 PERSONS IN U. S.
ON WORK RELIEF ROLLS

New Quota of \$50,000 Nearly Filled,
Official Reports to
Roosevelt.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Abby
Williams, acting Works Progress
Relief Administrator, reported to
President Roosevelt today that
about 1,850,000 persons were on
work relief rolls.

He said the new quota of 350,000
set last month to provide jobs for
those recently made unemployed,
was nearly filled.

Williams estimated the WPA had
funds sufficient to provide relief
for 1,800,000 until about April 15.
Then, he said, his agency will have
funds to reduce the rolls gradually. It
is to keep within the current appro-
priation.

COMPTROLLER O'CONNOR
TO RESIGN TOMORROW

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—J. F.
T. O'Connor will resign tomorrow
as Comptroller of the Currency, it
was learned today.

O'Connor, who has held his position
in the Treasury for nearly five
years, is expected to return to Cal-
ifornia to practice law. He has
been nominated for Governor. He
has indicated he is considering
making the race.

The resignation will bear no date
and O'Connor will leave it up to
the President to decide when he
will leave office.

J. H. R. CROMWELL
URGES REPEAL OF
ALL INCOME TAXES

Husband of Doris Duke,
Wealthiest Woman in
World, Testifies Before
House Committee.

FOR REDUCTION NOW
AS THE FIRST STEP

Favors Revising Estate and
Gift Taxes, and Estab-
lishing Manufacturers'
Sales Tax.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—James
H. R. Cromwell, husband of Doris
Duke Cromwell, tobacco heiress
and the world's richest woman, re-
commended to the House Ways and
Means Committee today immediate
reduction and ultimate repeal of
all forms of income tax.

He also advocated revision of es-
tate and gift taxes, and adoption
of a manufacturers' sales tax on
finished consumer goods.

Cromwell said such a "scientific
tax system" would end the unjust
and uneconomic discrimination be-
tween the taxation of corporations
and of unincorporated business en-
terprises.

Furthermore, he asserted, it
would tend to encourage distribu-
tion of wealth and enhance labor's
bargaining power.

Cromwell, a New York advertis-
ing man, has written several books
on economics and also has lectured
on the subject.

He testified at hearings on pro-
posals of a Ways and Means sub-
committee for revising the tax
structure.

"Must Encourage Investment,"
he believed, Cromwell said, "that
a just and ever-increasing distribu-
tion of wealth can be gained only
by encouraging the investment of
savings in productive enterprises,
and that attempts to obtain great-
er equality by political action
through income estate and corpo-
rate surplus taxes will defeat this
purpose and will undermine the
capitalistic system."

He suggested that investors in
new productive enterprises be given
special favorable treatment because
they make possible ultimate im-
provement in living standards and
strengthen the bargaining power of
all workers.

Cromwell suggested complete
abolition of the estate and gift
taxes, which he said give rise to
excessive concentration of capital
and to speculation.

Indefinite on Sales Tax Rate.
Representative Vinson (Dem.,
Kentucky), asked Cromwell what
sales tax rate he would suggest,
but got no definite answer.

"Would you put the same rate on
bread and meat as you would on
whiskey and cigarettes?" asked
Chairman Doughton (Dem., North
Carolina).

"Yes, sir," was the emphatic re-
ply.

At one point, Representative
Cooper (Dem., Tennessee), inquired:
"Then the only way you know of
helping the poor is by shifting taxes
from the wealthy to the poor?"

"That's putting it in a peculiar
way," Cromwell answered. "As a
matter of fact, 75 per cent of taxes
now are paid by the poor. I be-
lieve if you can relieve capital of
taxation, you will increase capacity
production and thus increase the
income of the poor and their stand-
ard of living."

Asserting his interest in the tax
problem was unselfish, the witness
said his family and wife are wealthy
people, and some \$50,000,000,000
of tax exempt securities are provided
in which they can invest and pay
no taxes.

"Oh, Liberty, Liberty! What
crimes are committed in thy name,"
Doughton chanted. "Every time
something like this is proposed, they
say it is in the interest of some-
body else."

Vinson said Cromwell's proposals
for modifying and repealing taxes
would reduce Government revenues
\$3,222,000,000 on the basis of 1937
returns, and asked what the tax
base would be for a sales tax. Crom-
well said it would be \$26,000,000,000
on the basis of wholesale prices, in-
cluding food, clothing, medicine and
all other commodities.

If existing excise taxes were re-
pealed, the tax loss would run up
to \$4,500,000,000. Vinson said, and
well said it would be \$26,000,000,000
on the basis of wholesale prices, in-
cluding food, clothing, medicine and
all other commodities.

It would be a little high," the
witness agreed.

For Estate, Gift Tax Deductions.
Cromwell also proposed that de-
ductions from estate and gift taxes,
up to the full amount of such
levies, be allowed for bequests or
gifts in trust to charitable, educa-

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

KIDNAPER-KILLER
HELD IN ST. PAUL
AFTER PLANE TRIP

Peter Anders, Who Shot
Charles S. Ross and Ac-
complice, Questioned on
Other Abductions.

HE MAY BE TAKEN
TO POINT OUT BODIES

Said to Have Hidden Them
Over Wisconsin Line
Somewhere Near Rock-
ford, Ill.

By the Associated Press.
ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 19.—
Federal agents kept close watch
today over Peter Anders, brought
here in a surprise move after his
arrest in California for the kid-
naping and killing of Charles S.
Ross, retired Chicago manufacturer.

The officers of the Federal Bu-
reau of Investigation arrived at St.
Paul by airplane last night with
their manacled prisoner, who was
arrested Friday at Santa Anita race
track near Los Angeles. Anders,
said by officers to have confessed
kidnaping and killing Ross and
also his associate in the crime, J.
Atwood Gray, was transferred from
plane to an automobile under cover
of machine guns and taken to the
downtown bureau office for safe-
keeping.

This morning, several carloads
of Federal agents left for an un-
disclosed destination. No one was
permitted to accompany them. It was
thought they were seeking the
bodies of the men Anders killed or
money he may have hidden.

Except to say the prisoner
was being taken to Chicago, J. Edgar
Hoover, chief of the F. B. I.,
refused to explain the stop here.

Questioned on Other Cases.
He denied Anders was a suspect
in the kidnaping of 10-year-old
Charles Matton at Tacoma, Wash.,
but said the prisoner was being
questioned "about some other kid-
napings."

The agents still refused to divulge
the contents of the Anders confes-
sion. Hoover announced Monday,
however, that Anders, a one-time
legging camp worker in the Pa-
cific Northwest, had shot Ross and
Gray and had apparently hidden
the bodies "somewhere over the
Wisconsin line" from Rockford,
Ill., where, he said, the killings
occurred.

It was reported at Chicago
Anders might be taken to the vicin-
ity of Rockford to point out where
he disposed of the bodies. The kil-
lings were said to have been com-
mitted three or four days after pay-
ment of \$50,000 ransom Oct. 8.

Ross, 77 years old, was abducted
on a highway near Chicago Sept. 25.
When Anders was arrested, \$14-
402 was found among his effects.

Whether all the rest of the ran-
som, \$37,598, was spent by Anders
during his cross-country wander-
ings since October, or whether he
placed part of it in safekeeping was
a matter of conjecture.

A Bradley Eben of Chicago, act-
ing United States District Attorney,
said after Anders' capture, pros-
ecutors on the presumption he
took Ross out of Illinois before
the latter was killed, thus trav-
ersing state lines.

Federal agents made no dis-
closures as to the kidnaper's hide-
out, but said he apparently oc-
cupied for 13 days before Ross was
killed.

How Ransom Was Delivered.
A story related by George Kiko-
vao Jr., 26, who said he delivered
the ransom payment, suggested the
possibility a farmhouse near Rock-
ford was used. Kikovao said he
saw the \$50,000 in a box, and the
box was taken to a house near Rock-
ford, where the ransom was paid.

In white coveralls and white hel-
met, Kikovao set out from Chi-
cago's West Side at 6 p. m. he told
reporters. He rode west at high
speed.

"Exactly five and one-tenth miles
east of Rockford," he continued, "I
got the light signal ones, the quick
change of a bright and dim light-
ing of an automobile 25 or 30 feet
behind me. . . I threw the package
hurriedly to my right."

"I was going between 30 and 40
miles an hour and I shifted to the
right running board of my motor-
cycle and pushed the package out of
the back of the seat. I picked myself
up and saw a car coming from the
west. I let the car pass and heard
a car screaming down the road be-
hind me while making a 'U' turn.
It made a 'U' turn and sped back
east."

REBELS BOMB BARCELONA
APARTMENTS, 150 KILLED;
HOSPITAL IN VALENCIA HIT

Leaders of Hawaii Flight



FROM LEFT, LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER S. H. WARNER,
LIEUT. F. M. TRAPNELL and LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER
W. G. TOMLINSON, before they took off from San Diego for
Honolulu.

ROBBERY SUSPECT CAUGHT,
HAS \$1500 IN HIS POCKETS

Francis C. Drury Arrested in Los
Angeles Wanted in St. Louis,
and Other Cities.

By the Associated Press.
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 19.—Francis
Conor Drury, arrested here yester-
day, is wanted in St. Louis, Chi-
cago, Los Angeles and elsewhere
for investigation of burglaries. It
was announced by John H. Hanson,
local head of the Federal Bureau
of Investigation. Hanson said that
John J. Newman, wanted for ques-
tioning with Drury in the theft
of \$4200 from a doctor's office here,
has been arrested in Chicago. Drury,
Hanson added, had \$1500 in his
pockets when arrested.

St. Louis Police said to a
Post-Dispatch reporter that Drury
had been identified by photograph
as a man observed loitering about
several downtown office buildings
about the time of a series of minor
office burglaries in these places.

They said Drury had been a convict
at the Southern Illinois peniten-
tiary.

Report Shows Income and Spending
Still Exceeded Rate in Pre-
vious Fiscal Year.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The
Treasury reported today its deficit
for 1937 after six and one-half
months of the fiscal year, was
\$808,681,843.

The Treasury report shows both
receipts and expenditures were con-
tinuing to run ahead of the previ-
ous fiscal year. Income since last
June 30 totaled \$3,266,002,219, com-
pared with \$2,337,440,558 in the com-
parable period of the previous year.
Expenditures in the same period
amounted to \$4,174,684,062, com-
pared with \$3,860,814,765.

On Jan. 17, the public debt was
\$37,406,169,151, compared with \$34-
462,624,634 a year earlier.

IRENEE DU PONT LOSES PLEA
FOR \$161,000 TAX REFUND

He Claimed Loss in Sale of Stock
to Two Trusts for His
Children.

By the Associated Press.
WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 19.—
Federal Judge John F. Nields for
day ruled against Irene du Pont,
who sought a refund of \$161,017 he
paid the Federal Government as a
deficiency tax and interest on his
1933 income.

Du Pont based his suit on a re-
ported loss by the sale of 10,000
shares of Rubber Securities Co.
stock to two trusts of his children.
Judge Nields upheld the Govern-
ment's claim that the transaction
was not a sale but a gift.

Du Pont testified he thought he
had made the transaction within
the provisions of the law.

18 NAVAL PLANES
REACH HONOLULU;
2570-MILE FLIGHT

Bombers Complete Mass
Non-Stop Hop From San
Diego in 20 Hours and
30 Minutes.

By the Associated Press.
HONOLULU, Jan. 19.—Eighteen
naval bombing planes arrived at
Pearl Harbor at 7:40 a. m. (St.
Louis time) today, completing a
2570-mile non-stop mass flight over
water from San Diego, Cal.

The first plane touched the water
just 30 hours and 30 minutes after
taking off from San Diego. The
second plane alighted two minutes
later and the other craft followed
in rapid succession.

The flight time bettered the previ-
ous naval mark of 21 hours 25
minutes, set by a squadron of 12
planes which flew from San Diego
nine months ago.

Planes Dodge Wind and Rain.
Lieutenant-Commander S. H. War-
ner said the squadrons flew through
unfavorable weather on the first
third of the trip. The planes climbed
to 15,000 feet and edged more than
a hundred miles south of the char-
tered course to escape a "cold
front" of clouds, rain and 35-mile-
an-hour headwinds. Ice formed on
the planes, but not enough to cause
trouble.

The rest of the trip, the com-
mander said, was "perfect."

The switch from the chartered
course over the first of the route
caused them to miss the U. S. S.
Reid, first of four naval craft sta-
tioned along the route for emer-
gencies, but the planes passed over
the other three on schedule.

No Trouble of Any Kind.
The bombers flew in two squad-
rons of nine each throughout the
flight, always in sight of each other.
"There was no trouble of any
kind," Lieut. Warner said. He did
not rest during the flight. The other
123 men were relieved and rested
in flight.

The navy described the flight as
"delivery by air of new aircraft, in
conformity with naval practice."

The bombers, first of 42 the navy
plans to fly here from the main-<

TAX \$294,681,343 SHORT OF MEETING U. S. AID PROGRAM

This Situation as to Social Security and Rail Retirement not Permanent, Treasury Says.

1,162,000 SEEK
JOB INSURANCE

Official Report Asserts Half of Expenditures Have Been to Start State Security Work.

By The Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Treasury disclosed today that the social security and railroad retirement programs cost, up to Jan. 1, \$294,681,343 more than the income from the taxes imposed to finance them. Total expenditures were given as \$990,975,639, receipts \$696,294,516.

An official Treasury statement—the first of a monthly series on these new Federal undertakings—emphasized, however, that such a condition was not to be considered permanent. Social security taxes, the statement said, are designed primarily to build up a reserve for age pension benefits, whereas in the initial stages, they have been applied widely to other uses, chiefly grants to states to aid in getting their security programs started. Such grants accounted for about half the reported expenditures.

Unemployment Insurance.
While several phases of social security, including old-age assistance; aid to dependent children; various health services and aid to the blind, were started before the first of the year, one of the biggest—unemployment insurance—did not become generally operative until that time.

The Labor Department reported that 1,162,000 persons in 21 states and the District of Columbia filed claims for such insurance during the first week of the year. The total included 887 claims in Wisconsin, which had begun its payments earlier.

The Treasury statement gave this breakdown of income from social security and railroad retirement taxes: Old-age taxes, \$51,690,591.25; unemployment, \$80,649,261.58; railroad retirement, \$38,661,556.14; unclassified, \$2,900.70.

Where the Money Went.
Here is its statement of how the money was spent: Administrative, \$28,436,410.41; grants to states, \$236,537,805.98; investments for old-age reserves and railroad retirement account, \$806,000,000; unclassified, \$142.82.

Grants to states included: Old-age assistance, \$236,817,900.89; aid to dependent children, \$28,697,981.10; aid to the blind, \$8,429,804.34; for administration of state unemployment insurance laws, \$28,425,055.01; maternal and child health services, \$6,901,370.88; crippled children, \$3,956,693.94; child welfare services, \$1,795,157.97; public health, \$14,600,912.16.

Social security officials estimated that about one-fourth of unemployment insurance claims were not valid, having been registered by persons unfamiliar with the requirement that they must have been employed for a stipulated period in 1937.

There were 452,036 new applications for work received by the Federal employment service in December—the largest number in any month since December, 1935. Secretary of Labor Perkins attributed the increase chiefly to requirements that would be recipients of unemployment benefits must first try to get work through the Federal service. On Dec. 31 it had 4,874,924 persons enrolled.

Transfer of the employment service to the Social Security Board was reported to be favored by the Senate Unemployment Committee as a means of tying in the service more closely with state administration of unemployment payments.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT MEN
CAUGHT IN VALENCIA AIR RAID

Bomb Damages One of Automobiles Carrying Six Laborites, but They Escape Injury.
MADRID, Jan. 19.—Insurgent bombing planes, extremely active along Spain's east coast these days, narrowly missed harming a party of six Laborite members of the British Parliament at Valencia yesterday. An exploding plane damaged one of the party's automobiles during a raid on the city, but occupants escaped injury.

The Laborites, the third such delegation to visit Government Spain recently, were in Teruel Monday and left after the raid for Madrid, to tour the central front.

Where Many Burned to Death in Quebec College



Charred walls of the college of the Sacred Heart at St. Hyacinthe, Que.

ROOSEVELT'S LATEST ON HOLDING COMPANIES

Apparently Tries to Soften Remarks About Abolishing Them, Adds Confusion.

Post-Dispatch Bureau.
201-S Kellogg Bldg.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—President Roosevelt made "confusion worse confounded" as to what he really intends to do about holding companies at his press conference yesterday. He declined to say what kind of holding companies he meant last week when he asserted categorically that all holding companies should be abolished.

His listeners received the impression yesterday that he believed he had gone too far in his previous utterances and had not decided how to change them. This view was strengthened by the fact that for the first time in the memory of White House reporters he had on his desk the stenographic report of the earlier conference.

Although the President referred to this report in his interview yesterday, he made no reference to it over Stephen Early, his press secretary, would not permit copying from the transcript.

Asked yesterday for a definition of the types of holding companies he had in mind when he made his statement Friday, the President replied that it would be silly to attempt at this time a dictionary definition of the term because people would then want to know whether a particular holding company did or did not fall within the boundaries of the definition.

This was distinctly different from his position last week when he questioned the desirability of any holding companies, even those of the so-called "first degree."

A reporter then cited a statement by the Securities and Exchange Commission to the effect that there were many types and kinds of holding companies, and asked whether the presidential argument for abolition should be considered as applying to all of them. Somewhat ruffled, the President repeated his remarks about dictionary definitions and declared that holding companies were adequately defined in the utilities holding company act.

This act recognizes "first degree" holding companies in the utilities field as acceptable, however, and gives the Securities and Exchange Commission fairly wide discretionary powers for deciding whether or not any particular holding company falls within the regulatory power of the act.

As reporters left the conference, they asked each other how the President's two positions could be reconciled. The general impression was that at last week's conference he was "thinking out loud" and after reading his remarks in print he was attempting to let the country know that he had no definite program to carry out the implied threat of Friday's statements.

MAN HELD AS EMBEZZLER

Accused of Taking \$52,000 From San Francisco Bank.
NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—A man booked as Harold Joseph Fenton and described by Federal agents as a former exchange teller in a bank, was arrested yesterday on charges of embezzling \$52,000 from the American Trust Co., San Francisco.

The man was arrested in Brooklyn where he attempted to cash a \$50 traveler's check made out to "D. E. Kuhn." Agents said Albert Johnmeyer, a teller, told them he recognized the check as one listed on a circular sent out by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

John J. Bittel Dies in Chicago.
By The Associated Press.
CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—John J. Bittel, a director of the Chicago Board of Trade, died last night of a cerebral hemorrhage. He was stricken at Cairo, Ill., aboard a train en route to Bloomington, and died 11 hours after being brought back here. He was senior partner of the grain commission firm of J. J. Bittel & Co.

MEXICAN TARIFFS UP TO PROTECT THE PESO

Presidential Decree Advances Levy On Virtually All Imports Into Country.

By The Associated Press.
MEXICO, D. F., Jan. 19.—President Lázaro Cárdenas materially increased tariff schedules on virtually all imports into Mexico today in a drastic move to protect the peso in foreign exchange and at home.

The decree increased rates in all nine major categories by from 10 to more than 200 per cent, striking heaviest on luxury articles. It appeared in the official gazette for Dec. 31, which was released today. The increases become effective Friday.

Two tariff schedules were provided for the rest of the year, one to be effective until May 1 and the other until next Jan. 1. Until May 1 many rates will be double and triple those in effect last year, and in some cases, quadruple.

During the eight months following they will be revised downward somewhat.

Automobiles are representative of the list. The tariff on four-cylinder cars will be 300 pesos to May 1 and 250 thereafter. The tariff last year was 180 pesos. For cars up to six cylinders the rates are: 1937, 300 pesos; first part 1938, 700; second part 1938, 600. For eight-cylinder cars they are: 1937, 1000 pesos; first part 1938, 2500; second part 1938, 2000.

Finance Minister Eduardo Suarez said the increases were designed to reduce the volume and value of imports. The decree, he said, was part of a group of measures taken "to strengthen our money in the interior of the country as well as in foreign exchange."

This was taken as a reference to agreements Suarez has concluded with Washington for the United States to continue purchases of Mexican silver and to use the American stabilization fund to maintain the peso at the current exchange rate of 3.6 to the dollar.

DECISION UPHELD BARRING ALLEGHANY CORPORATION DEAL

Appeal Dismissed; Van Sweringen Companies Had Already Abolished Merger Proposal.
By The Associated Press.
ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 19.—An appeal from an interlocutory injunction holding illegal a plan to consolidate the Allegheny Corporation and the Chesapeake Corporation of the Van Sweringen railroad system was dismissed today by the Court of Appeals.

In an opinion by Judge T. Scott Outfit the court pointed out that the corporations had abandoned the proposed plan of consolidation and the case therefore had become "moot" and could not be further considered by the Appellate Court.

The injunction was granted by Chief Judge Samuel K. Dennis, in Baltimore Circuit Court No. 2. It was sought by the Aldebarn Corporation and the Broese Corporation, holders of 54,500 shares of cumulative 5% preferred stock, series A, of the Allegheny Corporation, and 6700 shares of the common stock of the Chesapeake Corporation.

Two Held in Sweden as Spies.
STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Jan. 19.—Police arrested a foreman and another worker in Sweden's Avesta steel works yesterday on a charge of spying for Russia. The two were said to have photographed and described the production of Avesta's specialty, hard steel, important in armaments manufacture.

JERSEY CENTRAL HID DEAL, TRUMAN SAYS

Senator Charges System Violated Law Technically in Not Reporting to I.C.C.

By The Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Senator Truman of Missouri asserted today the Central Railroad of New Jersey had technically violated the law in 1931 by concealing facts from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Truman, acting chairman of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, made the assertion with respect to the Jersey Central's efforts to obtain control of the Raritan River Railroad, a 12-mile line running between South Amboy and New Brunswick, N. J.

Charles E. Miller, general attorney for the Jersey Central, conceded that an application to the I. C. C. for permission to acquire a majority of the stock in the road was "not literally accurate" but he denied that the railroad intended to conceal any facts from the commission.

Miller and A. J. County, a vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad and a director of Pennrod Corporation, described rival efforts of Pennrod and Jersey, beginning in 1929, to obtain control of the Raritan, a line feeding the New York and Long Branch.

Testimony showed that Jersey Central purchased slightly less than half of the Raritan's outstanding stock by April, 1931, and held sufficient additional proxies to give it "voting control."

Committee investigators said that under the law the Jersey Central would have been required to obtain I. C. C. permission before buying enough additional stock to give it a majority ownership. Miller disputed the contention that I. C. C. approval was required to make the purchase but said the road believed it best to seek the approval.

Instead of obtaining the stock directly, Jersey Central entered into a contract with Fittus Corporation, an affiliate of the Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York, to buy it from a stockholder who had already agreed to sell, Miller testified.

Miller said the purpose of the arrangement was to keep the transaction "suspended" until I. C. C. approval was obtained.

In applying for I. C. C. approval, Jersey Central reported that it had "options" to buy the stock. Committee investigators said the contract with Fittus had the practical effect of a consummated "sale" and was more than a "mere option."

Therefore, they contended, the purchase for which approval was sought already had been made for all practical purposes.

Miller agreed that the Fittus contract was not an "option," but he insisted, "we had no intention of trying to utilize a dodge."

18 NAVAL PLANES
REACH HONOLULU;
2570-MILE FLIGHT
Continued From Page One.
The mainland, kept its searchlights turned on all night to mark the half-way station, which the planes passed about 25 miles to the south on a Great Circle course.

NUMBER OF DEAD IN QUEBEC SCHOOL FIRE RISES TO 19

Sixteen Bodies Recovered From Ruins of College at St. Hyacinthe — One of Injured Succumbs.

ST. HYACINTHE, Que., Jan. 19.—(Canadian Press).—Two skulls were found today in the ashes of the burned College of the Sacred Heart, increasing to 19 the total of known dead in the fire that destroyed the school for boys early yesterday. Twenty-eight teaching brothers and students were listed as "unreported." Twenty-one others were seriously burned or injured in leaping from windows.

Crews, searching the wreckage of the four-story college found two skulls, unrecognizable as were most of the 16 bodies previously removed to the morgue of this town, 35 miles east of Montreal. The nineteenth victim died in a hospital.

Only three of the dead had been identified, including Brother Jean Baptiste, 74 years old, who died after leaping from a fourth-story window. The others were Denis Richard, St. Hyacinthe student, and Hans Drexler, 9, also of St. Hyacinthe.

Of four missing brothers, one was from the United States, Brother Xavier, 24, born Vincent Latourneau, of Pawtucket, R. I. Another was Paul Armand, 25, a native of St. Hyacinthe, whose family lives at Woonsocket, R. I.

The fire is thought to have had at least a half hour start when it was discovered about 2 a. m. by a passer-by. The flames spread through the wooden interior of the building before all the 80 boarding students and 31 teaching brothers could be aroused.

Authorities have been unable to ascertain the origin of the fire. Jean Marcel Phenix, 12, a pupil, who leaped to safety when the roof collapsed, told today of the benediction of Brother Armand, born Edward Dauphinais, who was in charge of the dormitory of the younger boys.

"I was in the dormitory when I was awakened by the cry of 'Fire! Fire!'" the boy related. "The brother got up and told us to go to the fire escape and to be calm. We got out on the fire escape all right and walked down one flight to the roof of the wing at the back of the school building."

"We were very safe," the boy said. "Then there was a roar and the roof gave way. I jumped into a snowpile."

"I saw Brother Paul Armand behind me with seven or eight of the boys—he was pushing them forward, urging them to jump. One or two did, but the others and the brother himself went down into the fire."

Golden Wedding Celebrated.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.
TAYLORVILLE, Ill., Jan. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cheney, prominent residents of this city, observed their golden wedding anniversary yesterday in their home. Their children and grandchildren spent the day with them.

ROOSEVELT STATEMENT
ON CIVIL SERVICE WEEK
Mediators Ho Favor Extension of System "Upward, Outward and Downward."
By The Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—President Roosevelt issued a brief statement today in commemoration of National Civil Service week and the fifty-fifth anniversary of the Civil Service Law.

"I am glad to state once more my convictions with regard to the merit system for the Federal Government," the statement said. "I have recommended and I support legislation for the extension of classified civil service upward, outward and downward."

"I have recommended and I support the policy for extension of the Classification Act to insure equal pay for equal work in the field service."

"I have recommended and I support legislation to perfect the merit system in the central agency and in departments with ample safeguards to insure the proper use of discretionary powers needed by those who shall administer the system."

"I conceive the establishment of a sound national personnel program to be one of the most important constructive steps in the improvement of Government administration today."

PITTMAN CHARGES AMAZING LAXITY IN INTERIOR DEPT.

Tells Senate of Disclosures of 'Astounding Inefficiency, If Not Criminal Carelessness.'

By The Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Senator Pittman (Dem., Nev.), told the Senate today the Public Lands Committee had received "astounding" revelations in regard to the laxity and inefficiency, if not criminal carelessness, in the Interior Department.

The committee has been holding hearings on the nomination of E. K. Burlew to be First Assistant Secretary of the Interior. Testimony has shown that Reno Stitley, an Interior Department pay clerk, defrauded the Government of \$84,000 of CCC funds.

Pittman, a committee member, addressed the Senate before Southerners resumed their filibuster against the anti-lynching bill. He said that, while Secretary of the Interior Ickes was primarily responsible for the Interior Department, Burlew has been lax administrative assistant and also has served as budget officer and personnel officer.

Burlew, Pittman asserted, has "the extraordinary power" of signing any orders issued in the Interior Department and signs "most" of Ickes' letters, "if not all of them."

Committee Asks for Report.
The committee asked War Department officials today for a report on what steps have been taken to prevent recurrence of the situation that made possible the Stitley embezzlement.

Senator O'Mahoney (Dem., Wyo.), asked for the report after the Major-General Walter L. Reed, inspector general in the army, said yesterday the War Department disbursing officials had relied on vouchers which later proved to be forgeries.

Stitley, former voucher clerk in the Interior Department, pleaded guilty recently of forging the vouchers, presenting them to the War Department and obtaining pay checks made out to non-existent persons, over a period of nearly four years.

The War Department dispenses funds for emergency conservation work, which is carried on by several departments, including the Interior.

Major-General Reed and Maj. Philip Brown, army investigator, submitted to the Senate committee

REPORT OF THE BUREAU OF GEOGRAPHIC NAMES
The Associated Press is continuing serials on the report of the Bureau of Geographic Names, which is a part of the Department of the Interior. It is a report on the progress of the work of the bureau during the year 1937. The report is a valuable contribution to the knowledge of the names of places in the United States and is a must for all who are interested in the history and geography of the country. The report is available in the form of a book, which can be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C.

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BOYD'S BOYS' STORE Annual Mid-January CLEARANCE OF BOYS' CLOTHES

Regular Boyd quality boys' wearables regrouped and repriced downward. Great savings for alert buyers.

BOYS' SUITS (Sizes 33 to 40)
\$35 SUITS — \$27.75
\$30 SUITS — \$23.75

BOYS' OVERCOATS (Sizes 33 to 38)
\$35 OVERCOATS — \$26.75
\$30 OVERCOATS — \$22.75
\$25 OVERCOATS — \$18.75
\$20 OVERCOATS — \$15.75

JUNIOR OVERCOATS
REDUCED — 1/3
Sizes 5 to 15

BOYS' WOOL MACKINAWs
All-wool coats, double-breasted, with four pockets and full belt. Sizes 8 to 20.
\$12.95 MACKINAWs — \$7.75
\$11.95 MACKINAWs — \$6.75
\$ 8.95 MACKINAWs — \$4.95

BOYS' SWEATERS
\$3.95, \$4.95 Sweaters — \$2.69
\$2.95 Sweaters — \$1.99
\$1.95 Sweaters — \$1.49

BOYS' SHIRTS
Broken lots. Prep and junior sizes.
Boys' Store—Fourth Floor

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BOYD - RICHARDSON - OLIVE AT SIXTH

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S. TAXES FEES PAID IN O'MALLEY RATE COMPROMISE

Treasury Rejects Contention of Lawyers They Were State Officers and Payments Are Exempt.

POINTS TO DECISIONS
ON CONTRACT WORK
No Penalties to Be Assessed for Failure to List Large Sums in Income Returns.

By MARQUIS W. CHILDS,
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Lawyers participating in the famous O'Malley insurance compromise case in Missouri have been called upon to pay Federal income tax on the large legal fees that they received and the Bureau of Internal Revenue has already taken the first step to collect the tax. It was learned today.

More than \$2,000,000 went to lawyers who maintained that they were officers of the State of Missouri and that therefore their fees were not taxable by the Federal Government, it has been learned. Notices, presumably the customary Bureau of Internal Revenue 20-day notices, have already been paid to the lawyers by the State Insurance Department. Virtually the entire \$2,000,000 has been paid out, it is understood.

From sources within the Treasury it was made plain that no compromise will be assessed against the lawyers for failure to list their fees as taxable in their income tax returns. Upon receipt of the 30-day notice they will be privileged to appeal the ruling of the Bureau of Internal Revenue and to sue for the amount of the compromise, to the higher Federal courts.

Officials Expect No Contest.
Federal officials were confident, however, that the claim would not be contested. They pointed to the decision of the Board of Tax Appeals making a clear distinction between the salary received by bona fide State employees, which is exempt from Federal taxation, and sums paid on contract or per diem for specific services, which are taxable. The lawyers in the insurance case was sustained, it was pointed out, then any road contractor doing a job for the State could claim exemption on his compensation.

Surprise was expressed here at the attempt to obtain exemption of the legal fee paid out by the State. For the lawyers have taken a firm stand, insisting that, inasmuch as they were doing a service for the State, they were therefore State employees.

According to an Auditor's report made public at Jefferson City on March 21, 1937, a total of \$500,000 went to a group of attorneys headed by John T. Barker of Kansas City. Of this amount, \$150,000 went to Barker. In the same group the following sums were distributed: Glenn C. Wheatley, \$104,000; Floyd E. Jacobs, \$79,133; and a firm of Bowerstock, Fissell & Rhodes, \$91,667, all of Kansas City, and Ira H. Lohman of Jefferson City, \$75,000.

Trustee Paid \$2,000,991.
In order for distribution, prepared by attorneys for the fire insurance companies and for the State, the court was asked to set aside 30 per cent of the fund, or \$1,970,000, for legal expenses. The court was requested to turn this sum over to R. J. Folsom as a representative of the insurance company attorneys. W. T. Kemper, trustee of the fund under the Federal Court, paid over to Folsom last February \$2,000,991.

The law firm of Hicks & Folsom, Chicago, received \$96,000 for legal services in 1935 and 1936. Folsom himself got a fee of \$600,000 for legal services in 1935. Out of the same sum another firm of Kansas City lawyers, Morrison, Nugent, Taylor & Berger, got \$80,000. A Jefferson City firm, Ragland, Otto & Potter, was paid \$15,000. R. Emmet O'Malley, former State Insurance Commissioner, was granted \$160,440 for reimbursement to the State for his expenses during the course of the long litigation.

A total of \$9,900,000 in excess premiums had been impounded in Federal Court pending approval of settlement by the State Insurance Commissioner. During the long insurance controversy it was developed that the deal had been approved by T. J. Pendergast, Missouri's Democratic boss, who disclosed on the eve of sailing for Europe that he had given the settlement his blessing.

MILK HEARING IS ORDERED
Extension of Marketing Agreement to Suburban Areas Proposed.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Agricultural Adjustment Administration today ordered a hearing on proposed milk marketing agreements for the St. Louis marketing area. The hearing will be held at Jefferson City, Mo., on Jan. 27 in St. Louis.

Officials said an amendment had been proposed to the agreement to include the cities of Kirkwood and Valley Park, Mo., and the towns of Normandy, Clayton and Peterson, St. Louis County.

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More than \$2,000,000 went to lawyers who maintained that they were officers of the State of Missouri and that therefore their fees were not taxable by the Federal government. It has been learned that the compromise, which was made in 1935, provided that the attorneys, who have already been paid their fees by the State Insurance department, "virtually the entire amount," have been paid out, it is understood.

From sources within the Treasury it was made plain that no penalties will be assessed against the lawyers for failure to list their fees as taxable in their income tax returns. Upon receipt of the 30-day notice they will be privileged to appeal the ruling of the Bureau of Internal Revenue to the Board of Tax Appeals and from there, of course, to the higher Federal courts.

Officials Expect No Contest.

Federal officials were confident, however, that the claim would not be contested. They pointed to a long series of decisions by the Board of Tax Appeals making a clear distinction between the salaries received by bona fide State employees, which is exempt from Federal taxation, and sums paid on contract or per diem for specific services rendered. If the claim of the lawyers is paid out by the State, the legal fee paid out by the State, the lawyers have taken a firm stand, insisting that, inasmuch as they were doing a service for the State, they were therefore State employees.

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In the order for distribution, prepared by attorneys for the State Insurance companies and for the State, the court was asked to set aside 20 per cent of the fund, or \$1,000,000, for legal expenses. The court was requested to turn this sum over to R. J. Follis as a trustee for the fund under the compromise. The law firm of Follis & Follis, Chicago, received \$25,000 for services in 1933 and 1934. Follis himself got a fee of \$50,000 for legal services in 1935. Out of the sum another firm of Kansas City lawyers, Morrison, Nugent, Wyler & Berger, got \$80,000. A Jefferson City firm, Englund, Otto & Potter, was paid \$15,000. R. J. Follis, former State Insurance Commissioner, was granted \$100,000 for reimbursement to the State for its expenses during the course of the long litigation.

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Extension of Marketing Agreement to Southern Area Proposed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Agricultural Adjustment Administration today ordered a hearing on proposed milk marketing agreements for the St. Louis marketing area proposed Jan. 27 in St. Louis. Officials said an amendment had been proposed to the agreement to include the cities of Kirkwood and Valley Park, Mo., and the towns of Normandy, Clayton and Ferguson, St. Louis County.

Striker Charged With Assaulting Worker



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

CALVIN ROSS.

J. H. R. CROMWELL URGES REPEAL OF ALL INCOME TAXES Continued From Page One.

tional and scientific institutions. At the same time he suggested repeal of all State inheritance, gift and estate taxes.

In support of his position, he related what might happen to the Ford Motor Co. under the present estate tax system. Assuming that the value of the Ford properties was fixed at \$500,000,000 and the Federal and State taxes on it would be \$325,000,000, he said the beneficiaries of the Ford estate could obtain "America" for the taxes only from the investing public, or from cash reserves of the companies.

It is evident, he said, that at least \$200,000,000 of Ford Motor Co. securities would have to be sold to the investing public, which would mean \$200,000,000 less for investment in productive enterprise. The disposition of cash reserves to help pay uncollectible taxes, he added, would imperil the safety of the company and might jeopardize the employment of thousands of workers.

He contended that the practice of raising the bulk of Federal revenue from direct taxes on incomes of individuals and corporations had had the reverse effect from that anticipated and desired by its advocates.

"I believe that these taxes should be abolished and replaced by the manufacturers' sales tax, because this method of acquiring revenue would promote to the highest degree the welfare of the greatest number of citizens and, would assure the continuance of capitalism, democracy and individual freedom," he said.

50-Billion Deficiency in Capital.

George H. Houston of Philadelphia, president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, told the committee that "American business has today a deficiency in aggregate capital for doing business, as compared with what it had in 1929, of about \$50,000,000,000."

Representative Treadway (Rep.), Massachusetts asked if he meant that \$50,000,000,000 had been taken from the surpluses of business since 1929.

"From surpluses and capital of incorporated and unincorporated businesses together," Houston said. "Never in the history of America has the country been faced with such a deficiency of resources in the facilities of production and exchange as it is today. Never has business been as poorly financed, in relation to the need for goods and services, as it is now."

Houston asserted that any levy that takes away the discretion of business men or "forces the disposition of corporate savings" is "looking straight to the destruction of private enterprise."

R. H. Kress of New York testified that the Kress & Co. 1-cent store chain had seen sales grow 484 per cent in 22 years, while taxes rose 2394 per cent. He said the company was worth \$72,000,000 and paid \$3,330,000 in taxes last year.

Senate View on Taxes.

Senate Finance Committee members said today they thought the Senate would vote a more drastic revision of taxes than is being considered by the House Ways and Means Committee.

There is widespread sentiment, they said, for complete repeal of the undistributed profits tax and thorough adjustment of the capital gains tax.

Chairman Harrison (Dem.), Mississippi, said the Senate Committee would get to work as soon as the House Committee reports the tax revision bill, without waiting for House action.

The House Committee hopes to complete public hearings this week. Where there was dissent, it was in the direction of further revision. Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri said

that, although the House bill looked "pretty good," he would ask for complete repeal of the undistributed profits tax.

"I think a new tax law should be written penalizing only those corporations which have failed to distribute profits to avoid taxes," Clark said.

The House Committee's bill would abandon the undistributed profits tax theory for small corporations earning less than \$25,000 a year.

**CHILD OVERCOME BY SMOKE
IN AUTO TRAILER DIES**

Roger Dunlap, 3, Victim of Asphyxiation; Fire Set by Electric Iron.

Roger Dunlap, 3 years old, died last night at City Hospital of smoke asphyxiation suffered Monday morning when an automobile trailer in which his family lived in the rear of 1407 South Vandeventer avenue, took fire from an electric iron.

The boy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dunlap, had been left alone. When the mother returned from a store about 9 o'clock she saw smoke and called Mrs. Dorothy Chambers, in whose yard the trailer was parked. Mrs. Chambers reached through a window and pulled out the unconscious boy. He was revived with an inhalator by firemen, who put out a small blaze in the trailer.

Firemen said the electric iron was connected and had ignited papers on a shelf. The iron had been used by the Dunlaps' 12-year-old daughter, Roberts, before she went to school, but Mrs. Dunlap said she thought it was disconnected when she left for the store. Dunlap, unemployed, was out looking for work.

**CUPPLES CO. PLANT REOPENS
UNDER AGREEMENT WITH UNION**

Match Factory Closed by Strike Since Aug. 17; NLRB Decision Awaited.

The Cupples Co. match plant at 101 Cornelia street, closed since last Aug. 17 by a strike of the Match Makers' Federal Labor Union, an A. F. of L. affiliate, reopened today under a temporary agreement by the management and union reached through the Regional Labor Board.

FORD STRIKER'S NOTEBOOK LED TO INDICTMENT

Calvin Ross' List Included Nine Plant Employees Who Were Threatened or Attacked

The grand jury, which voted an assault indictment against Calvin Ross, CIO union man and Ford striker yesterday, had before it a police report stating that a notebook found in Ross' possession when arrested contained the names of nine employees of the Ford assembly plant who have been threatened, assaulted or suffered property damage since the CIO United Automobile Workers of America declared a strike at the plant Nov. 24.

Ross, 29 years old, residing at 4708 Newberry terrace, was identified by Charles Ficko, an employee of the Ford plant, as one of three men who threw a fluid, believed to be paint remover, on him when he caught them defacing his automobile on the night of Jan. 8. The grand jury voted an indictment charging Ross with assault to do great bodily harm after Ficko, his face seared and his neck swathed in a bandage, appeared before it yesterday. The maximum penalty under the charge is five years in the penitentiary.

Ficko's name appeared in the notebook, Detective Lieutenant Emmet Morrison and Detective Sergeant Roy White stated in the report presented to the grand jury, adding that he had been the object of a previous attack on Dec. 17, when a brick was thrown through a window of his automobile while he was on his way to work.

Other employees of the assembly plant who were named in the memorandum, book found in Ross' automobile, were listed by police as having suffered the following indignities:

Seven men called at the home of Thomas Bedford, 16 South Sprague avenue, on Nov. 24 and threatened to beat him. Adrian Keena, 2005 Oregon avenue, was beaten severely by two men Nov. 25.

A rock was thrown through the front door glass at the home of Elmer Wetabro, 4046 Blaine avenue, Nov. 30.

A window at the residence of George Stiffler, 3732 North Twenty-first street, was smashed by a brick Dec. 2.

Two bricks were thrown through a window at the home of Earl Schmidt, 4559 Swan avenue, early on Dec. 3, one missile striking Mrs. Schmidt, who was in bed.

Chemicals were mixed with the gasoline in the automobile of Henry Good, 4403 Washington boulevard, Dec. 18.

Emery dust was placed in the crankcase of the automobile of Ernest Cotner, 4055A Chouteau avenue, Dec. 19.

A bottle of fluid was thrown through a window at the home of James Cornelius, 7016 Beulah place, St. Louis County, Dec. 23.

50 Names in Book.

The notebook contained a total of 50 names of Ford workers, present, some of them union men. Ross, who denied participation in the Ficko attack or any of the other violence, told detectives he carried the memorandum in his organization work as shop steward at the assembly plant.

Police are checking the names of other non-union men listed in the book to learn if there were any unreported attacks. The memorandum also listed about nine automobile license plates, which police say is a common practice of strikers on the picket line.

John L. Sullivan, union attorney, announced he would seek an early trial of the charge against Ross. The attorney, who is making his own investigation of the attack on Ficko, said the searing of two other Ford employees with acid, stated in a recent letter to President Albert Bond Lambert of the Police Board that, "if these crimes are encouraged or countenanced by the management, the union I would not continue to represent them for the reason that I do not believe that such conduct should be condoned."

William M. Brandt, veteran A. F. of L. organizer and secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Union, is a member of the grand jury, which will continue its investigation of strike violence.

**C. I. O. SHOE WORKERS VOTE
ON NATIONAL CONSTITUTION**

Returns to Be Tabulated at Boston Headquarters; Result to Be Announced Later.

The seven locals composing the St. Louis Joint Council of the United Shoe Workers of America, a C. I. O. union, voted yesterday on the new national constitution, which was drawn at the organization's convention here last November.

Harry Fallmeier, secretary of the council, said there was little discussion among members as to whether they favored adoption of the new constitution. Others stated many of the 3200 members here opposed it, although it is expected that it will be adopted nationally.

Each local conducted its own election, keeping polls open from 3 until 9 p. m. and forwarding the returns to national headquarters in Boston to be tabulated with results of similar balloting throughout the country. Fallmeier said there would be no announcement at this time on the St. Louis vote.

DIVORCES GRANTED IN ALLEGED SALEM WIFE-SWAPPING CASE

Judge Says He Is Turning Evidence Over to Prosecuting Attorney.

By the Associated Press.

SALEM, Mass., Jan. 19.—Divorces on grounds of adultery were granted yesterday to the two pairs in Essex County's "wife-swapping" case. Judge Edward B. O'Brien granted decrees nisi to Calvin M. Watson, Topsfield tree surgeon, and Mrs. Raymond S. Lee, wife of a Salem chauffeur, after a post-trial conference with both.

Calling the testimony of the two defendants "unbelievable," Judge O'Brien said: "This testimony about wife-swapping has been dinned in my ears for days."

"The picture of this case has been more or less clear in my mind for some time. Nevertheless, I have been perusing the facts on a transcript of the evidence for the purpose of being absolutely certain there was no tangible evidence of it with respect of any infraction of their marital vows on the part of Mrs. Lee and Watson."

Mrs. Lee and Watson received custody of the one child in each family, 3-year-old Peter Watson and Raymond Lee Jr., 6, and Mrs. Lee was allowed \$2 a week alimony.

By decree nisi, the divorces will become final after six months. Mrs. Lee and Watson will be free then to marry, but the two defendants must wait two more years before marrying.

Judge O'Brien announced yesterday he would turn evidence in the trial over to District Attorney Hugh A. Gregg for possible grand jury investigation. Lee has testified that the two pairs frequently, during a period of about nine months, exchanged partners for the night.

**EX-CONVICT SWINDLED 40
HE ADMITS WHEN ARRESTED**

Recognized by Lineup, Tells Police He Got Money from Women by Policy Game Trick.

Joseph Nathan, Negro ex-convict, arrested today, admitted, police said, that he had obtained from \$2 to \$75 in the last four months from more than 40 housewives, all white women, by representing to them that their husbands had won several hundred dollars in a policy game.

His photograph had been identified by four of 25 women who reported a Negro had defrauded them by saying he would deliver "policy winnings" on payment of a small fee. Police said he was an old hand at the trick. In 1928 he was sentenced to one of 10 years in the Southern Illinois Penitentiary for obtaining money by false pretenses and in 1936 to a year in the workhouse for a like offense. He said he lived in the 1800 block of Wash street. He was arrested when detectives noticed he limped. The complainants had said the Negro who defrauded them limped.

ARGUES OIL PROGRAM SAVED INDEPENDENTS

Defense in Closing Pleas Says There Was No "Monopolistic Menace."

By the Associated Press.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 19.—The defense in the Government's gasoline price-fixing case presented to the jury today its contention that activities of 16 defendant oil companies in 1935 and 1936 preserved competition and carried no monopolistic menace.

Defense Counsel H. H. Thomas of Madison asserted a gasoline-buying program in the Mid-Continent field was legal irrespective of the N. R. A. code and added in his final argument to the jury:

"The defense contends that what these defendants did . . . did not constitute a violation of the Sherman (anti-trust) law, although the correction of the practice of dumping distress gasoline may tend to stabilize business or produce fairer price levels, and that the Sherman law did not require the defendants to abstain from this effort to correct abuses."

"This is so because the action of the defendants carried with it no monopolistic menace and cannot be condemned as an undue restraint of trade."

Buying of surplus gasoline, the defense contended, saved the defendant refiners whose gasoline competed with that of the major companies.

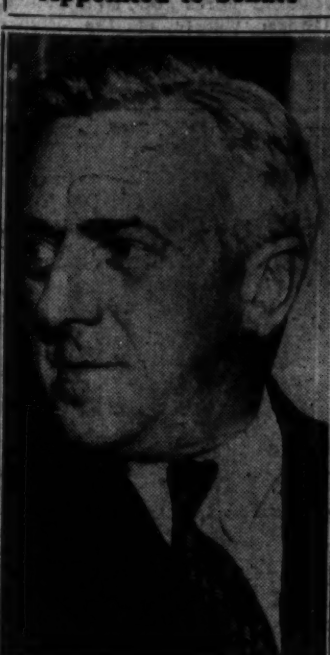
The complainants as well as the form of the indictment were denounced yesterday by Defense Counsel Theodore Brazeau of Wisconsin Rapids.

Brazeau recalled the testimony last October of Carl Berth, Chicago broker, that he was unable to buy gasoline from certain independent refiners in 1935 and 1936 because they were selling their output to major companies, and that subsequently the National Oil Marketers' Association complained to the Department of Justice and this case resulted.

The marketers who complained about a major company gasoline-buying program, Brazeau asserted, were "hot rollers"—dealers in bootleg gasoline.

"They were men who wanted to keep those refiners in that (distressed) condition and wanted to suck the blood out of those refiners," he said. "That explains the soreness against the major

Appointed to Senate



—Associated Press Wirephoto.

JOHN MILTON.

NEW JERSEY'S NEW SENATOR CHIEF ADVISER TO HAGUE

John Milton in Public Life 30 Years, Always by Appointment, Never by Election.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 19.—John Milton, chief adviser to Mayor Frank Hague's Democratic organization for 30 years, was clearing up his manifold affairs today preparatory to entering the United States Senate.

He was appointed yesterday by Gov. A. Harry Moore, who quit the Senate to start a third term as Governor. Milton was named to serve until next November's election.

Milton is a commissioner of the port of New York authority, the New York-New Jersey body which builds and operates interstate tunnels and bridges and port commerce facilities. He is one of New Jersey's leading attorneys and has been in public life most of the time since he was appointed Assistant City Attorney in 1907, always through appointment.

companies . . . who were saving the little fellows from those people."

In attacking the form of the indictment against the oil companies, Brazeau stressed the use of the word "fixing" in discussing prices. "There is not one syllable of testimony in this case about fixing," Brazeau said.

Carson filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission exceptions to the report proposed by Examiner Milo H. Brinkley. He said "substantial control" of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad would be continued in the Chesapeake & Ohio "through \$10,000,000 of preferred stock which has no real value."

Carson said the proposed capitalization is at least \$10,000,000 in excess of the \$5,000,000 true value of the road as found by the I. C. C. Board of Valuation.

HOLDING UP OF HELIUM SALES APPROVED BY ROOSEVELT

Delay Until Government Acquires New Supplies Announced by Secretary Ickes.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Secretary of the Interior Ickes said today President Roosevelt had approved Interior Department regulations prohibiting the sale of helium until after the Government had acquired new supplies of the non-inflammable gas used for inflation of lighter-than-air craft.

Germany has been a bidder for helium, produced only in this country, since the explosion of the dirigible Hindenburg at Lakehurst, N. J., last May, when 36 lives were lost. It is desired for use in a new dirigible being completed in Germany.

A German steamer, officials said, was tied up in an American port waiting to carry back tanks of helium gas under terms laid down by Secretary of State Hull, which permits commercial use of helium abroad but prohibits exportation for foreign military purposes.

In announcing the President's approval of the regulation, Ickes said orders for helium could not be accepted until an agreement had been executed providing for the sale to the Government of privately owned helium properties near Dexter, Kan., and Thatcher, Colo.

The sale of helium, he said, was not mandatory under the regulations, which state specifically that requisitions to meet needs of the army, navy and other branches of the Federal service always shall be paramount to applications for and sales of helium for non-governmental use.

**PROPOSED REORGANIZATION
PLAN FOR C. & E. I. CRITICISED**

Coal Commission Counsel Says It Would Permit \$10,000,000 Over-Capitalization.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—John Carson, consumers' counsel of the National Bituminous Coal Commission, criticized proposed reorganization plans for the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad today, saying it would permit \$10,000,000 over-capitalization.

Carson filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission exceptions to the report proposed by Examiner Milo H. Brinkley. He said "substantial control" of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois would be continued in the Chesapeake & Ohio "through \$10,000,000 of preferred stock which has no real value."

Carson said the proposed capitalization is at least \$10,000,000 in excess of the \$5,000,000 true value of the road as found by the I. C. C. Board of Valuation.

WOLFF'S

semi-annual CLEARANCE SALE

of HART SCHAFFNER & MARX and "MANSFIELD" SUITS, TOPCOATS and OVERCOATS

(Broken Sizes)

IN THREE PRICE GROUPS

Values to \$39.75

\$26⁷⁵

Values to \$45

\$33⁵⁰

Values to \$60

\$41⁵⁰

Take Ten Weeks to Pay . . . If You Wish

WOLFF'S

7th and Olive

January Sale of FURS

SAVINGS UP TO 50%

Select your fur coat
Now! January Sale
prices save you many
many dollars! Sharp reductions on every coat... including those featuring the famous Heart o' the Pel! An early visit will afford best choice!

Buy out of income
if you wish....

Look at these typical Values

JAP WEASEL...	was \$ 400	Now \$212 ⁰⁰
HUDSON SEAL (Dead)	was \$ 425	Now \$222 ⁰⁰
SHEARED BEAVER	was \$ 485	Now \$296
BLACK PERSIAN..	was \$ 645	Now \$468
LET OUT JAP MINK	was \$ 935	Now \$525
SILVER FOX GOAT	was \$1750	Now \$895
NATURAL MINK...	was \$1475	Now \$985

* There is no substitute for QUALITY
There is no substitute for HEART O' THE PELT!

ALEX F. KESSLER
1008 LOCUST STREET

HOME OF Heart o' the Pel FURS

BOYS' STORE

Mid-January CLEARANCE BOYS' CLOTHES

boys' wearables regrouped and
Great savings for alert buyers.

S (Sizes 33 to 40)	
ITS	\$27.75
ITS	\$23.75
RCOATS (Sizes 33 to 38)	
ERCOATS	\$26.75
ERCOATS	\$22.75
ERCOATS	\$18.75
ERCOATS	\$15.75
ER OVERCOATS	
UCED	1/2
Sizes 5 to 15	
OL MACKINAW	
double-breasted, with four pockets	
Sizes 8 to 20	
MACKINAW	\$7.75
MACKINAW	\$6.75
MACKINAW	\$4.95
EATERS	
4.95 Sweaters	\$2.69
weaters	\$1.99
weaters	\$1.49
ITS	79c
en lots. Prep and junior sizes.	
Store—Fourth Floor	

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Agricultural Adjustment Administration today ordered a hearing on proposed milk marketing agreements for the St. Louis marketing area proposed Jan. 27 in St. Louis. Officials said an amendment had been proposed to the agreement to include the cities of Kirkwood and Valley Park, Mo., and the towns of Normandy, Clayton and Ferguson, St. Louis County.

Editor-in-Chief of Sunpapers.
By the Associated Press.
BALTIMORE, Jan. 19. — Paul
Patterson, publisher, announced
yesterday appointment of John W.
Owens as editor-in-chief of the Sun

and the Evening Sun, "with full re-
sponsibility for the direction of the
editorial pages of both papers."
Owens, winner of the Pulitzer
prize last year for outstanding edi-
torial writing, formerly was editor
of the Sun.



Gorgeous Fur Trims!

Almost impossible to own them at any
other time FOR SUCH A LOW PRICE!

Thrills in This Sale of Winter Cloth Coats



\$69.95 Values
\$59.95 Values
\$49.95 Values
\$39.95 Values

\$32

Imagine! Such Handsome Fur Trims
On a Coat You Can Buy at \$32:

PERSIAN LAMB BLACK FOX
SKUNK MARTEN BLUE FOX
RUSSIAN KOLINSKY GOLDEN BEAVER

Included Are THOSE GRAND CASUAL COATS
TRIMMED WITH RACCOON OR BADGER

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| 7 Black with Persian Lamb, 12 to 20 | \$59.95 Values |
| 2 Green Fleece Casuals with Beaver, 12, 16 | \$69.95 Values |
| 3 Velour du Nord with Red Fox, 14 to 18 | \$69.95 Values |
| 4 Brown with Kolinsky, 12 to 16 | \$59.95 Values |
| 8 Black with Blue Fox, 14 to 40 | \$59.95 Values |
| 3 Black with Black Fox, 14, 18, 20 | \$59.95 Values |
| 1 Brown with Brown Persian, 14 | \$69.95 Values |
| 5 Black, Green with Silver Blend Fox | \$49.95 Values |
| 3 Black with Skunk Marten, 14, 18 | \$59.95 Values |
| 5 Black with Persian Lamb, 38 to 44 | \$49.95 Values |
| 9 Black with Skunk Marten, 38 to 44 | \$49.95 Values |
| 4 Black with Russian Kolinsky, 14 to 20 | \$59.95 Values |
| 6 Grey Fleece with Canadian Wolf, 12 to 20 | \$49.95 Values |
| 10 Black, Green with Platinum Wolf, 12 to 20 | \$39.95 Values |
| 6 Nude Fleece with Raccoon, 12 to 20 | \$49.95 Values |
| 3 Tweed with Polar Wolf, 12, 18, 20 | \$59.95 Values |
| 3 Grey with Silver Blend Fox, 14, 18 | \$49.95 Values |
| 5 Black with Russian Fitch, 14 to 18 | \$39.95 Values |
| 6 Black with Kit Fox, 38 to 44 | \$39.95 Values |

And Many Others... In Sizes From 12 to 44.
(Coat Salon... Third Floor)

FINAL CLEARANCE WINTER DRESSES

- 65 Were \$16.95
- 49 Were \$14.95
- 58 Were \$12.95
- 45 Were \$10.95

\$5

Taken from late Winter stocks... Black and
colors in daytime and afternoon Rayon Crepes,
Wools, a few Rayon Velvets. Sizes 12 to 44.

SPECIAL! Included Are \$14.95 and \$16.95
Dresses in Extra Large Sizes Up to 54
(Dress Shop—Fourth Floor.)

CIO ORGANIZER TRACES START OF FORD PLANT UNION

Norman Smith Says Efforts
to Stamp It Out Began at
Same Time in St. Louis
and Kansas City.

Norman Smith, international or-
ganizer of the CIO Automobile
Workers of America, who testified
yesterday that efforts to stamp out
union organization began simultane-
ously in the Ford Motor Co.'s
St. Louis and Kansas City auto-
mobile plants, was recalled to the wit-
ness stand at a National Labor Re-
lations Board hearing today.

Although 230 witnesses have been
called in the prolonged inquiry into
Ford Co. labor practices, Smith was
the first to present a chronolog-
ical account of events leading to
formation of a union at the St.
Louis plant and the calling of a
strike almost eight months later.

The hearing, which began Dec. 16,
is being conducted in the Civil
Courts Building.

Smith, a former Oak Park commu-
nity school teacher, admitted that
Henry Ford, as a leader in estab-
lishing higher wages in the auto-
mobile industry, has a loyal organ-
ization and one difficult for union
organizers to deal with. He de-
clared that Ford's "system of
crushing any form of organization
in his plants" was a great obstacle
to unionization.

Assaulted by Gangs.

Over the repeated objections of
Ford counsel, the witness was al-
lowed to tell of the union's ill
fates in Kansas City and Memphis.
In the latter city, Smith declared,
he was assaulted twice by gangs of
thugs while he was attempting to
form locals in the Memphis Ford
and other automobile plants. Re-
plying to objections, Gerhard Van
Arkel, N. L. R. B. attorney, explained
that Smith's testimony was needed
to reveal an "integrated plan."

Efforts to unionize the Kansas
City and St. Louis Ford plants be-
gan at about the same time last
spring, Smith said. The locals had
about the same degree of moderate
success in dealing with the man-
agement, and the plants closed
down for the change in models
about Sept. 15, he testified.

Smith said he received letters
from the St. Louis and Kansas City
locals on the same day, in late Sep-
tember, relating that the Ford man-
agement apparently was preparing
to ignore the union. In both cities,
he said, foremen and subforemen
had begun a campaign of visiting
workers' homes to obtain signatures
to loyalty pledges. An office was
opened in Kansas City for the In-
dependent Ford Workers, which,
Smith declared, was a "company
union."

Compares Annual Wage.

In testifying that Ford was the
only manufacturer of a completed
automobile not having an agree-
ment with the CIO union, Smith
said he believed the average annual
wage paid by Ford was somewhat
lower than that paid to General
Motors employees. Because of a
summer inventory period, he said,
the Ford work year is about four
weeks shorter than that of General
Motors.

Smith said he had analyzed the
wages of three or four Ford work-
ers, finding their income to be
about \$1000 a year. He asserted
that the Ford and General Motors
base wage was the same, 75 cents
an hour. "On the whole," he added,
"General Motors wages in St. Louis
are higher than Ford's."

When cross-examined as to Ford's
"system of crushing organization,"
Smith said that in each plant there
are certain individuals, not confined
to specific operations, whose duty
is apparently to keep the personnel
department informed. These men,
he declared, appear to be "able to
know what the workers are think-
ing." Earlier he had testified that
Memphis men had been beaten,
"supposedly by service workers in
the Ford plant."

Belonging to Organize.

After the strike at the General
Motors plants had been settled last
February, Smith related, the union
received many requests from Ford
workers to establish an organiza-
tion in the St. Louis Ford assembly
plant. "Up to April 1," he said,
"we were reluctant to set up an
organization in this plant."

When asked to explain this re-
luctance, Smith replied: "Some 500 to
1000 of us lost our jobs in trying
to organize General Motors, and
we feared a repetition. We feared
that these men (Ford employees)
would be discharged as soon as
they showed an inclination to or-
ganize."

The witness implied that St. Louis
Ford workers were impatient. He
said that organization began about
April 1. He told of his part in the
"Jesse Olive incident" in which a
member of the organizing com-
mittee was fired April 6. Smith said
he "passed word" into the plant
that some satisfactory disposition
was necessary or "we would tie up
the plant."

After that, Smith said, organiza-
tional efforts advanced rapidly.
About 75 to 80 per cent of the
plant's production employees joined
before summer, he said, and no ma-
jor differences between the union
and the management arose prior
to the September shutdown. The
union committee held frequent
meetings with company executives.
When the plant shut down, the wit-
ness continued, committee mem-
bers were informed that they no
longer would be regarded as a union
committee and that conferences
would be conducted only on an in-
dividual basis.

The strike was called because

none of the local's officers and the
most active members were re-
called after the plant reopened in
November, and because the man-
agement had refused to meet with
the committee, Smith declared. He
said he had made two unsuccessful
efforts to reach company execu-
tives, and that he was with union
officials on two occasions when they
had attempted to telephone plant
officials. All efforts to arrange
conferences with the plant man-
ager, Milton N. Johnson, and other
officials, failed the witness said.

Smith said he had urged the
strikers to avoid violence, and to
give the company "no excuse for
an injunction." He added: "I
asked them to conduct themselves
as gentlemen and to show no re-
sentment because of their perse-
cution."

Asked for Big Picket Line.

Smith said he was in Memphis
until the situation here became
acute. He was able to form only
"a very small local" there. He re-
turned here in November and spoke
at a meeting of shop stewards from
various CIO unions. He asked the
other unions to co-operate in the
Ford strike by "putting such a big
picket line around the plant that no
one could enter." The plant, how-
ever, continued operations on Nov.
24, and is now producing about 90
cars a day, despite continuation of
union picketing.

Replying to cross-examination
about violence, Smith declared out-
breaks were to be expected, "par-
ticularly among automobile work-
ers, who have previously had no op-
portunity of expression and have
stored up a vast reservoir of re-
sentment." Specifically the witness
said he would assault anyone cross-
ing a picket line to take his job.

The Ford company, the witness
asserted, had excited disturbances
by furnishing employees with black-
jacks, a fact known to the strikers.
He declared that while the union
would expel a member guilty of
pouring acid on a human being, it
would take no action against a man
convicted of common assault. Smith
added that in his opinion there had
been less violence in the present

strike than in any previous labor
dispute of like proportions in St.
Louis.

Liberty Legion Man Testifies.

Smith was followed on the wit-
ness stand by Thurlow H. Gray of
Dearborn, Mich., national secre-
tary-treasurer of the Liberty Legion
of America. Gray had testified
earlier in the hearing and was re-
called today by the Labor Board.

The union did not reply today to
the company's offer to settle the
dispute by replacing eight new em-
ployees and by holding a consent
election between the CIO unit
and the Liberty Legion of America.
Delmond Garst, regional director for

the union, announced in Detroit,
where he is attending executive
board meetings, that the union
would consider an election if held
on the basis of September employ-
ment.

Used Washing Machine Parts
WRINGER ROLLS, 49c
BRING YOUR OLD ROLL WITH YOU
WE REPAIR ALL MAKES
OF WASHING MACHINES
Vacuum Cleaners \$3.95
Overhauled All makes—3
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WALK ON AIR
Keep Feet
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THE AIR-TRED Shoe

21 SMART NEW STYLES

HERE ONLY **\$5.00**

BROWN KID
WHITE KID
BLACK KID

Including—
Sizes 3 to 10—Widths AAA to E

Also GABARDINE Styles
Sizes 4 to 10—AA to C

SCIENTIFIC FITTING
By Comfort-Fitting Experts

Did They Forget Your Schick Shaver?

Get it
Yourself!

Charge it on
your electric
bill!



SCHICK SHAVER is one of the advantages of "your
day!" Enjoy it! You can shave in a jiffy without water,
lather, brush or blade. No scraping or cutting, no mat-
ter how tender your skin or how tough your beard...
and no matter how often you shave. Pleasant, easy and
clean!

Only \$1.39 a month on your electric bill
Including the small carrying charge and sales tax. Cash price \$18

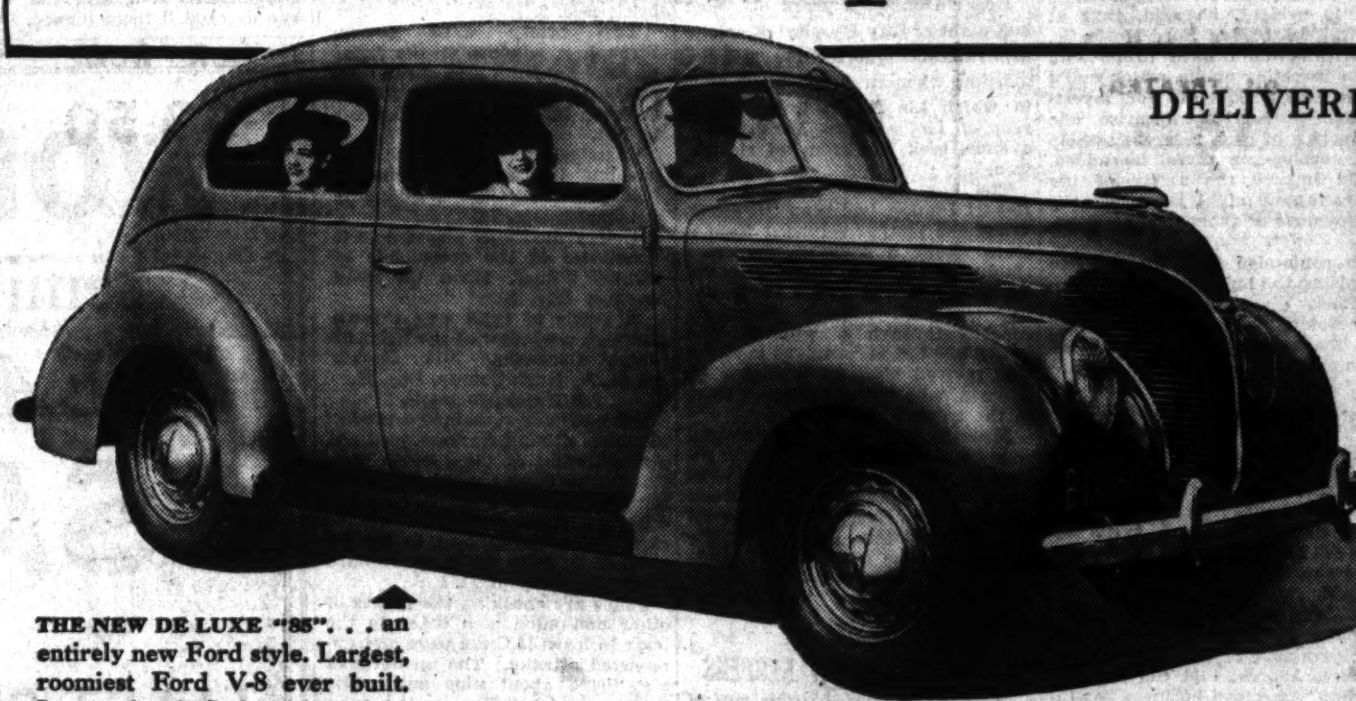
UNION ELECTRIC CO.

12th and Locust... MAIN 3222
Hours: 8 to 5, including Saturday

Grand at Arsenal... 2719 Cherokee... 8300 Delmar... 7279 Manchester... 205 Marquette Station B...
140 LeMay Ferry Rd. 7 Collinsville Ave. East St. Louis 422 N. Broadway, Alton

Dealers Can Also Show You Modern Schick Electric Shavers

A Broader V-8 Choice in the low-price field!



DELIVERED IN DETROIT

NEW DE LUXE "85"
TUDOR SEDAN

\$729.00

EQUIPMENT INCLUDED

The Detroit delivered price of the model
illustrated (Federal and State taxes not
included) with all the following equip-
ment:

- 2 bumpers • 4 bumper guards •
- 2 tail lights • 2 windshield wipers •
- 2 sun visors • 2 matched electric air
horns • 1 cigar lighter • 3 ash trays •
- Spare wheel, tire, tube, and lock •
- Glove compartment with clock and lock •
- Foot control of headlight beams •
- De Luxe steering wheel • Chrome
wheel binds • Heat indicator • Built-
in luggage compartment, with lock.

NEW STANDARD
"85" TUDOR SEDAN

\$669.00

EQUIPMENT INCLUDED

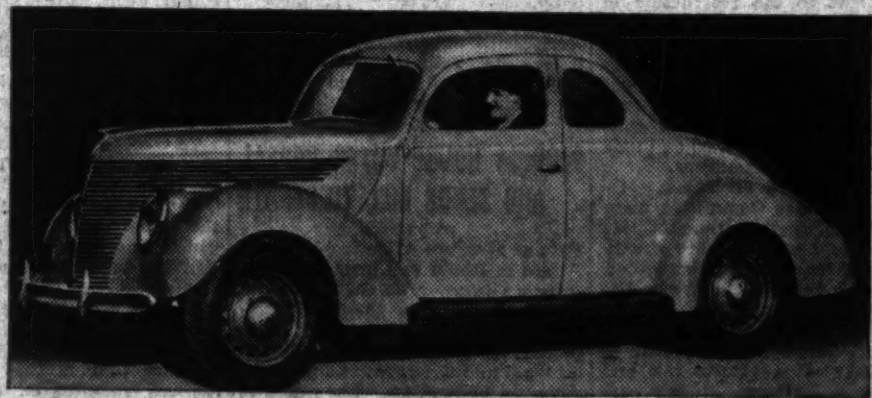
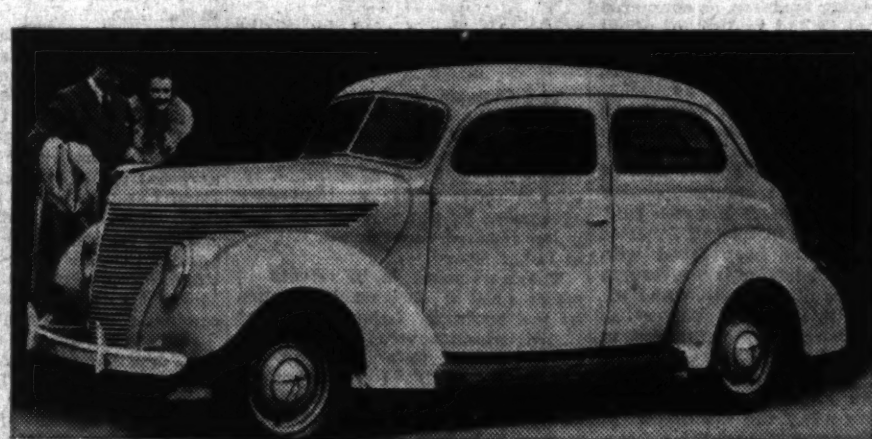
Detroit delivered price of the model
illustrated (Federal and State taxes not
included) with all the following equip-
ment:

- 2 bumpers, with 4 bumper guards •
- Spare wheel, tire, tube, and lock •
- 2 matched vibrator type horns • Cigar
lighter and ash tray • Heat indicator •
- Speedometer with trip odometer •
- Foot control of headlight beams, with
indicator on instrument panel • Built-
in luggage compartment, with lock.

THE NEW THRIFTY
"60" COUPE

\$599.00

EQUIPMENT INCLUDED



THE NEW DE LUXE "85"... an
entirely new Ford style. Largest,
roomiest Ford V-8 ever built.
Longer hood. Sedan bodies are
bigger. Larger luggage space with
outside opening at rear of all
models. Interiors more finely ap-
pointed. 8 body types—Coupe,
Tudor and Fordor Sedans, Club
Coupe, Phaeton, Convertible
Coupe, Convertible Club Coupe,
Convertible Sedan. Choice of 6
colors for any model.

THE NEW STANDARD "85"...
Longer hood, greater overall
length, fresh lines. All sedans
have large luggage compartments
with outside opening. Silent heli-
cal gears in all speeds. New out-
of-the-way front seat backs in
Tudor types increase access.

THE NEW THRIFTY "60"...
Same size and body types as the
Standard "85," with same equip-
ment. The car that owners say
gives 22 to 27 miles per gallon of
gas. New last year, the "60" proved
its worth to over 300,000 owners.
In Coupe, Tudor Sedan, Fordor
Sedan. Choice of 3 colors.

THE QUALITY CAR
IN THE
LOW-PRICE FIELD

FORD V-8

IMPROVED
AND RE-STYLED
FOR 1938

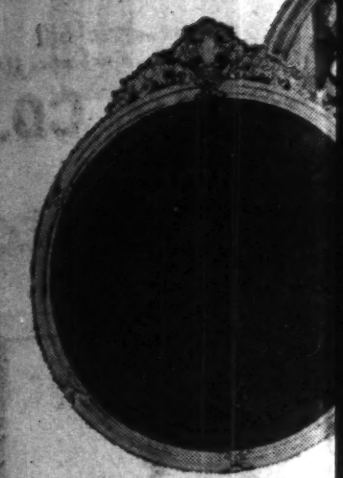
WHEEL OF ROBBERY CHARGE
Frank Stronhal Released When
Witness Can't Identify Him.
Frank Stronhal, 1906 South
Broadway, was acquitted of a
charge of armed robbery yesterday
after a jury verdict ordered by Circuit
Judge Michael J. Scott after the

**\$17.98 ALL BRASS
LIGHT FIXTURES**

NOW! **\$7.98**

5-light candle or drop. All-
brass with Colonial brass,
pewter or English brass fin-
ish. Lovely for living room
or dining room.

\$54.98 5-light candle imported
\$19.98 5-light drop brass, crys-
tal
\$17.98 3-light candle or cello
\$12.50 5-light indirect, chrom-
um
\$ 5.98 2-lt. drop, silver and
\$ 1.79 1-lt. indirect ceiling, ch-
rome



\$7.50

24-inch Circle Mirrors in
various sizes and shapes. Frame
in French ivory. You'll be
saving!

**\$7.50 24-INCH FLOWER
WITH IVORY OR GILT**

\$4.98



**\$1.35 RAPID
DRYENAMEL**

NOW ONLY **99c**
Qt.

Covers in one
coat... dries
within a few
hours... Col-
ors or white.
For furniture
and woodwork.

**\$3.10 Washable Interior
Gloss, A**

\$2.49

**\$2.10 Flat Wall Paint,
washable.**

\$1.69
(Fifth Floor.)

**LOOK! \$
ENGLISH**



Think of it! 1/2 gallon
price. Highly recom-
mended for wood, and composition
or polishing. Dries quick.
(Fifth Floor)

ey Forget
ick Shaver?



ne of the advantages of "your
an shave in a jiffy without water.
No scraping or cutting, no mat-
on or how tough your beard
n you shave. Pleasant, easy and

nth on your electric bill
charge and sales tax. Cash price \$18

ELECTRIC CO.
East . . . Main 3222
5, Including Saturday

Branch: 231 W. Lockwood 6304 Easton
7179 Manchester 305 Marquette Station Rd.
4 Ave., East St. Louis 122 1/2 Broadway, Alton
You Modern Schick Electric Shavers

choice
1!

ED IN DETROIT
NEW DE LUXE '85"
TUDOR SEDAN
\$729⁰⁰

EQUIPMENT INCLUDED
The Detroit delivered price of the model
illustrated (Federal and State taxes not
included) with all the following equip-
ment:
2 bumpers • 4 bumper guards •
2 tail lights • 2 windshield wipers •
2 sun visors • 2 matched electric air
horns • 1 cigar lighter • 3 ash trays
• Spare wheel, tire, tube, and lock •
Glove compartment with clock and lock
• Foot control of headlight beams,
with indicator on instrument panel
• De Luxe steering wheel • Chrome
wheel bands • Heat indicator • Built-
in luggage compartment, with lock.

NEW STANDARD
'85" TUDOR SEDAN
\$669⁰⁰

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2 bumpers, with 4 bumper guards •
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lighter and ash tray • Heat indicator •
Speedometer with trip odometer •
Foot control of headlight beams, with
indicator on instrument panel • Built-
in luggage compartment, with lock.

THE NEW THRIFTY
'60" COUPE
\$599⁰⁰

EQUIPMENT INCLUDED
IMPROVED
D RE-STYLED
FOR 1938

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1938
ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
PAGE 5A

CHARGE OF ROBBERY
Strouhal Released When
Witness Can't Identify Him.
Frank Strouhal, 1906 South
Broadway, was acquitted of a
charge of armed robbery yesterday
in a jury verdict ordered by Circuit
Judge Michael J. Scott after the
prosecuting witness testified he
could not identify the defendant.
The charge was that Strouhal
had robbed Andrew Dudley of \$63
last Sept. 16 in Dudley's liquor
store at 1902 South Broadway. At
the time of the arrest, Dudley iden-
tified Strouhal as the robber, but
on the witness stand said he could
not be sure. In the holdup the rob-
ber fired a shot, wounding Dudley
slightly in the leg.
Accused of Beating Non-Striker.
By the Associated Press.
JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 19.—
Two women and a man were ar-
raigned here yesterday on assault
charges growing out of the alleged
beating of a waitress who helped
reopen the dining room of the
strike-bound Missouri Hotel. The
waitress told police she was beaten
by the two women last night after
she left work at the hotel. Forty
members of the Hotel and Res-
taurant Workers' Union, an Ameri-
can Federation of Labor affiliate,
struck at the hotel last Friday.
Stabs Woman to Death in Street.
By the Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 19.—While
Police Commissioners and Chief
William J. Quinn looked on help-
lessly, Joseph Fraton fatally stabbed
Mrs. Henrietta Schrieber yesterday
in Portsmouth Square, directly
across the street from the Hall of
Justice and only 75 feet from the
room in which the commission was
meeting. Police whistles sent the
commissioners and Chief Quinn to
windows in time to see Fraton stab
the prostrate woman, then plunge
the knife into his own throat. Fra-
ton was charged with murder after
his neck wound was treated. Po-
lice said he told them Mrs. Schrie-
ber "done me dirt. I was just crazy
jealous, I guess."
Farley's Brother Sued by Wife.
By the Associated Press.
NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 19.—Appli-
cation for a final divorce decree
was filed in Civil District Court
here yesterday by Mrs. Helen Wells
Farley, wife of John Jerome Far-
ley, brother of Postmaster-General
James A. Farley. Her petition for
separation, filed a year ago, set out
that she was married in New Or-
leans Jan. 12, 1928. It accused her
husband of habitual drunkenness
and charged he failed properly to
support her. The separation decree
was signed Jan. 18, 1937.

**\$17.98 ALL BRASS
LIGHT FIXTURES**
NOW! \$7⁹⁸
5-light candle or drop. All-
brass with Colonial brass,
pewter or English brass fin-
ish. Lovely for living room
or dining room.

\$54.98 5-light candle imported crystal ——— \$38.98
\$19.98 5-light drop brass, crystal shade ——— \$10.98
\$17.98 5-light candle or ceiling, crystal trim ——— \$11.98
\$12.50 5-light indirect, chrome or bronze finish ——— \$7.49
\$ 5.98 2-lt. drop, silver and gilt finish, with shades, \$2.79
\$ 1.79 1-lt. indirect ceiling, green, rose, crystal shades, \$1.29
\$ 1.79 1-light bracket, chrome finish ——— \$1.29
(Fifth Floor.)

\$4⁹⁸
BUYS THESE
\$7.50 MIRRORS
24-inch Circle Mirrors and Panel Mirrors of many
sizes and shapes. Frames finished in antique gold
or French ivory. You'll want more than one at this
saving!

\$7.50 24-INCH FLOWER PLAQUES — \$4⁹⁸
WITH IVORY OR GILT FRAMES —

\$4.98 FACSIMILES
OIL TREATED
\$2⁹⁸
Twenty subjects, exquis-
itely framed in antique
gilt. Oil-treated Paintings
that look wonderfully like
originals.
(Fifth Floor.)

**\$1.35 RAPID
DRY ENAMEL**
NOW ONLY **99c**
Qt.
Covers in one
coat . . . dries
within a few
hours. . . Col-
ors or white.
Fits furniture
and woodwork.

\$3.10 Washable Interior
Glass. A **\$2.49**
gallon —
\$2.10 Flat Wall Paint,
washable. **\$1.69**
gallon —
(Fifth Floor.)

**LOOK! \$1.98 OLD
ENGLISH FLOOR WAX**
\$1⁴⁹
NOTED
"NO RUB"
KIND IN
5-PINT
CAN!

Think of it! 1/2 gallon PLUS A PINT at this low
price. Highly recommended for linoleum, hard-
wood, and composition floors. Requires no rubbing
or polishing. Dries quickly to a high luster.
(Fifth Floor and Thrift Ave.—Street Floor.)

STIX, BAER & FULLER

★ OLD FASHIONED Bargain Days!

ELECTRIC SEWING MACHINE
REGULARLY \$59.50
SALE PRICE
\$29⁵⁰
It's more than a Sewing
Machine—it's a handsome
piece of furniture you can
use as a desk, night table
or serving table. Made by
the noted New Home Co.
Equipped with A. C. and
D. C. motor.

A Thrifty
"Buy" for
Homesevers

**\$2 DOWN — BALANCE MONTHLY
SMALL CARRYING CHARGE**

**CELEBRATED NEW HOME MAKE—LOCK-PROOF
ROTARY ——— \$59.50**
LIST PRICE \$99.50
SEWS BACKWARD AND FORWARD WESTINGHOUSE MOTOR
(Second Floor.)

SENSATIONAL BARGAINS IN THE OPTICAL DEPT.
**De Luxe Quality Frames
With Raised Temples**
\$2⁹⁹
LENSES
EXTRA
**20% OFF OUR
REGULAR
LOW PRICES
ON**
• BINOCULARS
• FIELD GLASSES
• OPERA GLASSES
• THERMOMETERS
• HUMIDIGUIDES
• BAROMETERS
• MAGNIFIERS
• MICROSCOPES
• SUN GOGGLES
and many
other sundries
items
NATIONALLY
KNOWN MAKES . . .
Taylor, Teatrite, Hull,
Hygrade, Trojan Inc.,
Bauer, etc.
EXAMPLE: The reliable TAY-
LOR HUMIDIGUIDE, regu-
larly \$1.00, for the first
time at 20% off the
. . . sale price — **80c**
AFTER SATURDAY
ALL PRICES GO
BACK TO REGULAR
SAVE 20% NOW
(Street Floor.)

RAISED temples are 1938 fashion . . .
and ideal for clear side-vision. Choice
of engraved white gold filled rimless
hibo mounting or frame . . . GULVUE
simulated shell frame . . . or the rich
Diana streamline white gold filled
spring folding Oxfords with Schwab
noseguards. Each is a noteworthy
value.

HAVE YOUR SIGHT EXAMINED HERE!
Drs. G. M. Rosenthal and F. A. Hg, registered optom-
etrists. Private, scientifically equipped refraction offices.
• USE YOUR CHARGE ACCOUNT OR ASK
ABOUT THE CONVENIENT PAYMENT PLAN
(Optical Department—Street Floor.)

VENETIAN BLINDS
MAKER'S SURPLUS STOCK SACRIFICED!
VARIOUS SIZES . . . MANY COLORS!

40—\$3.98
Blinds — **99c**
225—\$4.80 to
\$7.98 Blinds, **\$1⁹⁹**
100—\$8.50 to
\$9.98 Blinds, **\$2⁹⁹**
60—\$10.98 to
\$11.98 Blinds, **\$3⁹⁹**
16—\$12.98 to
\$14.98 Blinds, **\$4⁹⁹**
40—\$15.50 to
\$30.00 Blinds, **\$5⁹⁹**
Bring Window Measurements With You
(Sixth Floor.)

**\$42.95
RCA VICTOR
BRAND-NEW 1938
CONSOLE RADIOS**
MODEL 38-35K
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
FULL SIZE CONSOLE
AMAZING CLARITY
\$29⁹⁵
WHILE THEY LAST

**1937
PHILCO**
"X" Model
WITH
**ACCURATE
AUTOMATIC
TUNING**
REGULAR \$164.50
FACTORY LIST
\$79⁹⁵
SALE PRICE!
BRAND-NEW—IN ORIGINAL
FACTORY CRATES
FEATURES
• 18 Tuned Circuits
• Inclined Sounding Board
• American and Foreign
• Concert Grand Speaker
• Spread Band Dial
• 3 Tuning Ranges
• Splendid Walnut Cabinet

**VALUES THAT MEAN ACTION
ON FULL-SIZE CONSOLES**

Year	Model	Make	Factory List	Sale Price
'36	600X	Y. T. Philco (Used)	\$255.00	\$129.50
'34	110H	Philco	\$ 89.95	\$ 29.95
'36	560	Wells-Gardner	\$ 69.50	\$ 19.95
'37	37-11X (n. s.)	Philco	\$104.95	\$ 77.45
'38	127	Tav-lin	\$ 82.50	\$ 31.25
'38	38-9K	Philco	\$ 89.95	\$ 39.95
'35	28CSX	Philco	\$ 89.95	\$ 29.95
'38	38-9K	Philco	\$109.50	\$ 59.50
'38	38-9K	NSA	\$ 42.95	\$ 29.95
'37	37-630X	Philco	\$ 81.75	\$ 49.95
'37	37-600K	Philco	\$102.50	\$ 39.95
'37	37-670K	Philco	\$144.00	\$ 69.50
'37	37-600PX (Comb.)	Philco	\$104.95	\$ 59.50
'34	112H	Philco	\$ 89.95	\$ 19.95

**ONLY A FEW NEW 1938
SPARTONS
... WITH PUSH-BUTTON
TUNING**
Reg. \$124.95 List—Now Only
\$79⁹⁵
• 19 Tubes • All Wave
• Mirror Dial • Vernier Tuning
• Walnut Cabinet

\$29⁹⁵
All Prices Quoted With Your Old Radio
Aerial \$5 on All-Wave Radios
**SMALL DOWN PAYMENT
ON THE PENNY WAY PLAN**
(Small Carrying Charge)
(Fourth Floor.)

SKIPPER ARRIVES TO TAKE LEVIATHAN TO SCRAP HEAP

Retired Captain Reaches U. S. to Command Ship's Trip to England.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Capt. John Binks, former commander of the White Star liner Olympic and Majestic, each of which has been sent to the scrap heap, arrived from England today to take back the former United States liner Leviathan. The Leviathan, a sister ship of the Majestic, recently was sold for scrap for British armaments.

"I am not exactly sentimental about the Leviathan's being broken up," Binks said, "because I know ships of her type do not pay these days. But I do feel sad to realize their day has gone, because my day has gone too. I was selected for this because I know vessels of the old type. Now these ships are being scrapped and I—well, I can't say I enjoy my retirement."

MANNE'S February SALE

BEDROOM SUITES AT REAL REDUCTIONS!

FREE TAXI
CA. 5000

\$125 Suits \$59
Reduced to—
\$160 Suits \$84
Reduced to—
\$210 Suits \$99

TERMS: 10% CASH, 10% CREDIT, 10% DEFERRED.
BIG FLOORS OF FURNITURE
MANNE'S
5615 Delmar, Open Evenings

INFORMATION CLERK



IF YOU ASK ME—
THERE'S NOTHING TO EQUAL
HYDE PARK TRUE
LAGER BEER
MELLOWED BY 3 FULL
MONTHS OF AGEING

HYDE PARK BREWERIES, ST. LOUIS, MO.
ADVERTISEMENT.

Sleeplessness Steals Beauty

This gentle bile-producer might help!

Lack of sleep frequently etches needless lines into beautiful faces. Needless, because sleeplessness is often caused by constipation, as are also loss of appetite, mental dullness, nervousness, the aggravation of skin blemishes.

Keep regular. Don't let more than a day go by without proper elimination. Use Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. This famous laxative has been the choice of millions of people during a generation. It does not shock the intestinal system. Also, it stimulates the liver's secretion of bile without the discomfort of drastic or irritating drugs. Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at your druggist, 15¢, 50¢ and 60¢ everywhere.

STOMACH LIVER AND BILE. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a gentle and effective way to keep the digestive system in perfect balance. They help to dissolve and eliminate the bile, thus preventing the accumulation of toxins in the system. They are a natural and safe way to keep the body in perfect health.

NEW LOW PRICES ON LARGER SIZES OF ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN

Get relief from the discomfort of pain and colds with St. Joseph Aspirin... Accept no substitute. Demand it by name, "St. Joseph."

HERE'S REAL ECONOMY
1 DOZEN ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 10¢
3 DOZEN ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 20¢
8 DOZEN ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 35¢

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE
St. Joseph
GENUINE PURE ASPIRIN

GOV. EARLE URGES U. S. OWNERSHIP OF HARD-COAL LAND

Will Recommend to President That Government Buy Properties and Lease Mines.

By the Associated Press.
HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 19.—Gov. George H. Earle proposed last night Government ownership of the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania. Emerging from a conference with mining men, he said he would call on President Roosevelt next Monday or Tuesday and recommend:

Federal legislation permitting the Government to buy all the coal lands in Eastern Pennsylvania, heart of the richest anthracite territory in the world.

Leasing of mines in strategic spots to private industry. Control of production and regulation of marketing by a Federal agency.

The immediate objective would be to make hard coal cheaper. Earle said he would ask the Pennsylvania delegation of 27 in Congress to support such legislation. He added that the President has assured him support "in a constructive program" and now he must convince Mr. Roosevelt that this is the "only constructive program and enduring solution."

Two Operators Back Plan. This program, Earle said, had the support of the two largest operators and the United Mine Workers in his four-hour conference yesterday. The operators were J. B. Warriner, president of the Lehigh Navigation Coal Co. and Ralph Taggart, president of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co.

Representing the United Mine Workers were Lieutenant-Governor Thomas Kennedy, international secretary-treasurer of the union, and Henry Warrum, counsel. The conference reviewed the history of hard coal from the time 99,000,000 tons were produced in Pennsylvania in 1917 to 1936, when only 54,000,000 tons were mined. In that time, employment in the 10 Eastern counties that produce anthracite fell from 180,000 to about 100,000.

Earle's statistics on the industry prompted President Roosevelt to say last night that they were "the most amazing" he ever had seen. The President said Earle's charges of "monopolistic practices" aimed at the operators and railroads were "being studied."

Value of Coal Land. The Governor was reluctant to estimate the value of Pennsylvania's coal lands. But Luzerne County—one of the largest producers—values its anthracite holdings at \$115,521,203 for assessment purposes. This is considered 60 per cent of the true value.

The entire industry in the State has been unofficially valued at a billion dollars. Under his plan, Earle said, an effort would be made to buy the coal land "at a reasonable price."

If this failed, the properties would be condemned. "The anthracite industry, properly regulated," Earle said, "could send lower priced fuel to one-third of the homes in the nation. Up to the time the coal is brought out of the mine, everything is all right. Between that time and when it reaches the consumer's cellar is where the middlemen are piling up outlandish prices."

DEWEY SHORT ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY FOR RE-ELECTION

Republican Congressman to Run for House, Despite Letters Urging Him to Seek Senatorship. WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Representative Dewey Short (Rep.) announced yesterday he was a candidate for re-election in the Seventh Missouri Congressional District.

He said in a statement that Congress was "floundering in a fog and that recovery can never take place until that fog is dispelled." The lone Missouri Republican Congressman said he had received letters from all parts of the State urging that he become a candidate for the United States Senate. He would like to be in the Senate some day, he said, but added that at present "I feel I can render better service not only to the people of my district but to all the citizens of Missouri in the House."

Short declared President Roosevelt "seems to delight in keeping everyone bewildered" and that "not ever his closest advisers can predict what he will say or do next. Business cannot and will not co-operate as long as it is compelled to breathe the air of uncertainty." Short announced he was opposed to the reduction in Federal highway funds by the administration.

INJURED PUTTING AIR IN TIRE

Youth Suffers Skull Fracture When Iron Ring Is Blown Off. Norbert Grimm, 19 years old, of 4311 Michigan Avenue, suffered a fracture of the skull yesterday when the iron outside mounting ring of a truck tire was blown off and struck him above the left eye, as he was filling the tire with air. He was taken to City Hospital. Grimm had taken the tire to a garage at 4040 Pennsylvania avenue for repair. He said he had put in 45 pounds of air when the ring blew off. His condition is serious.

TREATS GALORE FOR YOUR HOME, YOURSELF AND YOUR ENTIRE FAMILY

STIX, BAER & FULLER OLD FASHIONED BARGAIN

THURSDAY, FRIDAY



JOIN WITH US
OLD FASHIONED BARGAIN FESTIVAL

WE'LL MAKE YOU
DON'T THINK THEY'RE BARGAINS
IN GOOD OLD DAYS

Ever since the days when ladies wore bonnets St. Louisans flocking to Stix, Baer & Fuller January Clearance Shoppers have always recognized the events meant opportunities for savings, as purchasable merchandise are marked at our cost and manufacturers' costs are often

The 1938 Old Fashioned Bargain Festival is a continuation of the event. It is a record in variety of offerings and Every department participates from the busy Downtown to the highest floor in the store. There are and small... from our own regular amplified by purchases... so join with us Old Fashioned Festival.

IN TOWNSTAIRS STIX

Slight 35 Men's Broadcloth Shirts
29c Pajamas, 5 to 9 yard lengths, yd.
69c Pajamas Linens; 1 to 3 Yd. L'gths,
39-in. and Acetate Rayons, yard
49c (Yellow Shades; 36 inches wide
29c Print Aprons, fast color
22c Linen 52x52-in. Tablecloths
49c Rayon 52x52-in. Tablecloths

★ ★ ★
Men's 49 House Slippers, pair
Girls' 19 House Slippers, pair
Remnant Felt Base Floorcover, sq.
2nd and 3rd Bath and Kitchen Towels
Maroon Curtains & Lace Strips
Boys' Knickerbockers; 7 to 16 y
Men's 59 Samp. Br'dcloth Pajamas
Misses' \$2.99 to \$6.95 Dresses
25¢ Solid Color Wash Fabrics

★ ★ ★
Misses' \$10.95-\$14.95 Sports Coats
\$2 and 3 Women's Angelica Uniforms
Tots' Junior Girls' Coats
Children's \$1.98 All-Leather Shoes
Irregular Women's 59c-79c Silk Hosiery
Women's Trimmings Satin Panties

PLAYING CARDS
Assorted designs; gilt-edged; mostly in linen finish. Limit 6 decks to a customer. 2 Decks 43c (Street Floor.)

29c LINEN GUEST TOWELS
High grade oyster shade linen crash printed in fast-color designs. 5 for 99c (Second Floor.)

35-\$10 CORSETS AND GIRDLES
Side-hook and step-in styles; luster and bonded types. Broken sizes. Excellent "buys" at \$2.95 this low price (Second Floor.)

\$2.00 TO \$4.00 BRASSIERES
Samples and discontinued models in Allure Brasieres. Made of fine lace, youth-ful. Size 34 to 40. \$1.89 (Second Floor.)

\$1.29 MATTRESS COVERS
Beautyrest, for full and twin size beds. Of heavy quality material. Just 25 cents. Taped seams. \$4c (Second Floor and Thrift Avenue.)

NATIONAL BRAND RAYON UNDIES REDUCED
1/2 & 1/2 Sale Price 50¢, \$1.50 and \$2.00. (Second Floor and Thrift Avenue.)

\$1.99 TO \$1.98 DRESSES
Women's slightly soiled Cotton Dresses, all wearable styles. Broken sizes. Each 64c (2 for \$1.19) (Second Floor.)

\$1.09 ACETATE RAYON PRINTS
Charming new designs in colorful prints and monochromatic. Wanted shades; plenty of black. 69c and navy. 89-inch (Second Floor.)

\$3.25 METAL CABINETS
Double-door metal Under-shelf. Cabinets, slightly marred and dented. Just 35¢ (Fifth Floor.)

MEN'S \$25 AND \$30 SUITS
Hardy fabrics, current styles. Topcoats and Overcoats included. Get yours. Each \$14.99 (Men's Store—Fourth Floor.)

\$1.19 LINEN TABLECLOTHS
All-Season Crash Cloth with checked centers and woven fast-color borders. 52x68. 79c (Second Floor.)

PRINTED PORCELAINS
A host of new, colorful patterns in high quality 50 square porcelains. 36 inch; yard 13c (Second Floor.)

AMO FLASH BICYCLES
Side-hook and step-in styles; luster and bonded types. Broken sizes. Excellent "buys" at \$2.95 this low price (Second Floor.)

\$1 ENAMELED COMPACTS
Assorted popular styles and colors in single and double types. 59c (Street Floor.)

\$15 TO \$18.50 GIRDLES
And Dossettes by Mme. Lemm, of imported elastic and webbing. Just 25 pieces, so hurry. \$8.95 (Second Floor.)

79c STAMPED PILLOWCASES
Four new patterns, stamped on fine quality Percale. All tubing. Handstitched for extra-stitching. 47c (Sixth Floor.)

\$1.25-\$3 MIXED PIPE TOBACCO
Best-Ton Bull, mild blend of high-grade pipe tobacco. Lb. 49c (Smoking Shop—Street Floor.)

\$1.98 AND \$2.98 SWEATERS
For boys... wool, in crew and V neck styles. Sizes 4 to 12. Only \$1.19 (Boys' Own Store—Fourth Floor and Thrift Ave.)

\$1.55 TO \$3.50 MEN'S SHIRTS
1650, slightly mended. Brightens, Rayons and Washables included. Most all sizes. \$1.19 (Men's Furnishings—Street Floor.)

\$4.44 'Bunny-Down' RAYON ROBES
Zip-front rayon robes. Robes, worn and snug. Royal, white, pink, aqua. Sizes \$3.56 11 to 15 (Teen-Age Undies, Second Floor.)

35c TO \$1.00 MEN'S SOCKS
6000 pairs from a noted maker. Tailored patterns and colors. 4 pairs, \$1. 27c (Men's Furnishings—Street Floor.)

\$1.19 RAYON GOWNS, PAJAMAS
Non-run weaves. Pastel and dark shades. Regular size pajamas, regular and extra size Gowns. 69c (Second Floor and Thrift Ave.)

\$2 AND \$2.50 PAJAMAS
Men's. 300 samples. Broadcloth, woven fabrics. 1 or 2 of a kind. Size S, C only. \$1.19 (Men's Furnishings—Street Floor.)

MEN'S \$1-\$2 NECKTIES
1800 model Ties from noted makers. Hand Tailored, smart patterns. 50c (Men's Furnishings—Street Floor.)

\$1.00 AND \$1.98 INFANTS' TOGS
Odd lots of suits, dresses, knit gowns, bonnets, gowns, croppers, shawls, coveralls, each 43c (Second Floor.)

\$2 AND \$2.50 PAJAMAS
Men's. 300 samples. Broadcloth, woven fabrics. 1 or 2 of a kind. Size S, C only. \$1.19 (Men's Furnishings—Street Floor.)

\$1.98 AND \$2.98 SWEATERS
For boys... wool, in crew and V neck styles. Sizes 4 to 12. Only \$1.19 (Boys' Own Store—Fourth Floor and Thrift Ave.)

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MEN'S \$25 AND \$30 SUITS
Hardy fabrics, current styles. Topcoats and Overcoats included. Get yours. Each \$14.99 (Men's Store—Fourth Floor.)

BAER & FULLER

WED BARGAIN DAYS

RIDY AND SATURDAY

SHOP EARLY THURSDAY, THE FIRST DAY
OF THE SALE—QUANTITIES ARE LIMITED

JOIN WITH US IN A
GOOD FASHIONED
BRAIN FESTIVAL

YOU'LL MAKE YOUR
DO THINK THEY'RE BACK
IN GOOD OLD DAYS"

Ever since the days when ladies wore bonnets and bustles, St. Louisans flocking to Stix, Baer & Fuller's store-wide January Clearance Shoppers have always realized that the announcement events meant opportunities for supreme savings, as prizeable merchandise are marked so low that our cost and manufacturers' costs are often disregarded.

The 1938 edition of Old Fashioned Bargain Days Sale more than justified the event. It is out to set new records in value in variety of offerings and in quantities. Every department participate from the busy Downstairs Store to the highest in the store. There are articles great and small... produced from our own regular stocks, others amplified by purchases... so join with us in this good Old Fashioned Festival.

COMPARATIVES
QUOTED ARE
BASED ON
ORIGINAL
PRICES!

SORRY,
NO PHONE
OR MAIL
ORDERS
FILLED!



**\$22.95 to \$39.95
SMART SPORT COATS**
New furled Coats with lapin coney collars in fleece, and untrimmed Glenishire plaid-back fleeces, tweeds and shags. Wonderful bargains. Misses' and women's sizes — **\$12**
(Coat Shop—Third Floor.)

\$2 and \$3 SATIN SLIPS
Nationally Known Brand
Because they are slight irregulars we cannot mention the name. Tailored or lace trimmed. Teal, white, Sizes 32 to 44 — **\$1.40**
(Second Floor and Thrift Ave.)

IN TOWNSTAIRS STORE

Slight 35 Men's Broadcloth Shirts, 69c
29c Plaid 5 to 9 yard lengths, yd. — 16c
69c Pina Linens; 1 to 3 Yd. L'gths, Yd. 29c
39-in. Acetate Rayons, yard — 19c
49c (Flow Shades; 36 inches wide — 29c
29c Print Aprons, fast color — 10c
22c Text Crash Toweling (Limit 10 Yds.) 13c
49c 52x52-In. Tablecloths — 29c

★ ★ ★
Men's 49 House Slippers, pair — 69c
Girls' 19 House Slippers, pair — 19c
Remnant Felt Base Floorcover, sq. yd. 19c
2nds Store Bath and Kitchen Towels, 10c
Marylin Curtains & Lace Stripes, 39c
Boys' Knickerbockers; 7 to 16 yrs., 97c
Men's 59 Samp. Br'dcloth Pajamas, 99c
Misses' \$2.99 to \$6.95 Dresses, \$1.99
25c Solid Color Wash Fabrics, 12 1/2 yd.

★ ★ ★
Misses' \$10.95-\$14.95 Sports Coats, \$5
\$2 and 3/4 Women's Angelica Uniforms — 59c
Tot's Junior Girls' Coats — 1/2 off
Children's \$1.98 All-Leather Shoes — 89c
Irregular Women's 59c-79c Silk Hose, 29c
Women's Trimmed Satin Panties — 29c

**\$1.19 RAYON
GOWNS, PAJAMAS**
Non-run weaves. Pastel and dark shades. Regular size Pajamas, regular and extra size Gowns — **69c**
(Second Floor and Thrift Ave.)

**MEN'S \$1-\$2
NECKTIES**
1200 model ties from noted makers. Hand Tailored, smart patterns — **50c**
(Men's Furnishings—Second Floor.)

**\$1.98-\$2.98-\$3.98
STREET FROCKS**
Cotton prints, rayon prints and plain acetate Dresses by well-known makers. Sizes 14 to 44 — **\$1.39**
(Second Floor.)

**79c SHEER
STOCKINGS**
Ringless chignons, all first quality, fully reinforced. New Spring shades. 3 1/2 to 10 1/2 — **59c**
(Street Floor.)

**\$1.98 COTTON
HOUSECOATS**
Gay prints, with full-length side fasteners. Sizes 14 to 44 — **\$1.39**
\$1.69 Housecoats — 99c
(Second Floor.)

**ODDS & ENDS IN
HOUSEWARES**
5c-10c-15c and 25c
(Fifth Floor.)

CLEANING "BUGS"
\$1.00 Channels — **78c**
50c 5-sewed Brooks — **39c**
Sunbrite Cleaners — **12 for 49c**
(Fifth Floor.)

**DINNERWARE
ODDS & ENDS**
All wanted items. Come early for them at — **5c, 10c, 15c, 25c**

**SILK-TOP
LAMP SHADES**
For floor, bridge and table lamps. Solid shades. Several colors. Rayon lined — **\$1.00**
(Fifth Floor & Thrift Ave.)

**NELLY DON
DRESSES**
Reg. \$5.95, \$7.95, \$10.95
Printed Nelly rayon crepe, and plain shade rayon crepe Dresses, 12-42 — **\$2.99**
(Second Floor.)

**\$15.95 INNERSPRING
MATTRESS**
Pull or twin size Mattress. Spring covered with felted cotton. Turning straps — **\$7.95**
(Seventh Floor.)

**\$1.98 - \$2.45
GLOVES**
Women's real kid and capeline. Gloves in plain and novelty styles. Limited quantity — **\$1**
(Street Floor.)

**\$13.50 PLAID
MACKINAW COATS**
Heavy weight, double-breasted full-belted models. Convertible collars. 4 pockets. Limited quantity — **\$6.98**
(Sporting Goods—Fourth Floor.)

**\$1.98-\$9.98 Sample
CURTAINS**
Show room samples, 1 of a kind, in tailored, ruffled or cottage styles. A chance to dress up that single window, for only — **99c**
(Sixth Floor.)

**TOILET
TISSUE**
1000-sheet rolls of soft absorbent tissue. Don't put it to test. At this price — **20 for 78c**
(Fifth Floor.)

**\$1.98 MEN'S
SLIPPERS**
150 pairs. Brown Kid Bootsies, lambkin soles, fleece lined. Sizes 7 to 11 — **\$1.49**
(Street Floor.)

**\$98.50 - \$125
FUR COATS**
Kid and Krimmer Caracul, Silver and Skunk Opposum, Seal and Beaver Faced Coats. And many others — **\$68**
(Fur Salon—Third Floor.)

**TAILORED
2-PC. SUITS**
Misses' new tailored Spring Suits in men's wear fabrics. All wanted colors — **\$9.98**
(Suit Shop—Third Floor.)

**\$8.95 - \$29.95
DRESSES**
Misses' women's, little women's Dresses from all latest, exclusive dress departments on the Third Floor. Thrift—highly priced at — **\$5**
(Third Floor.)

**YOUTHS' \$20
FINE SUITS**
Sturdy fabrics in contemporary styles and patterns. Regular stock. Sizes 16 to 22 — **\$13.99**
(Students' Corner—Fourth Floor.)

BOYS IN STOLEN AUTO RUN DOWN BY POLICE

Car They Took in St. Louis Holdup Overturns in Chase With State Patrolmen.

Three young vagrants who stole an automobile in a holdup yesterday afternoon to take a trip West got only 60 miles before they were captured near St. Clair, Mo., by State Highway Patrolmen. The chase ended when their stolen car overturned.

The car was taken from Mrs. May Kenniston, 2804 Gurnsey court, as she made a boulevard stop at Seventh street while driving on Spruce street at 2:30 p. m. One of the three young men stepped up to the right hand door, pointed a revolver at her, and said, "This is a pickup." She got out the left hand door as they got in from the other side. They did not attempt to take her purse, but drove north on Seventh street at a high rate of speed.

The license number of the car was broadcast by police. Two hours later Sgt. Wayne Henderson and Patrolman Paul Sowers of the State Highway Patrol saw the car pass them on State Highway 66 a mile and a half west of St. Clair. They pursued it in their own automobile. After a chase of a mile and a half, in which the cars sped about 70 miles an hour, the pursued car went off the road on a curve, and was wrecked.

The three occupants, bruised in the accident, surrendered without resistance, and were taken to Union, Mo., for treatment by a physician before being returned to St. Louis. They identified themselves as Michael Fabbrocino, 18 years old, Larry McIntyre, 18, and William Carey, 16. A revolver was found in Carey's possession.

All three admitted holding up Mrs. Kenniston and were identified by her, St. Louis police said. Carey related he ran away from his home in Detroit, where he had resided with his grandmother, begged automobile rides, and arrived here Sunday. Alfred Diero, 3074 Spruce street, allowed him to sleep in Diero's home Sunday and Monday nights. Yesterday morning, Carey left and then returned after Diero had gone, broke in and stole the revolver and some cartridges, police quoted the youth as saying.

Then Carey met McIntyre and Fabbrocino, who said they have no homes. The three agreed to steal an automobile to tour the West, police said. They had only 5 cents when arrested.

**MEXICAN PRESIDENT TRIES
TO BLOCK RENEWAL OF STRIKE**
Confers With Leaders of Rival Factions in State of Vera Cruz.

ORIZABA, State of Vera Cruz, Mexico, Jan. 18.—President Lázaro Cardenas conferred yesterday with leaders of conflicting labor factions in an effort to prevent recurrence of a strike which caused at least eight deaths.

He sought permanent settlement of the conflict, which, in a 24-hour strike, tied up virtually every key industry in the State of Vera Cruz. The strike ended promptly at midnight Monday, but new troubles threatened.

The strike was called by the Regional Federation of Workers and Peasants in protest against court delays in deciding whether it or the Regional Confederation of Mexican Workers should represent employees of the Coahuila cotton mills.

A third union became involved when the General Confederation of Workers in the Northern part of the State telegraphed the Labor Department it would use force to prevent further strikes.

The Mexican railway joined with the Vera Cruz Chamber of Commerce and other organizations in protesting to the Labor Department against the strike. The railway said a trainload of passengers, among whom were many United States tourists, "as held up all day last week in Orizaba."

Two contending unions tentatively accepted today Cardenas' formula for peace. The President suggested that 61 members of the regional confederation be allowed to keep their jobs in the Coahuila textile mill despite the collective labor contract with the Regional Federation of Workers and Peasants. He also proposed that courts be allowed to decide the rights to jobs in the other plant where labor representation was in dispute.

**WOMAN IN STORE ROBBED
OF \$100 AT PISTOL'S POINT**
Manager Threatened by Youth in Overalls; Other Hold-ups Reported.

Miss Georgia Hoehn, manager of a hosiery store at 305 North Seventh street, was held up and robbed of \$100 by a youth in overalls, who entered the store late yesterday afternoon and threatened her with a pistol.

A man with a revolver held up William Behrens, clerk in a grocery at 3391 Easton, avenue, yesterday afternoon and took \$28 from the cash register.

Francis Metzler, an insurance agent, 3643A Aldine avenue, reported three Negroes took \$18 from him at an alley at the rear of 2808 Stoddard street. One of them threatened him with a knife, he said.

Joseph de Priest, 15-year-old drug store delivery boy, reported to police a man with a revolver searched him and took \$12 as he was leaving the Branscome Hotel, 5370 Pershing avenue, after making a delivery at 10 o'clock. The money belonged to his employer, the Jantzen Drug Store, 5300 Pershing.

GERMAN REPORT ON HINDENBURG DISASTER

Sabotage Suggested Among Possible Causes of Explosion at Lakehurst, N. J.

By the Associated Press.
BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The possibility that the explosion that destroyed the German dirigible Hindenburg at Lakehurst, N. J., may have been due to sabotage must be admitted, said a German Government report published today.

The report was prepared by a committee named by air minister Colonel-General Hermann Wilhelm Goering last May 7, the day after the disaster. "Proofs that an act of force had been committed could not be adduced," said the report, "although every lead in that direction was followed painstakingly. Nevertheless the possibility of the wanton destruction of the airship must be admitted since there is little proof of any other origin."

The report reviewed the possibility of sabotage from within and without and admitted many arguments against either theory. It then cited the "coincident occurrence of a series of untoward circumstances" as the most logical explanation of the disaster. The committee expressed belief that, as the airship was landing a wire in the rear part might have torn a hole through which hydrogen gas entered into the space between the gasbags and the outer covers. Thereby an inflammable mixture of hydrogen gas and air might have been created. Then when the ship established contact with the wet ground it would have been possible for an electric current to ignite the gas mixture.

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**EX-LAX ALWAYS GOT
RESULTS—BUT NOW IT ACTS
BETTER THAN EVER!**

ALWAYS thorough and dependable. EX-LAX is today even more effective in relieving constipation. For this old favorite, the Original Chocolate Laxative, is now SCIENTIFICALLY IMPROVED. IT TASTES BETTER... ACTS BETTER and is MORE GENTLE than ever! No matter what Laxative you've used before, you owe it to yourself to try the new EX-LAX! The box is the same, but the contents are better than ever! 10¢ and 25¢ sizes.

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For Chest Colds

Distressing cold in chest or throat, never safe to neglect, generally eases up when soothing, warming Mucosol is applied.

Better than a mustard plaster, Mucosol's action because it's NOT just a salve. It's a "counter-irritant"—stimulating, penetrating, and helpful in drawing out local congestion and pain.

Used by millions for 30 years. Recommended by many doctors and nurses. All druggists. In three strengths: Regular Strength, Children's (mild), and Extra Strong. Approved by Good Housekeeping.



**Dorothy Gray
Special Dry
Skin Mixture
\$2.25 Value
\$1**

Less than half its regular price! A grand emollient for skin that's dry and flaky from winter winds and household heat. Rich, luscious, makes your skin feel decidedly smoother, more pliant! Soothe dry, drawn skin that's subject to "cold-weather flaps."

(First Floor)

BOYD'S SUBWAY

DOLLAR DAYS

Thursday-Friday-Saturday

Extra Reductions—Extra Values!
Shop in the Subway and Save!**\$1.65, \$1.95 SHIRTS \$1**

Special selection of non-wilt collar-attached shirts. Choice patterns and fabrics. Sizes 14 to 17. Some are seconds.

\$1.45, \$1.65 SHIRTS 89c

Well-cut, well-made shirts in popular collar-attached models. Good quality fabrics in white and new patterns. Special purchases, including some seconds.

\$1.95, \$2.50 SHIRTS \$1.19

Shirts of all types, in good-looking, collar-attached models. All wanted collar styles. Broadcloths, oxfords and madras. Special purchases, including slight seconds, from fine makers.

\$1 NECKWEAR 2 for \$1

Silk reps, twills, poplins and wools, in choice patterns and color combinations. All are handmade.

50c, 65c HOSIERY ... 4 for \$1

Blacks and new patterns. Wools, silks, rayons, lises. Irregulars.

35c HOSIERY 6 for \$1

Choice patterns and blacks. Irregulars.

\$2.50, \$2.95 GLOVES \$1.70

Capes and pigskins. Some are lined. Real values.

\$2.50, \$2.95 SWEATERS, \$1.70

Wool pull-overs, in choice colors and patterns. Surplus stocks of several fine makers. Real bargains.

\$1.95, \$2.50 PAJAMAS ... \$1.29

Better quality samples and seconds. Wanted colors and models.

\$1.45, \$1.65 GLOVES \$1

Capekins and pig grain leathers, in tans, grays and blacks.

50c, 65c SHORTS 3 for \$1

Broadcloth shorts, in good patterns and white. Ribbed and flat weave undershirts. Including some seconds.

\$1.65, \$1.95 PAJAMAS \$1

Popular models, in choice qualities and patterns. Samples and seconds from several fine makers.

\$1.65, \$1.95 UNION SUITS .. \$1

Ribbed and flat weave. Medium weights. Special purchases and seconds.

\$5.50, \$6, \$6.50 SHOES \$3.65

Calfskins and grain leathers, in the latest models. Black or brown. Slight seconds from a fine maker.

More Subway Values

Some Lots Include Seconds

\$2.50 MUFLERS	\$1.55
\$7.00 SUEDE JACKETS	\$5.00
50c-65c NECKWEAR	29c
25c HANDKERCHIEFS	15c
\$3.50, \$3.95 SWEATERS	\$2.15
\$1.65, \$1.95 MUFLERS	\$1
\$4.95 MELTON JACKETS	\$3.55
\$1.65 HOUSE SLIPPERS	\$1.15
\$1.65, \$1.95 SWEATERS	\$1
MEN'S INITIALED HANDKERCHIEFS,	
\$1 Box of 3	55c

CLOTHING Further Reduced

Three large groups, including the odd lots left from our sale of Second Floor Clothing. Extra qualities, but only broken selections in sizes, patterns, colors and models. Slight charge for alterations.

\$23.50, \$30.00 Suits, \$15

Topcoats, Overcoats

\$30, \$45 1 & 2-Trouser \$20

Suits, Topcoats, O'coats

\$35 Two-Trouser Suits \$24

Topcoats, Overcoats

Boyd's

BOYD-RICHARDSON & OLIVE AT SIXTH

CORN PROGRAM AGREED UPON IN FARM BILL

Joint Committee for Applying Controls Only in Area of Big Production.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—A joint congressional committee agreed today to apply acreage and marketing controls on corn, under the ever-normal granary program, only in the "commercial corn area."

Chairman Smith of the Senate Agriculture Committee said this would limit controls to "the corn belt."

Senator Pope of Idaho said this limitation would not encourage expansion of corn production elsewhere, because if this happened controls would automatically apply there.

Pope said a national marketing quota on corn would apply when indicated supplies were above 2,722,000,000 bushels, if two-thirds of farmers producing corn approved this in a referendum.

He said the "commercial corn area" would be defined as that area where farms produced 400 to 450 bushels or more for market. This term includes corn fed to livestock. Limitation of the corn controls to the "commercial area" was in accord with the House granary bill. The Senate measure ordered controls for any farm that produced 300 bushels for market.

Smith said the level at which marketing quotas would apply was a compromise between House and Senate bills. He said "normal supply" for the program was set at average annual exports and domestic consumption for the last 10 years, plus 7 per cent for reserve. The marketing quotas would apply when supplies reach 10 per cent above "normal supply."

House and Senate members, busy since Jan. 3 in an attempt to draft a single bill from the separate measures, clung to hopes of reaching an agreement on all details by the end of the week.

FOUR ACCUSED OF VIOLATING FEDERAL MIGRATORY BIRD ACT

Hunters Charged With Offenses in St. Charles County at Opening of Dove Season.

Four men were charged with violating the Migratory Bird Act in informations filed yesterday in Federal Court by United States Attorney Harry C. Blanton.

The offenses are alleged to have occurred in St. Charles County last Sept. 3, the opening day of the hunting season for mourning doves. Those named, and the charges, were: Vincent J. Lee, 1316 Hillside avenue, St. Louis County, a plasterer and former business agent of the Contracting Plasterers' Association of St. Louis, hunting at 8:30 a. m., half an hour before the legal shooting time, and killing three doves; Sherman Harris, 2420 North Whittier street, using a repeating shotgun not plugged to limit the magazine to three shells, and killing a dove with the weapon; Joseph Koch, 4602 Elmbank avenue, using a repeating shotgun not limited to three shells and hunting before the legal time; Herman G. Nicolai, 1456 Shawmut place, using an illegal shotgun, and killing three doves.

Maximum penalty for violations of the Migratory Bird Act is six months in jail and a \$500 fine. Bonds of the four defendants were fixed at \$250 each.

EDWARD J. NEIL JR. FUNERAL SERVICES HELD IN NEW YORK

Solemn High Mass of Requiem Sung; Body Met in Bay by Correspondent's Widow.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Funeral services were held in the Roman Catholic Church of the Guardian Angel today for Edward J. Neil Jr., Associated Press war correspondent, who was fatally wounded in Spain Dec. 31.

Neil's body arrived today on the liner Berengaria, and taken to the church on the West Side. Solemn high mass of requiem was sung.

The widow, the former Helen Nolan, who went down the bay in a cutter to meet her husband's body, was accompanied to the church by his father, Edward J. Neil; his brother, Dr. Richard J. Neil; and sisters, Mrs. Mabel Rindan and Mrs. Dorothy Trainor. Among the mourners were many of his former associates in the Associated Press.

After the mass the body was taken by train to Methuen, Mass., his birthplace, for burial.

PURSE SNATCHED FROM WOMAN RECOVERED AFTER PURSUIT

Thieves Drop It When Owner, in Auto, Sees and Runs After Them.

A purse snatched from Miss Nellie Noonan, 3687A Laclede avenue, by two Negroes late yesterday was recovered when friends of the victim saw the robbers coming out of an alley near the scene soon afterward.

The purse, which contained \$1, was snatched when Miss Noonan and her sister, Johanna, were walking in the 3600 block of Page boulevard on their way to visit the family of Andrew W. Powers, 2853 Page. Powers and his daughter, Peggy, 20 years old, drove around the neighborhood and saw the thieves near Evans and Prairie avenues. Miss Powers got out of the car and ran toward the men, who dropped the purse and fled. Powers is executive secretary of St. Louis Chapter, Knights of Columbus.

MAN, 72, GETS LIFE TERM FOR MURDERING HIS WIFE

Thomas T. Hayes Pleads Guilty at Clayton of Killing Mate With Ax.

Thomas T. Hayes, 72 years old, was sentenced to prison for life by Circuit Judge John A. Withaus at Clayton yesterday, when he pleaded guilty of the murder of his wife in their home, 907 Sixty-third street.

University City, last Oct. 17. She was 65.

Before sentence was passed, Hayes told Judge Withaus he had been drinking before a quarrel with his wife, and he did not remember anything about it.

Arrested a few blocks from his home after Mrs. Hayes' body was found, Hayes signed a statement saying he had struck her twice on the head with the blunt side of an ax, in a quarrel which arose when he accused her of infidelity.

Missouri Railway Discontinuance.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Interstate Commerce Commission authorized J. C. Houch, receiver of the Shelby County Railway Co. and the Shelby Northwestern Railway Co., yesterday to abandon operation on 29.5 miles of line in Shelby and Knox counties, Missouri. The Shelby County was authorized to abandon operations between Shelbyville and Shelbyville, both in Shelby

County, a distance of 2.5 miles. The Shelby Northwestern received permission to discontinue operations of 21 miles.

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HE SELLS TOBACCO TO THEM ALL

But Branch Bobbitt, like so many other independent experts, prefers Luckies...

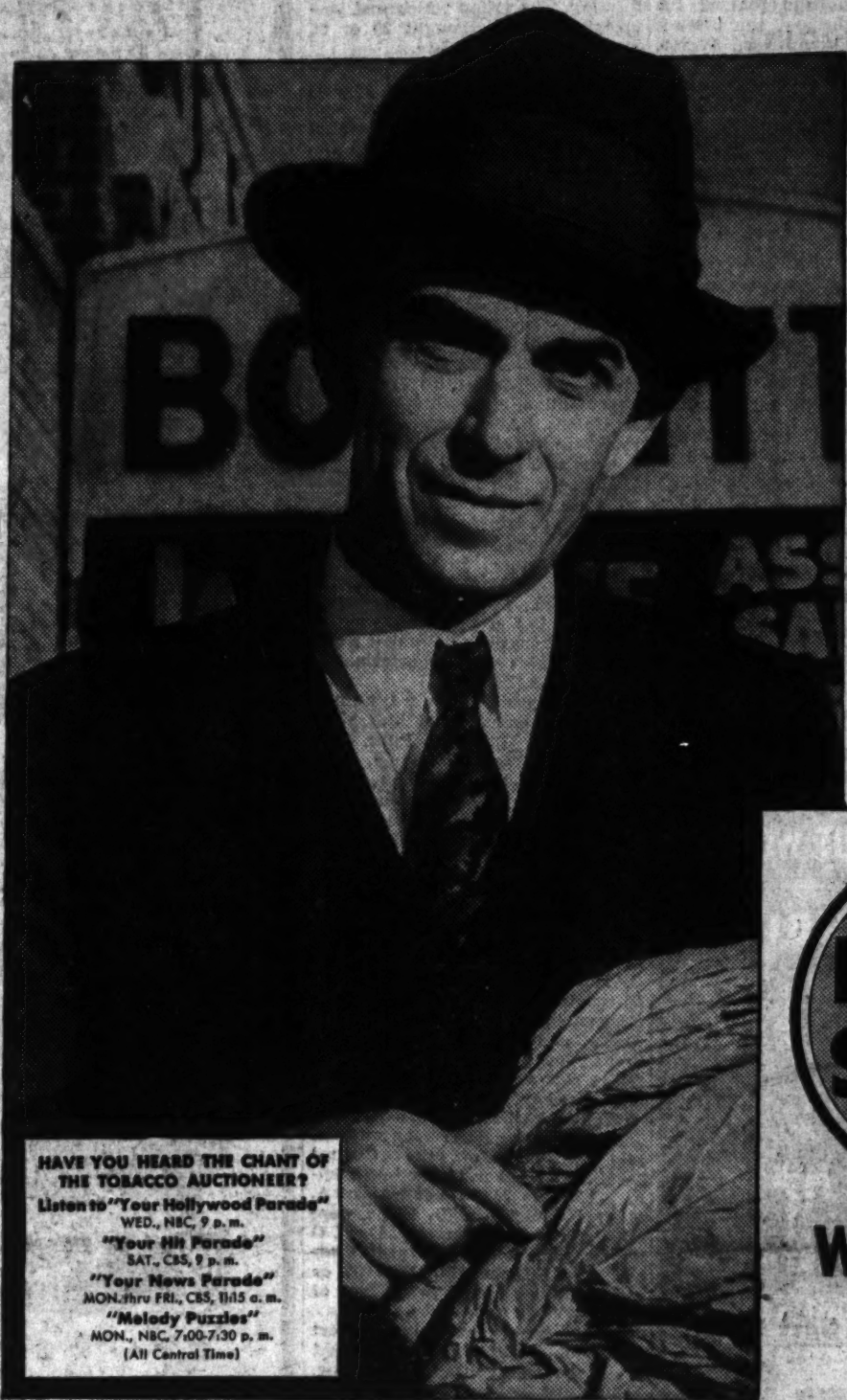
"AT AUCTIONS in my warehouse in Farmville, North Carolina," says Mr. Branch Bobbitt, "the higher the tobacco sells for, the better my profits. So I'm always glad to see Lucky Strike buyers in these bidding. They know what they want and they'll keep bidding right up until they get it."

"Well—in a cigarette—it's the tobacco that counts. I know tobacco and I know what tobacco is in what cigarettes. So that's one

reason I've smoked Luckies for 5 or 6 years."

Mr. Bobbitt represents the "aristocracy" of tobacco experts. He judges the tobacco that the growers grow. He's impartial, not connected with any cigarette manufacturer.

Many other experts agree with Mr. Bobbitt. Sworn records show that, among independent tobacco experts, Luckies have twice as many exclusive smokers as have all the other cigarettes combined.



HAVE YOU HEARD THE CHANT OF THE TOBACCO AUCTIONEER?
Listen to "Your Hollywood Parade"
WED., 9 p. m.
"Your Hit Parade"
SAT., 9 p. m.
"Your News Parade"
MON. THRU FRI., 8:15 a. m.
"Melody Puzles"
MON., 7:00-7:30 p. m.
(All Control Time)



Sworn Records Show That...

WITH MEN WHO KNOW TOBACCO BEST—IT'S LUCKIES 2 TO 1

THE Friendly Schenley SPIRIT

No. 16 Of A Series Showing Man's Friendliness To Man... Presented In A Spirit Of Friendliness... By SCHENLEY'S "RED LABEL"... The Friendlier Tasting Whiskey.



Schenley's
FRIENDLY
Red Label
Blended Whiskey
FRIENDLIER TO YOUR TASTE

Coor. 1938, Inc. S. Finch & Co., Inc., Schenley, Pa. SCHENLEY'S RED LABEL BLENDED WHISKY. The straight whiskies in this product are 24 years or more old. 30% straight whiskey, 70% neutral spirits distilled from American grain. 24% straight whiskey 24 years old, 6% straight whiskey 3 years old. SCHENLEY'S BLACK LABEL BLENDED WHISKY. The straight whiskies in this product are 24 years or more old. 40% straight whiskey, 60% neutral spirits distilled from American grain. 25% straight whiskey 24 years old, 5% straight whiskey 3 years old, 10% straight whiskey 6 years old. Both 50 proof.

IN America...
IT'S
SCHENLEY'S
"RED LABEL"

Why is "RED LABEL" friendlier to the taste? Because Schenley is the only American distiller to "meld" its choicest stocks under simultaneous HEAT, PRESSURE and AGITATION. That's what makes "RED LABEL" super-smooth.

A FRIENDLY TOAST BY THE Schenley HOST

Here's to a friend,
Man's richest treasure,
And to SCHENLEY'S "RED LABEL,"
For drinking pleasure.



The ONLY Melded Whiskey

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E. N. BROWN ASKED ABOUT TRADING IN RAILROAD STOCK

Records Indicate Speyer & Co. Was Selling Rock Island Shares at Profit While Buying for Frisco.

BANKERS DISPOSED OF HOLDING AT PEAK

Ex-Chairman of Board On Stand Admits He Made \$70,000 in Another Stock Transaction.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Edward N. Brown, former chairman of the board of the St. Louis San Francisco Railway, was questioned today about records purporting to show that while the Frisco bought stock in the Rock Island Railroad 12 years ago, an investment banking firm handling the purchase was selling its own stock in the Rock Island at considerable profit.

The records were exhibits at a trial in Supreme Court of a suit filed by John G. Lonsdale and James M. Kurn, Frisco line trustees, to recover \$10,500,000 from Brown, the banking houses of Speyer & Co. and Seligman & Co. and members of the two firms.

Brown, under examination by plaintiff's counsel, Mortimer Hays, was shown the records and a transcript of his testimony in 1924 in Frisco bankruptcy proceedings. In the latter account Brown testified his first knowledge of the proposed purchase of Rock Island stock dated back to September, 1925. He "guessed" it was six or eight weeks later when he discussed the matter with James Speyer, one of the defendants.

Buying and Selling.
The sheets showed Speyer & Co. purchased 12,000 shares of Rock Island stock during October and November, 1925, at 45 1/2 and 46, and sold it between Jan. 15 and Jan. 20 at 50, the peak.

Meanwhile, according to the records, Speyer & Co. began buying Rock Island stock for the Frisco line in December, 1925, and on Jan. 19, 1926, had completed the purchase of 275,000 shares.

Brown, who is 76 years old, testified concerning his friendship with other directors of the Frisco line, among them Frederick H. Ecker, Samuel Lazarus, T. George Smith, George W. Davidson, David T. Bennett, George C. Fraser and Jesse Hirschman.

He, as other defendants have done, denied the plaintiffs' contention that the banking firms dominated and controlled the Frisco line board of directors through Brown.

The complaint charged that such domination led the road into the purchase of a controlling interest in the Rock Island through the banking firms and that this resulted in a \$10,000,000 loan to the Frisco line.

The plaintiffs charge Brown's friendship led the board of directors to rely on Brown's action without question.

Brown, during testimony yesterday, admitted he had received \$70,246.44 syndicate profits from a previous stock transaction with Speyer & Co. His letter of acknowledgment was dated Sept. 18, 1925.

Ultimate Decision by Brown.
C. W. Michel, Eastern representative of Frisco trustees, testified yesterday in support of the contention Brown dominated the Rock Island board.

Michel said he joined the Frisco as a stenographer and became a member of the board in 1921. From 1921 to 1930 he was Brown's assistant. He testified he had confidence in Brown's ability and integrity, and said the board also had confidence in Brown and in Kurn.

He made up the agenda for the board meetings, he said, and submitted them to Brown and Kurn. Brown, he said, sometimes eliminated or deferred matters he had listed, and sometimes disapproved suggestions offered by Kurn. Kurn, on the other hand, never successfully opposed Brown so far as he knew, Michel said.

"Who made the ultimate decisions?" asked Mortimer Hays, counsel for the plaintiffs.

"Mr. Brown did," the witness replied.

He added, in answer to other questions, that he had never known the board to object to Brown's agenda.

THREE WALLS OF UNOCCUPIED TWO-STORY HOUSE COLLAPSE

Three walls of an unoccupied two-story brick residence at 5062 Wells avenue collapsed last night. No evidence of violence was found in an inspection of the debris by police and firemen, and the reason for the fall of the walls was undetermined.

The south wall at the rear of the building is entirely down, leaving back rooms completely exposed; most of the west wall also had collapsed and bricks fell from a section of the east wall. Adjacent buildings were undamaged except that one window was broken by a falling brick.

Vacant for five months, the house is owned by the Evangelical Synod of Chicago. Damage was estimated at \$4000.

COMPLETION OF ROCKEFELLER CENTER TO BE STARTED SOON

Work to Begin in Few Weeks on 15-Story Building, First of Three Structures.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—John D. Rockefeller Jr. announced plans yesterday for the early completion of Rockefeller Center by construction of three new buildings at a cost of \$12,000,000.

The first, a \$4,000,000, 15-story office building, will be started within

a few weeks. Twelve buildings have been erected in the modernistic business district, including the 70-story R. C. A. building. The center covers an area of 15 acres in Central Manhattan, fronting on Fifth avenue between Forty-eighth and Fifty-first streets.

Rockefeller said that the building plans were "a concrete expression of confidence" in "the belief that a generous extension of production programs with an adequate wage scale and a fair return on the capital invested, will not outrun a steadily developing demand."

He said relief measures "beyond

a stop-gap period" and "to destroy self respect" and that "business and industry alone can provide the jobs necessary to restore the nation's economic well-being."

Mail Clerk Killed in Rail Collision.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Two New York Central passenger trains collided today on the approach to the city's new elevated railroad right-of-way. Anthony Leone of Rochester, a railway mail clerk, was killed. Several other persons were injured and taken to hospitals. The rear coaches of both trains were derailed.

Man Shot by Railroad Agent.

A Negro who said he was Horace Randolph, 2108 Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, was shot in the thigh and superficially wounded yesterday by Richard Nedrow, railroad agent, who said Randolph and three other Negroes were removing coal from a train at Third street and St. Louis avenue, East St. Louis. Randolph ran when Nedrow approached.

SHELL COKE

Ashless Smokeless
Complies With All Smoke Laws
Highest Heat Unit. Ask for Egg, 20-25, and Lump, 21-25, Sizes. All Dealers.
E. J. WALLACE COAL CO.

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Keep That NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTION And come in for a FREE scalp examination. Phone LA. 9033 for Office Hours
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A Message to Mothers—

Give Your Child the Advantages of Music

A musical training should be a part of a child's education. Don't think you cannot afford music lessons for your child. Our small charges and easy payment plan (including instrument) make it possible for every mother to give her child music lessons. We teach all instruments and voice. Phone or write for complete information.



HUGO SCHOOLS OF MUSIC—21 Schools
Gen. Office, Studio Bldg., Taylor and Olive, Phone RO. 2710

3-day clearance! winter SURETY SIX SHOES

originally at \$6, starting thursday \$4.44

Utmost in style and value at \$6... now in mid-season at savings you can't afford to miss! The stunning variety that our exclusive Surety Six footwear is famed for, but not all sizes in each style. Come at 9:30 sharp.

pumps! straps! sandals! oxfords! others!
bucko! suedes! patents! calfskin! fabrics!
black! brown! blue! tan! white for evening!
all sales final! three days only! Surety Six Shoes—Third Floor



custom-made fit at ready-made prices!

May Joie CORSETTES

\$7.50



The finest fabrics... the most flattering designs... the most skillful workmanship have been put into these May Joie garments. This model has a satin lastex back with rayon satin front. It features a low back and is boned slightly. Other May Joie foundations priced at \$3.50 to \$10.

supervised fitting with every foundation garment

Corsets—Fifth Floor

for style, freedom and poise, choose

SLIPS MADE by "KICKERNICK"

\$1.95

A slip tip you won't regret! It moulds your figure to perfection and gives you that smooth look you crave! Of rayon crepe, rayon satin or knitted fabrics. Bias and 4 gore styles. For the miss and matron, 32 to 44.

others \$2.25 to \$3.95

Lingerie—Fifth Floor



Thursday Only! Sale! 77c NOTIONS

Royal Storage Closet, holds 8 to 10 garments, has Odora full-length mirror — 77c
J&P Coats Thread, 300-yard spool standard sewing Thread, 10 spools — 77c
2-Way-Stretch Garter or Pantie Style Girdles, outstanding value at this price — 77c
Closet Racks, shoe, hat and tie rack combination, Green enameled, sturdy — 77c

Chintz 60-In. Garment Bags, snap fastened — 77c
Unicum Human Hair Nets, no white or gray, 12 for 77c
Fully Bleached and Hemmed Tea Towels, 7 for 77c
Kleinert Jubilee Dress Shields — 4 Pcs. for 77c

It's FAMOUS for Notions—Main Floor

SALE! Furred Cloth COATS

in our pace-setting January event!

\$49.95 to \$79.95 values at

\$38

TRIMMED IN SMART FURS!

● Persian Lamb ● Kit Fox
● Azure Wolf ● Mountain Sable
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Special purchase plus drastic reductions on many of our "better" Coats! Savings you shouldn't miss! Styles that are fashion-right now and will carry over into next season just as smartly! Boxy or fitted models. Plenty of black and some colors. Misses', women's and little women's sizes.

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Coat Shop—Fourth Floor



January \$1 Sale of HANDKERCHIEFS

for men and women, starts thursday!

Save 56c to \$1 on women's 39c to 50c hand-embroidered or appliqued linen hankies, 4 for \$1
Save 90c to \$1.50 on women's 19c to 25c linens with hand-roll hems and applique — 10 for \$1
Save 75c to \$1.45 on women's 25c to 35c exquisite hand-appliqued linen hankies — 7 for \$1
Save 44c on Men's 6c Soft Cambric Handkerchiefs, 24 for \$1
Save \$1 on men's hand-embroidered initial linen kerchiefs, regularly \$1 each — 2 for \$1
Save 50c on men's 12 1/2c woven colored-border cambric handkerchiefs, 1/4-inch hems, 12 for \$1
Save 50c on box of six 25c each quality linen handkerchiefs for men. Hemstitched — 6 for \$1

Handkerchiefs—Main Floor

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

OPERATED BY THE MAY DEPT. STORES CO.

WE GIVE AND REDEEM EAGLE STAMPS

General

PART TWO

WILLIAM T. KEMPER DIES AFTER OPERATION

Former Democratic National Committeeman Succumbs at 71 in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 19.—William T. Kemper, banker and former Democratic National Committeeman from Missouri, died today at a hospital where he underwent an operation last month. He was 71 years old.

He was Democratic National Committeeman from 1924 to 1936, the years in which Missouri swung from the Republican to the Democratic column. Last year Gov. Stark appointed him chairman of the new Missouri Social Security Commission.

He was reputed to be one of the wealthiest six men in Missouri.

With him when he died were his three sons: James M. Kemper, president of the Commerce Trust Co.; Rufus Crosby Kemper, president of the City National Bank & Trust Co.; and William T. Kemper Jr., president of the First National Bank of Independence, Mo., and the Kemper State Bank of Booneville. He also is survived by his wife, the former Lottie Crosby of Valley Falls, Kan. They were married in 1890.

A niece, Mrs. J. Ferd Oberwinder of Hampton Park, St. Louis, and a nephew, Charles K. Matthews, 7032 Wydown boulevard, St. Louis, also survive.

Police Commissioner.

Mr. Kemper served here as police commissioner when he was 35 and James A. Reid was Mayor. He resigned to run for Mayor with the backing of Reid and T. J. Pendergast, Kansas City Democratic organization leader, but a split in party ranks resulted in a Republican victory.

He was born at Gallatin, Mo. Nov. 8, 1866. When a young man he was a shoe clerk at St. Joseph, Mo. Later he became a traveling salesman, moved to Valley Falls, Kan., and established several small groceries. Then he became a bank cashier.

Moving to Kansas City in 1898, he organized the Kemper Mill Elevator Co., and later the Kemper Investment Co. and the Kemper Mercantile Co. He was twice elected vice-president of the Board of Trade and was chosen president in 1902.

In 1906 he organized the Commerce Trust Co., and a year later became its president. He retired in 1916, but a few months later was recalled as chairman of a new organization created by the merger of the Trust Co. and the National Bank of Commerce.

Receiver of Orient Road.

He became receiver of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railroad in 1917, conceived by Arthur E. Stillwell as a short route to the West Coast, with a terminal at Tepic, Mexico. With the outbreak of the World War, British investors began withdrawing the money. The road ran into financial difficulties, dissolution was threatened, litigation was instituted and remained in the courts until 1924, when American interest gained control.

Meanwhile, Kemper completed the reorganization of the road and became president in 1925. Ten years later he and his counsel received more than \$1,000,000 in fees for their 10 years of service.

\$9800 FOR SIX EMPLOYEES IN RESTAURANT MAN'S WILL

Frank Sandra Left One Brother \$2000. Another Residue of Estate Valued at \$150,000.

Six employees of the Italian Catering Co., a restaurant at 1729 Washington avenue, who are beneficiaries of specific bequests totaling \$9800 under the will of the proprietor, Frank Sandra, are waiting for the residue of the estate, including the restaurant business, to go to another brother, Germano Sandra.

Mrs. Sandra estimated the value of the estate between \$150,000 and \$200,000 but said an inventory would be necessary to determine exactly. The will asked that Julius J. Salvaggi be named attorney for the executor. Frank Sandra, who died Jan. 8, had conducted the restaurant for about 35 years.

WOMAN INJURED BY AUTO

City Hospital Attendant Hit At Alighting From Street Car.

Mrs. Catherine Murphy, an attendant at City Hospital, where she was seriously injured last night when struck by an automobile in front of 1807 South Twelfth street.

Mrs. Murphy, 41 years old, widow, suffered multiple fractures of the right leg and a dislocated shoulder. She was taken to City Hospital. The driver of the automobile told police he was Ed R. Trojahn, a clothing worker, 8 Robert avenue.

GALLAGHER, NO MATCH FOR LEWIS, IS KNOCKED OUT IN THIRD

CROWD OF 8442 SEES CHAMPION WIN EASY BOUT

Trammell - Walker Match Adds Comedy Relief — Kid Irish Takes Decision Over London.

AUDITORIUM RESULTS

John Henry Lewis, Phoenix, Ariz., (181) knocked out Marty Gallagher, Washington, D. C., (209) in the third round. Walter Hansen, referee. Harry Cook and Al Graft, judges.

Jack Trammell, Youngstown, O., (184½) defeated Ed Walker, Atlanta, Ga., (244½), 10 rounds. Tommy Sullivan, referee. Morris Wolf and Graft, judges.

Kid Irish, Alton, (129½), outpointed Danny London, New York (127), 10 rounds. Cook, referee. Jim Solari and Graft, judges.

Farrar Moore, St. Louis (148½), outpointed Don Custer, Chicago (160), five rounds. Sullivan, referee. Wolf and Graft, judges.

Johnny Miles, St. Louis (128½), knocked out Buddy Faust, St. Louis (123½), in fifth round. Cook, referee. Wolf and Graft, judges.

By W. J. McGoogan.

There has to be a first time for everything, it is said, so fight followers got a double dose of firsts at the Auditorium last night as John Henry Lewis, light-heavyweight champion of the world, knocked out Marty Gallagher of Washington, D. C., in the third round of their scheduled 10-round fight.

It was the first time that Lewis scored an actual knockout in the 10 victories he has won here since October, 1935, and it was the first time that Gallagher was ever counted out on the floor.

Previously, Lewis had won nine contests, four by decision and five on technical knockouts, while Gallagher had one technical knockout chalked up against him previously.

There wasn't much to the fight. Gallagher, known as a slow starter, outwitted John Henry 28½ pounds, scaling 209½ to the champion's 181. There was considerable holding so far as the fight went and Lewis seemed to be doing most of it but Gallagher was forcing some of it on him by rushing into John Henry and throwing his arms round him.

Gallagher didn't land one solid blow and a brief flurry at the end of the second round was all he showed.

In the third, after Referee Hansen had pried the two fighters apart several times, John Henry let go a straight right-hand punch which landed on Gallagher's chin and sent him to the deck to stay there while the 10-count was tolled.

Lewis was cheered as he left the ring but Gallagher got a few Bronx cheers and that was all.

It was a sorry showing for Marty who probably marked the beginning of the end if not the end, for him as a first-rank fighter. Certainly it does in St. Louis, at least.

For sheer action and considerable comedy the 10-round victory which Jack Trammell, elongated, fat-faced Negro from Youngstown, O., scored over Ed Walker, short and fat, from Atlanta, Ga., in 10 rounds had it all over the main event.

Walker outwitted Trammell by 60 pounds, scaling 244½ to 184½ for Jack. But Trammell had much more the better of the fight, and he knocked Ed to the floor for an eight-count in the third round.

It looked then as though Ed would never be able to go the route with Trammell, but he was there at the finish and still fighting hard, so hard, in fact, that he won the last round.

Trammell had built up a good lead early in the fight, helped greatly by the knockdown, and that stood him in good stead as Walker pined for him in the later stages.

Don Custer of Chicago made his first and probably his last stand in St. Louis against Farrar Moore, dropping a five-round decision, while Johnny Miles, making a comeback, knocked out young Buddy Faust in the fifth round of their fight after he had lost three of the four previous rounds.

The attendance was 8442 and receipts \$3772.30.

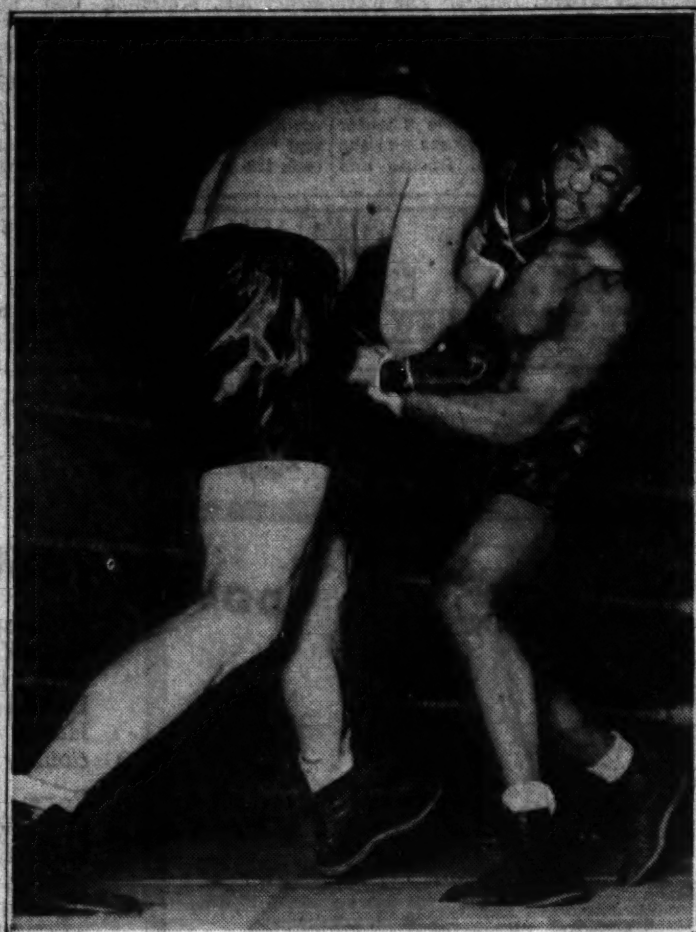
Atkins Cancels Card.

Commissioner Russell Murphy stated that Larry Atkins has called off his proposed card for Feb. 4. Atkins was trying to bring Tony Galento here, but couldn't make it.

Principia College Wins.

The Principia College basketball team won from Central Wesleyan, 23 to 22, at Elmhurst, Ill., last night. It was the third triumph in four starts for the Principia quintet.

Champion Gets Hit and Then Something Happens to the Other Fellow



Left—Marty Gallagher landing a blow to John Henry Lewis' face in last night's match at the Auditorium. Right—The same Gallagher being counted out by Referee Walter Hansen in the third of a scheduled 10-round fight.

Larry MacPhail Named As Dodgers' Official; Takes Up New Duties

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Larry MacPhail today was named executive vice-president of the Brooklyn baseball club under a long-term contract and will assume his duties immediately.

MacPhail, former general manager of the Cincinnati Reds, "already has submitted a complete and extensive program designed to establish the Brooklyn club as an aggressive competitor" in the National League, Dodgers officials announced.

He has been given full authority in handling the affairs of the Dodgers and their minor league connections. The club expressed "particular pride" in signing MacPhail to a contract, and added that his "great experience and ability fully qualify him" for the position he has undertaken.

As general manager at Cincinnati from 1934 to his resignation in November, 1936, MacPhail brought the team out of the red financially and was responsible for the introduction of night baseball in the major leagues.

Announcement of the signing of MacPhail concluded negotiations begun early this month. At that time the baseball "trouble-shooter" conferred with the club officials at their request, he announced.

MacPhail added that the conference had brought the three Brooklyn factions—President Stephen W. McKee, the Ebbets heirs and a Brooklyn bank—closer together, but that he would not consider any position unless given the full authority which now has been delegated to him.

Dissent among the three Dodge factions has been pointed out as the chief reason why Brooklyn each year has a second-division ball club. It also was given as the principal cause for the ousting of Manager Ben Sedgwick.

Cubs Mention Rizzo in Trade Talk With the Reds

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Probably on the theory that no harm can come from a bit of idle talk, the Cubs and Pirates got together again yesterday. It was entirely informal and not prearranged, but at the conclusion of the session the principles were agreed that a deal between the two clubs was as far off as when the sparring started last October.

Pittsburgh's No. 1 demand in a swap with the Cubs is the same that he made in December. It's the same one the Brooklyn club has demanded in the Cubs' efforts to land Van Lingle Mungo. President William Benswanger of the Pirates wants Outfielder Frank Demaree, and Outfielder Frank Demaree happens to be one of a couple of fellows the Cubs positively will not trade.

Would Swap Jensen.

What Benswanger would like to do is give the Cubs Outfielder Woody Jensen. The latter is a polished fly chaser, speedy foot and not a bad hitter. The Chicago club has no objection to ownership of the athlete, who might be a handy man for left field, but nothing would be gained by taking Jensen and letting Demaree slip into a Pirate uniform.

Jensen was recently credited with an interview in which he advised his boss to quit baseball and return to the insurance business, and although the statement was subsequently denied by the player,

the Cubs-Brooklyn argument over Mungo is still on and will come to a head for the "stealth" time during the National League schedule meeting at New York, Feb. 1.

CLIFT, MIZE, VAN ATTA JOIN HOLDOUT RANKS

Three more players, two members of the Browns and one of the Cardinals, were added to the holdout list of the clubs yesterday.

Harold Clift, star third baseman of the Browns, and Russell Van Atta, a pitcher, were the latest members of the local American League entry to announce dissatisfaction over their 1938 papers.

For the Cardinals, Johnny Mize, slugging first sacker, joined Dizzy Dean and Joe Medwick.

Clift, one of the Browns' leading hitters last season and top ranking athlete of the club in runs batted in with 118, apparently wants a larger increase than the club offered. Clift, who fielded .947, set two new records last season and tied another.

Van Atta, who appeared in only 16 games, winning one and losing two, because of an injury to his arm, at his home in St. Petersburg, Fla., said "there were certain clauses other than those pertaining to salary which I did not like."

Harold Steinman, Chicago, Levin's manager, said after the bout he would protest against the action tomorrow to the State Athletic Commission.

COUNTRY DAY 'A' TEAM WINS TO STAY UNBEATEN

A fourth quarter rally enabled the Country Day basketball team to win their fifth victory in five starts when they defeated Champlain Valley State yesterday afternoon.

The Country Day team, which is coached by Coach J. J. O'Connell, defeated Champlain Valley State 20 to 12. Country Day was minus two regulars, Keeler and Whitelaw.

On Saturday Country Day will complete the first half of its "ABC" League basketball schedule when it meets Western at Western. Country Day is leading the league while Western is tied with Burrigault for second place.

Clayton won its fourth game in six encounters when it defeated Principia "A" team yesterday afternoon at Principia, 15 to 14.

Country Day and Champlain Valley State met in a basketball game at Champlain Valley State yesterday afternoon.

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Referee Thinks Levinsky Ought to Learn to Wrestle

By the Associated Press.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 19.—KINGFISH LEVINSKY, 225-pound former fish peddler doesn't know how to wrestle, Referee Curly Fowler said last night in disqualifying the Chicago former pugilist.

Fowler stopped a match between the Kingfish, whose fistic exploits are reported to have netted him around \$300,000, and Alonzo Wood of Pittsburgh after three minutes.

The referee explained to Matchmaker Heywood Allen Sr.: "This man doesn't know how to defend himself. I can't let the match go on."

At that time the Kingfish was sprawled on his back.

Harold Steinman, Chicago, Levin's manager, said after the bout he would protest against the action tomorrow to the State Athletic Commission.

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MISS WEISS NAMED HEAD OF TENNIS GROUP

By Davison Ober.

Mercedes Weiss, leading tennis player in this district, was elected president of the Greater St. Louis Women's Tennis Association at the annual meeting of the organization held last night at the Carpenter Branch Library.

The new president succeeds Mrs. George Stemmler, who served during the past year.

In addition to winning the top honors among women tennis players in 1937, Miss Weiss was a member of several committees of the organization which she now heads.

Mrs. Monroe Lewis and Mrs. Frank Furlong Jr. were re-elected first and second vice-presidents, respectively, while Evelyn Caporal again was named treasurer.

The secretarial duties of the organization were divided. Frances Jacobson, general secretary last year, was named recording secretary, while Eleanor Conant was elected corresponding secretary.

The Executive Committee for the ensuing year will consist of the six officers and Mrs. Stemmler, retiring president. A committee to draft a constitution and by-laws will be appointed by the new president.

The association will hold its next meeting late in February to hear the report of this committee.

The delegates voted to ask the United States Lawn Tennis Association to select St. Louis as one of the training centers for the proposed 1938 U.S. Open.

Request will be made through Dr. Frank Dieknecht of this city, Missouri Valley section delegate.

The meeting voted to again hold the St. Louis County open event and to sponsor the usual district events, subject to the approval of the St. Louis District Tennis Association as to places and dates.

MARVIN OWEN SIGNS WHITE SOX CONTRACT

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—The signed contract of Third Baseman Marvin Owen reached the Chicago White Sox offices yesterday, bringing into the fold the last of three players obtained from the Detroit Tigers trading season.

Outfielder Jerry Walker and Catcher Mike Trash, who with Owen came to the Sox in exchange for Pitcher Vernon Kennedy, Outfielder Fred Walker and Infielder Tony Piet, signed their contracts several weeks ago.

High Jumpers Enter.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Cornelius Johnson, Olympic high jump champion in 1936, and Eddie Gordon, broad jump titlist at the Los Angeles games in 1932, have entered the Grover Cleveland Ochsola Club games, which will be held Saturday night.

Two Matches Arranged.

Tommy Marvin of Tennessee, will meet Cherry Vallina of Illinois, and Charley Kuehn of St. Louis will oppose Jack McAdams of Chicago, in two time-limit wrestling matches Friday night at the Coliseum.

Matchmaker Bill Schwab announced.

MILLERS DEFEAT FLYERS, 5 TO 1; CLIMB IN RACE

By the Associated Press.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 19.—Minnesota went into second place in the American Hockey Association standings here last night by defeating the St. Louis Flyers, 5 to 1.

Late in the first period, Minneapolis scored when Bretto denied the nets from a close in shot on a pass from Godin. Early in the second period Godin, Patterson and Blake combined to put the Flyers ahead 2 to 0, when Godin scored.

In the second period, Patterson scored with Bretto assisting.

Blake scored in the third period when Nelson lost his stick to put the Flyers ahead, 4 to 0. With the Flyers a man short, Smith skated down the side to end the Miller scoring unassisted. With three seconds of the game left, Purpur averted a St. Louis shutout when he pushed the puck past Wood on an assist from Hanson and Hudson.

Lineup and summary:

ST. LOUIS: G. Wood; D. Mitchell; C. L. D. Patterson; F. Purpur; R. W. Blake; S. Smith; J. Nelson; J. Godin; J. Hanson; J. Hudson.

Scoring: First period—Bretto (Godin) 1:55; Smith, 18:38; Purpur (Hanson) 10:55; Patterson (Bretto) 9:55.

Penalties—Bretto 1:55; Patterson 9:55; Smith 18:38; Purpur 10:55; Patterson 19:57; Patterson 19:57.

WAGNER, COBB AND RUTH UNANIMOUSLY SELECTED FOR TEAM

Hans Wagner, Ty Cobb and Babe Ruth were unanimous choices on an all-time all-star baseball team named by the 17 staff members and correspondents of the Sporting News, baseball newspaper.

Walter Johnson and Christy Mathewson were named pitchers, while Grover Cleveland Alexander, newest choice for baseball's Hall of Fame, was well down the list tied with Carl Hubbell.

The vote was: First base: Lou Gehrig, 8; George Sisler, 7; Hal Chase, 2.

Second base: Larry Lajoie, 8; Eddie Collins, 4; Rogers Hornsby, 3; Charley Gehringer, 2.

Shortstop: Hans Wagner, 17; Third base: Jimmy Collins, 9; Harold Traynor, 8.

Outfielders: Ty Cobb and Babe Ruth, 17 each; Tris Speaker, 14; Joe Jackson, Ed Delahanty and Frankie Frisch, 1 each.

Catchers: Mickey Cochrane, 12; Roger Bresnahan, 6; Buck Ewing and John Kling, 4 each; Gabby Hartnett, 3; Bill Dickey and Ray Schalk, 2 each; Mike Kelly, 1.

Pitchers: Walter Johnson, 13; Christy Mathewson, 12; Bob Grover, 8; Cleveland Alexander, 4 each; Babe Waddell, 3; Eddie Plank, 2; Jack Coombs, 1.

Manager: John J. McGraw, 9; Connie Mack, 8.

TWO SETS OF TWINS FROM TEXAS TO RUN IN MILLROSE GAMES

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Elmer and Deane Brown and Wayne and Elaine Rideout, two sets of twins from North Texas State Teachers' College, will run as a medley relay team Feb. 5 in the third-annual Millrose A. A. games.

They will compete against Manhattan College, Indiana and Ohio State.

In addition, the Browns and Wayne Rideout will team with Alvin Christman in one of the college mile relays for the John G. Anderson memorial trophy.

Christman, also from North Texas, is another twin, but his brother Alvin is not a track man.

One year's football, at \$13,000 or \$14,000 is considerable money," said Sammy. "But I'm a pretty trail boy, you know, and I'm liable to go out any time. Under terms of the three-year contract, I am protecting myself for that length of time."

"Me get \$25,000? Who ever heard of such a thing? It's the bunk—just publicity," he continued. "Salaries just don't come that high in professional football."

Baugh said he still had his plans pointed towards a coaching career.

OLD PETE" IS NINTH STAR TO BE SO HONORED

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Baseball's solemnly elected immortal Grover Cleveland Alexander, who was elected over their pedestals to day and welcomed their newest member, one of the best loved of them all, Grover Cleveland Alexander.

"Old Pete," the great pitcher who stood big league batters on their heads for 20 years, joins the select little group of the hall of fame.

Cooperstown, N. Y., by a flattering vote of the Baseball Writers' Association of America.

Of 137 players of the past who received at least one vote in this year's poll, Alexander was the only one to be named on the necessary 75 percent of the ballots.

Needling 197 votes for election, he received 179 votes.

Three other bygone stars fell short, George Sisler getting 179 votes, Wes Willie Keeler 177 votes, and Eddie Collins 175 votes.

Two of these should make the grade next year. Others who trailed Alexander included Ruben Waddell, 143; Frank Chance, 133; Ed Delahanty, 122; Ed Walsh, 116; and Johnny Evers, 91.

Is Ninth Player Named.

Those whom Alexander joins in baseball's temple are Ty Cobb, Babe Ruth, Honus Wagner, Christy Mathewson, Walter Johnson, Napoleon Lajoie, Tris Speaker and Cy Young, all named in past ballots of the Baseball Writers as the game's outstanding players since 1900.

Major league club owners in joint session recently added two great managers, Connie Mack and John McGraw, the first National League president, Morgan Bulkeley; the organizer of the American League, Ben Johnson, and George Wright, pioneer player and manager.

Alex, like many another old-timer, has had tough sledding since his major league epilogue with the Phillies in 1930. After pitching 51 games for Dallas in the Texas League later that season, he finally left organized baseball at the age of 43, and since then has been about the country with the House of David and other semipro outfits. He manages his own club now at Springfield, Ill.

But he was a wonder while he lived, for 20 years after he joined the Phillies as a big, freckle-faced kid in 1911. He never had tremor, speed, like Walter Johnson, but relied on a sharp curve and unerring control. Almost always he kept the ball low, around the knees.

With all his tremendous pitching feats, though, Alex always will be remembered for a single, vitally important pitch in the twilight of his career. It was a baseball classic, one that has no grown old in the telling.

St. Louis Cardinals, to whom Alex had transferred that season, were locked with the Yankees for the seventh and deciding game of the big series at Yankee Stadium. The Cards held a 2-2 lead going into the last of the seventh, when the Yanks filled the sacks with two out and Tony Lazzari, a dangerous clubhouse cat, at bat.

"Things were tense. Manager Rogers Hornsby called time out to confer with his pitcher, Jess Haines. Old Alex, who had pitched brilliantly to win the previous day, suddenly had celebrated well into the night, was snoring loudly in the bullpen. Hornsby beckoned him in, a last desperate effort to stay off the Yanks.

Alex awoke himself, cocked his cap over one eye and trudged slowly through the mist as the crowd at first unbelieving, rose to shout his name. Then, after a brief warmup, he struck out Lazzari on three pitched balls. Wearily he toiled two more innings to clinch the game and the series.

Old Pete Is Grateful.

SPECIAL TO THE POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 19.—Showing the same nonchalance as he displayed on a bleak Sunday in 1929 when he strode from the mound to fan Tony Lazzari and led the St. Louis Cardinals to the first world title, Grover Cleveland Alexander yesterday had been admitted to baseball's Hall of Fame, a fitting tribute to his career.

"Old Pete" was grateful. The way he simply isn't one to enthuse over popular acclaim.

"I'm very grateful," he drawled. "It's a fine thing."

Winning Streak Broken.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Led by Earl Keith with 15 points and Fred Troutwine with 17, the Warrensburg Teachers last night snapped a six-game winning streak of the Springfield Teachers, 43 to 28. It was the second straight A. A. victory for the Mules.

Frank Kovacs, San Francisco, defeated Billy Farmer of Tampa, 6-0; Gus Gansmuller of New York, 6-0; George Parks of New York, 6-0; and Vernon March, Lakeview, 6-0.

Defeated Bill Morris of Detroit, 6-0, 6-2.

LEAD PRICE SETBACK IN STOCK LIST

Steels, Chemicals, Motors, Coppers and Other Industrial Groups in Forefront of the Early Year Advance Prominent in Movement.

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Jan. 19. — Ralls set a down-grade course for the stock market today and moderate offerings depressed many shares 1 to 3 points.

Rallying efforts in late dealings reduced losses. But declines were widespread through the list as steels, chemicals, motors, coppers and other industrial groups in the forefront of the early new year advance followed the railroad stocks.

While trading was somewhat more active on the downside, many speculators held aloof waiting the outcome of White House conference with industrialists and a better view of spring business prospects, it was said.

Further sharp drops in numerous railroad bonds and a fall in grains and other commodities seemed to encourage selling in stocks. Conspicuous in bucking the main currents were gold shares. Utilities on the whole also fared better than rails and industrials.

Transactions approximated 1,000,000 shares.

Await Earnings.

Wall Street saw forthcoming quarterly corporate earnings statements as possible stumbling blocks for the market. At the same time the day's industrial news added little to the previous picture of a mild new year upturn in production.

Among the outstanding losers were Union Pacific, Santa Fe, Southern Pacific, Great Northern, Seaboard, International Harvester, Kennecott, American Smelting, Allied Chemical, Du Pont, General Electric, Westinghouse, American Telephone and Telegraph, U. S. Gypsum. In late dealings, was among the few gainers.

Most bonds fell the downward pull of rail obligations. Wheat at Chicago finished 1 to 1 1/2 cents a bushel lower. Corn was off 1/4 to 1/2 of a cent.

Down fractions to 2 points at the finish were American Steel Foundries, Libbey-Owens, Climax Molybdenum, Borg-Warner, American Tobacco "B", Commercial Investment Trust, Brown Cork & Seal and Monsanto Chemical.

The French franc was .024 of a cent higher at 3.54 cents in mid-afternoon following the formation of the Chautauque Government in France. The British pound was 1/4 of a cent up at \$4.96-16.

Cotton gained 1/4 cent to 12 1/2 cents, closed 2 to 30 cents a bale higher.

News of the Day.

Of paramount interest to the financial district was the conference scheduled for late in the day between President Roosevelt and a large group of industrialists. The market seemed to take a more favorable view of developments in the utility controversy, including the question of TVA purchases of private power properties, and utility shares did better around the opening.

But gains in the power as well as other groups mostly were wiped out in the later selling.

Expectations of poor December earnings reports for leading roads, along with the Erie reorganization move, kept sellers on the trail of the hard-pressed carrier shares.

Norfolk & Western, a relatively inactive issue, was off sight at one time. Declines were traced more to feeble support rather than heavy offerings.

Demand for gold stocks, persistent since the deflationary turn in prices last autumn, was seen in further advances in Dome Mines, McIntyre, Porcupine and Juneau. Homestake, however, was lower most of the time as the stock traded minus the monthly dividend of 3 1/2 cents.

Midwest Industrial Reviews.

The "Iron Age," in its weekly survey, noted steel buyers were ordering only on a hand-to-mouth basis, a policy seen in other markets for raw materials and finished goods. This hesitancy was attributed in part to uncertainty over maintenance of present prices on various manufactured goods and on steel.

Production of electricity, followed in financial circles as one of the most comprehensive reflectors of business, last week was off 6.6 per cent compared with the 1937 period, the Edison Electric Institute reported. The previous week a year-to-year loss of 4.7 per cent was shown.

Announcement the Rockefeller interests were planning to complete the Rockefeller center project in New York City with an outlay of \$12,000,000 for three more buildings attracted attention in view of hopes construction would take on fresh recovery strength this year.

COMMODITY INDEX AVERAGES

Other statistics showing economic trend.

TREND OF STAPLE PRICES.

Price index of staples (1937=100).
 1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

RANGE OF RECENT YEARS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STOCK PRICE AVERAGES.

(Compiled by Dow-Jones.)
 1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

BOND PRICE AVERAGES.

(Compiled by Associated Press.)
 1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

10 LOWEST BOND PRICES.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STOCK PRICE TREND.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

UNITED STATES TREASURY POSITION ON JAN. 17.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The position of the Treasury on Jan. 17.

Receipts, \$25,484,140.96; expenditures, \$26,101,761.98; balance, \$2,942,378.98.

Receipts for the fiscal year (since July 1), \$1,386,022,915.1; expenditures, \$1,417,447,846.15; balance, \$1,070,575.95.

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TODAY'S NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

SPECIAL ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Total sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to 998,851 shares, compared with 779,000 yesterday, 1,309,800 a week ago and 2,385,470 a year ago. Total sales from Jan. 1 to date were 15,851,081 shares, compared with 40,054,470 a year ago and 45,700,043 two years ago.

Following is a complete list of transactions, giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net change.

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Close	Chg.
Ab Lab 100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 1900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 2900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 3900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 4900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 5900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 6900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 7900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 8900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9100s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9200s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9300s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9400s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9500s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9600s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9700s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9800s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 9900s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01
Adm Exp 10000s	1.38	1.37	1.38	0.01

ST. LOUIS STOCKS

ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE, Jan. 19.—The trading list was narrow today.

The more active shares were unchanged at close of morning session. A Little Wagner Electric sold lower.

In the afternoon session National Bearing Metals was unchanged while Missouri Portland was a fraction lower.

Stock sales amounted to 537 shares and 265 warrants, compared with 1199 yesterday. Bond sales were \$2000.

Following is a complete list of securities trading in giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net change.

ST. LOUIS STOCKS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS BONDS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCKS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS BONDS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCKS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS BONDS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCKS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS BONDS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCKS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS BONDS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCKS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

ST. LOUIS BONDS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL PRODUCTION GAINS NOT UNIFORM EARNINGS DECREASED

Aggregate Up for Week Though Certain Districts Unchanged or Down.

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—"The Age" said today in its weekly review of the steel industry that "Steel ingot production moved up another notch to 30 per cent of capacity from 28 per cent last week. Small as this improvement is, it has not been without significance to the industry."

Following is a complete list of earnings for the week ending Jan. 13, 1939, compared with the same week in 1938 and 1937.

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 1939-40 100.00

STEEL EARNINGS.

1937-38 100.00
 1938-39 100.00
 19

PAGE 1
BONDS UNSETTLED

BONDS UNSETTLED BY LOWER RAIN

[illegible]

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Celotex Corporation's plan to acquire a 17 per cent interest in the Certain-teed Products Corporation today had the approval of stockholders.

[illegible]

Switzerland, 23.10%; Spain, unquoted; Portugal, 4.54%; Greece, .92%; Poland, .00; Czechoslovakia, 3.51%; Yugoslavia, .85; Austria, 18.91n; Hungary, 19.90; Romania, .75; Argentina, 33.33n; Brazil, .00.

[illegible]

	Age	Sex	Weight	Length	Wing	Tail	Culmen	Gape	Midtarsus	Toe	Claw
—	—	—	2.27	2.27	2.27b						
—	—	—	2.29	2.28	2.28b						
—	—	—	2.31	2.30	2.30b						
—	—	—	2.32	2.32	2.31b						

[illegible]

Sec Chemical	1.18	1.29
Sec Food	.75	.83
Sec Invest Shrs	.75	.83
Sec Merchandises	.91	1.00
Sec Mining	1.23	1.34
Sec Petrol	1.07	1.17

[illegible]

PART THREE

WILLKIE SAYS
UTILITIES MUST BE
BOUGHT COMPLETE

Commonwealth & South-
ern Head Declares This
Way to Save Invest-
ment in T V A Territory.

MADE PROPOSAL
TO ROOSEVELT

Illinois Declares Power
Company Can Sell Its
Plants and Lines With
Little Loss.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19. — Wendell L. Willkie, president of Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, said last night that if the investment in its corporation's subsidiary systems in T V A territory "is to be saved, these utility systems must be bought as systems."

"If the Federal Government wishes it should not buy the utility systems as systems, then I urge, on behalf of investors and employees, that it advance the money to the states in the Tennessee Valley for that purpose," he said. "It seems to me that in the interests of these investors, we should have either an acceptance or rejection of this proposal, instead of a mere resumption of negotiations which have been going on fruitlessly for several years."

Willkie's remarks were made in commenting on the statement in Washington of David E. Lilienthal, T V A director, who said that T V A "cannot and will not buy anything but useful physical assets."

The utility executive repeated that he knew of no fairer method of acquiring such a transaction than to submit it to three men—two to be named by the President, one by the Supreme Court and one by the utilities.

"For four years," Willkie said, "I have made repeated proposals for the solution of the problem created by Tennessee Valley Authority. On Jan. 6, 1937, I proposed in the President in writing that the properties in Tennessee Valley be bought as systems. To that proposal I have never had an acceptance or rejection. As I told the President, there is no personal corporate sacrifice within the limits of my trusteeship. I would not make to work out the problem. I cannot, however, work it out by sacrificing the property or security holders."

"In so far as I am able to understand Mr. Lilienthal's statement, it is proposed that we should resume negotiations with municipalities in order to sell the distribution systems to them at prices to be determined under the threat of application with Federal funds; and some of the transmission lines of the hydro plants should be sold to T V A at T V A's prices; and that the rest of these facilities and the steam generating plants are to be retained by the company even when the market for their power is either eliminated or so far removed as to make economic operation impossible."

"The loss to the utility investors from such a program would be enormous. As everyone who has the slightest knowledge of the utility business knows, a utility system can no more be dismantled, piece by piece, and retain its efficiency than can the human body, broken up, be utility would be wholly unable to finance itself and would be easy prey for further T V A competition. Even under the present circumstances, the Commonwealth & Southern Corporation has had to advance \$30,000,000 to its Southern operating companies in the last four years."

Attitude of T V A.

Lilienthal said T V A was willing to negotiate for useful physical assets of Commonwealth & Southern Southern utilities, but did not intend "to pay for water, or write-ups."

Lilienthal added, in a statement, that T V A would co-operate in the distribution of lines to municipalities for a "fair price" but would not "be a party to recommending that any municipality pay inflated prices."

Willkie had suggested Saturday "a last resort in a desperate situation" that the Government buy the utility operating companies the corporation has in the South-east.

Several municipalities in the area where these utilities operate have arranged to set up distribution systems and buy electric power from T V A.

Lilienthal asserted that sale of physical assets used to T V A and municipalities could be worked out by businesslike discussion and negotiations.

Recommendations.

He recommended that Commonwealth & Southern resume negotiations with Southern municipalities

Mass Expulsions From Communist
Ranks Halted by Soviet Leaders

Party Committee and Supreme Court Find
Many Innocent Persons Were Dismissed,
Causing Them to Lose Employment.

By the Associated Press.

MOSCOW, Jan. 19. — The Communist party's central committee called a virtual halt in the purge of party ranks last night by adopting a resolution condemning the mass expulsion of party members which usually resulted in their loss of jobs and often arrest.

The committee forbade mass expulsions which it attributed either to overambitious informers or officials too anxious to get ahead.

The resolution disclosed that thousands, "even tens of thousands," had been driven from party ranks during the purge.

Prosecution of those guilty of "illegal dismissals" and of "slander" was urged by the committee to make party members more reluctant to bring unsubstantial testimony against other members.

Court Finds Work Suffered.

A statement from Russia's Supreme Court called on the courts to prosecute those guilty of bearing false evidence and pointed out that the mass dismissals from the party, with subsequent loss of jobs, had been undermining production, causing the nation's industrial output to lag and had caused dissatisfaction among all workers.

There was no indication of a let-up in the drive against suspected spies and wreckers.

The committee also removed the name of Pavel Postels, formerly high in Communist inner circles, from the list of candidates for the committee's powerful political bureau.

The name of Nikita Khrushchev, secretary of the Moscow party committee, a young leader rising rapidly to prominence, was substituted.

Pravda, considered Joseph Stalin's mouthpiece, indicated satisfaction with results of the purge, except for overzealousness by informers and some officials.

The Communist newspaper asserted that "the success of our party in purifying its ranks of Trotskyists and Bukharinist agents of Fascism" was equivalent to a "victory of the country of Socialism in the Bolshevik battle with a capitalist world."

Stalin's speech in March, 1937, which started the purge has "penetrated deeply into the consciousness of millions of people," Pravda said.

Stalin, secretary-general of the party, called for "merciless" extermination of all Bolshevik enemies.

"Playing Into Enemy's Hands."

Pravda, however, flayed "rotten leaders" who played into the enemy's hands with "false vigilance."

"Under the mask of over-vigilance, agents of Fascism sought to break up and out from the ranks our Bolshevik personnel," said Pravda.

An example was that of the city of Chernigov, where 50 members were expelled. Later it was established that 48 were innocent of charges against them, the Executive Committee said.

The committee ruled that henceforth each case should be examined individually; that appeals for reinstatement be heard within three months, with reconsideration of each case; that party membership documents be restored to members reinstated; that those guilty of slander be prosecuted, and their retractions published; that party expulsions not be a cause for discharge from employment, and that new jobs be given all expelled members within 15 days.

U. S. SEEKS INTERVIEW
WITH MRS. ROBINSON

Envoy at Moscow Asks for
Permit to Visit Woman
Held as Spy Suspect.

By the Associated Press.

MOSCOW, Jan. 19. — Roy Henderson, charge d'affaires of the United States Embassy, asked the Soviet Foreign Office today for an interview with Mrs. Marie Ruth Rubens, a United States citizen who is held by Soviet authorities on suspicion of espionage.

The request for permission to see Mrs. Rubens was decided on by Secretary of State Hull at Washington after the Soviet Foreign Office had informed the State Department that Mrs. Rubens was under arrest. She presumably is being held in Lubianka prison, a block from the Foreign Office.

Mrs. Rubens has been the subject of an investigation by the State Department since Nov. 16, 1933, shortly before American recognition of Russia. She is known as Robinson in a United States citizen has not been determined. He also is under arrest.

Foreign Commissar Maxim Litvinov, in a letter to President Roosevelt Nov. 16, 1933, shortly before American recognition of Russia, agreed that "requests made by consular representatives to visit nationals of their countries under arrest... shall be granted without delay."

In an oral reply to a United States note Jan. 7 requesting information concerning Mrs. Rubens, the Soviet Foreign Office informed Henderson yesterday that the woman was arrested following the arrest of "Robinson," with whom she entered the Soviet Union.

The Soviet Foreign Office said the investigation had not progressed sufficiently to warrant placing a formal charge against Mrs. Rubens. Her examination, it said, is being continued.

MORE STRIKES HARASS
NEW FRENCH CABINET

Latest Chateaux Ministry to
Hold First Meeting
Tomorrow.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, Jan. 19. — New labor disturbances arose today to harass the remodeled Government of Camille Chateaux and the Premier at once called a conference of his Ministers to deal with them.

Chateaux forced the Government yesterday, the fifth day of the longest French Cabinet crisis since the World War, when Socialists in the Chamber of Deputies assured him of their parliamentary support.

The Cabinet meeting was set for tomorrow morning.

Eighteen of the 20 ministers in the new Cabinet, including the Premier, are Radical Socialists. No Socialists are included.

Radical Socialist Foreign Minister Yvon Delbos and Defense Minister Edouard Daladier retain their posts, assuring continuation of France's defense program.

The labor issue and accompanying fall of the franc forced out Chateaux' previous People's Front Cabinet, which included Socialist Ministers and had Communist support in Parliament.

Chateaux summed up his aim as "to ascertain desires of the universal suffrage and reconcile them with the national safety."

The official Cabinet list: Ministers of State — Louis Frossard and Georges Bonnet. Foreign Affairs — Yvon Delbos. Interior — Albert Sarraut. Justice — Cesar Campinchi. National Defense and War — Edouard Daladier. Air — Guy Lachambre. Navy — William Bertrand. Finance — Paul Marchandeau. Public Works — Henri Queuille. Agriculture — Fernand Chapal. Education — Jean Zay. Labor — Paul Ramadier. Commerce — Pierre Cot. Colonies — Theodore Steeg. Communication — Fernand Genthon. Health — Marc Rucart. Pensions — Robert Lassalle. Merchant Marine — Paul Elbel.

After their session tomorrow morning, and a second meeting Friday morning, the Cabinet Ministers are to appear in the Chamber of Deputies Friday afternoon. The degree of Communist support to be expected then may become apparent.

Greek Royal Bridal Couple



PRINCE PAUL and his bride following their wedding in Athens. He is the younger brother of King George II of Greece. She is the former Princess Frederika Luise of Brunswick.

BRIDE OF FAROUK HAS
45-GOWN TROUSSEAU

National Holiday Proclaimed in
Egypt for Wedding Tomorrow
of Boy King.

By the Associated Press.

CAIRO, Egypt, Jan. 19. — Farida Zulfikar, 16 years old, who tomorrow will become Egypt's second Queen since Cleopatra, completed her pre-nuptial arrangements yesterday.

She placidly had her 45-gown trousseau packed and sent to Koubbeh Palace where she and young King Farouk will live after their marriage.

From the time of Cleopatra, who was the country's ruler when Egypt passed under the domination of Rome in 31 B. C., there had been no Queen of Egypt until Farouk's mother gained the title when her husband, Fuad, was proclaimed King in 1922.

The marriage will be Egypt's first royal wedding since the days of the Pharaohs, for Fuad had been married to Queen Nafsa when he became King.

Bride to View Gifts.

Farida will go to Koubbeh Palace today to look at gifts from all parts of the kingdom and from abroad.

The 17-year-old King received foreign diplomats yesterday, bearing presents. Among diplomats paying their respects was Sir Miles Lampson, British Ambassador, who brought a letter of congratulations from King George.

Farida is the daughter of a Judge of the Alexandria Mixed Court of Appeal. Her parents named her Saad Nax, which in Persian means "pure rose," but at home they called her Fauvette ("warbler").

Farouk, by royal decree, changed her name to Farida, meaning "pearl."

Her \$25,000 trousseau includes a rose-pearl garment embroidered with water-drop pearls, with a 24-foot lame train spangled with jewels and trimmed with blue velvet and ermine. It has a brocade design of lotus foliage and a quarter moon inscribed in gold with a verse of the Koran. The train alone cost \$3000.

Moslem Wedding Contract.

Swathi, Mountapha el Maraghy, spiritual leader of the Egyptian Moslems, completed today the draft.

ANGLO-IRISH TALKS
END WITHOUT PACT

Groundwork Laid for Further
Conferences on Defense
and Trade, However.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Jan. 19. — Three days of English-Irish conferences ended today without agreement on any of the issues dividing the two countries, but with groundwork laid for further negotiations looking toward accords on trade and defense.

Observers considered it hopeful that the question of Irish unity raised by Ireland's Prime Minister, Eamon de Valera, had not caused a breakdown.

De Valera had a final talk with Britain's Prime Minister, Neville Chamberlain, and arranged to confer later at his hotel with Malcolm MacDonald, British Dominions Secretary, concerning resumption of the discussions within six weeks.

A joint statement said representatives of the two governments considered "matters arising out of questions already discussed." It continued:

"While no agreement has yet been reached on any of these questions, which are closely connected, it was felt that the discussions had proceeded far enough to justify more detailed examination of a number of points by officials of the respective governments."

"This examination will proceed forthwith, and, pending its completion, meetings of ministers will be suspended, to be resumed as soon as necessary data are available for further conversations."

ECUADOR EXPELS ALL ALIEN
JEWS WHO ARE NOT ON FARMS

Government Charges Many European
Refugees Have Violated
Agreement and Entered Business.

By the Associated Press.

QUITO, Ecuador, Jan. 19. — The expulsion of all alien Jews from Ecuador except those engaged in farming was decreed yesterday by the Provisional Military Government of Col. Alberto Enriquez.

The decree gave the Jews 30 days in which to quit the country. The decree declared hundreds of Jews permitted to colonize in Ecuador to escape persecution in Central Europe had entered business instead of agriculture as the Ecuadorian Government had expected them to do.

The government guaranteed Ecuadorians and foreigners resident here normal pursuit of their business activities, and prevent undesirable aliens from transacting business in violation of normal laws, as given as reason for the expulsion.

President Enriquez recently announced all foreign concession contracts would be reviewed for possible revision, and threatened two companies with military occupation of their assets if they failed to reply within 15 days to basic terms he laid down.

CLARK OPPOSES INTERCOASTAL
SHIP SUBSIDY AS UNFAIR

Missouri Asserts Most of Traffic
Is Foreign Variety;

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19. — Representatives of the three Pacific States contended yesterday before two congressional committees that Federal subsidies should be provided immediately to encourage maintenance of fast intercoastal shipping through the Panama Canal.

In the Senate Commerce Committee, however, Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri, objected to the subsidy plan advanced by Senator McCaDoe (Dem.), California, as an encouragement to continued operation of vessels already or about to be withdrawn from the intercoastal trade.

Clark said it would be unfair to tax the people of his and other Midwestern States for subsidy payments, asserting a big part of the intercoastal passenger business was in pleasure traffic. McCaDoe replied the nation's water trade between the East and West coasts was as much a national problem as the railroads.

The War Department joined the Senate Department today in opposing legislation to exempt American intercoastal vessels from Panama Canal tolls. Secretary of War Woodring told the Senate Intercoastal Canal Committee that the legislation proposed by McCaDoe would provide subsidy "on an unsound basis."

The State Department objected to the bill on the ground it would violate treaty obligations guaranteeing equal rights to all nations using the canal.

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December 12, 1878
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THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight democracy of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely passing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULTZER.
April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

In Defense of Night Law Schools.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I THOROUGHLY disagree with Tyrrell Williams, Professor of Law, Washington University, in his attitude toward night law schools. Mr. Williams offers three arguments:

1. That failure to have full-time instructors precludes consultation between night students and teachers.

Bunk! I attended a night school and never have I seen a teacher unwilling to stay after school to give information or explanation.

2. That the apprentice system has ceased to exist in the United States.

This argument is actually laughable. Any lawyer will tell you that a student after graduation is unfit and unprepared to practice law until he has spent some time in practical work with the guidance of an experienced attorney. If this isn't the apprentice system, it may be termed an indispensable substitute.

3. That the average night school student can take advantage of university scholarships.

The average age of men in my class was perhaps 30 years. The majority of these men were insurance men, bank employees or holders of political jobs, whose advancement required the study of law. Most of them had families or other obligations that could not be met by four hours of work a day on scholarships.

It has been my experience that the night school student usually becomes a capable, honest practitioner, equal, if not superior, to the day student.

E. W. ALBRIGHT,
City College of Law, '34.

We Might Learn From the Swedes.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

FROM Sweden come news that the country's budget will be balanced without increased taxes. I suggest that a congressional committee be appointed immediately to go to Sweden to find out how they do it. It is just possible that this committee will find that the Swedes practice the old-fashioned, homespun economy.

THE HAYSEED ECONOMIST.

Rural Distress and Its Causes.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

IT was indeed an appalling word picture painted by Secretary Wallace in describing the destitution among the rural population of the nation. More appalling and disheartening, however, is the New Dealer's refusal to admit the fact that the administration's policies were failures and that said policies have much to do with the plight of the farmers. The New Dealers blame everything under the sun except their own ill-conceived efforts. This means, of course, that we can expect more of the same quack medicine, which has already failed to revive the patient.

Mr. Wallace, the agricultural New Dealer, cites drought, machinery displacing farm laborers, low prices and the business recession as reasons for the farmers' predicament. It couldn't possibly be the curtailed production under the A. A. A. or the increase in imports of farm products, could it?

WILLIAM LEE STONE.

Would Eliminate Constables' Fees.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

RECENT comments in regard to constables of St. Louis County have brought many caustic criticisms as to their speed traps. Maintaining a fixed salary and car allowance for these public servants would help abolish such claimed practices and create higher duty incentives, which would bring safer county roads and highways.

Flourissant. CHARLES H. DACON.

A Look Into the Future.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

NEWS dispatch of 1940: St. Louis refugees began arriving today on rescue trains which had conveyed them from the smoke pall to the purer air of Pittsburgh. Weakened by their seven-day battle with asphyxiation, many of them still clung to their gas masks, and scarcely dared draw a deep breath.

The Mayor of St. Louis issued a statement in which he ascribed the panic to agitators.

"There is absolutely no danger to health in St. Louis," he declared. "We have enough gas masks for every man, woman and child. St. Louisans are not afraid of a little smoke."

Asked if the city would take over the plants making smokeless fuel, the Mayor said that he had no time to listen to nonsense.

"Summer will be along in a few months," he added. SNUB.

Suggestion for Foreign-Film Theater.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I READ with great interest of the possibility of bringing the foreign picture schedule, formerly at the Shady Oak Theater, to a more centrally located one, possibly the Apollo.

The Shady Oak was inconveniently situated. The prices were a little too much, in comparison to the prices of neighborhood shows.

May I suggest to Pancho and Marco that, to bring success to this venture, even at the Apollo, prices should be low? In other words, keep the Apollo's present prices; bring your fine pictures and we'll all come to see them.

FILM FAN.

THE SOUTH'S FREIGHT RATE CASE.

Although the administration went on five years without showing visible interest in efforts of the Southeastern states to have freight rates in that section brought into line with those prevailing in the North and East, it has suddenly decided to be helpful. This new attitude is due not to interest in the right or wrong of the Southeastern freight-rate structure as such, but to the fact that the administration sees a chance to utilize the situation to win Southern support for a wage and hour bill.

The President, it appears, has persuaded the Governors of seven Southeastern states to use their influence to have their respective Senators and Representatives vote for a wage and hour bill, with the understanding that the administration, in turn, will give aid toward the elimination of the hated freight rate differential. In short, the administration is not dealing with the South's freight rate differential problem on its merits, but is using it for bargaining purposes.

Independently of the political aspects, we believe that Southern industry should be freed of the disadvantage which it has had, compared with New England industry, for example, in delivering its goods to the great population centers of the North-Central region. St. Louis has more than an academic interest in the situation. Five of the seven Southern states involved are listed by the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce as being in the city's preferential trade territory. What helps their development helps us.

Under present rates, it costs more to ship numerous commodities from the South into the North than it does to ship from the North into the South, even though the same railroad does the hauling over the same track. The South is particularly interested in getting lower rates into what is known as the Central Freight Association territory, which includes, roughly, the region east of the Mississippi, north of the Ohio and west of Buffalo and Pittsburgh. Class rates from the South into that territory exceed rates from the East to the same destinations, for similar distances, by about 39 per cent. Commodity rates exacted of Southern producers and manufacturers on their heavy goods average from 10 to 25 per cent higher than those from the East.

Comparison of the ton-mile density on railroads from the South into the Central territory with that on roads from the East into the same region does not, generally speaking, appear to justify the differential. Even if the operating cost of moving goods northward averaged somewhat higher, there would still be precedent for giving the South equivalent rates. In the New England division case, the Interstate Commerce Commission met a similar difficulty by giving the more needy lines in New England a greater share of the through rates than they would have received on a pro rata mileage basis.

We repeat, then, our conviction that the Southern states are entitled to see their industry placed on an even basis of competition with Eastern industry in the matter of freight rates. The national interest will be served, not by an attempt to enforce upon the South the status of a submerged province, but by the removal of such arbitrary commercial handicaps as the freight rate differential.

Given the fundamental soundness of their case, the Southern states should be able to obtain an equitable readjustment of their freight rate structure without resorting to political back-scratching.

REVIVAL OF THE "POP" CONCERTS.

The St. Louis Symphony Orchestra makes an admirable move in its decision to revive the Sunday afternoon "pop" concerts, for many years a delight to large audiences, but suspended since the 1930-31 season. At the moderate ticket prices, 25 and 50 cents, the concerts will reach a group of music lovers who find it impossible to attend the regular symphony series. The plan of ticket distribution, through social centers, factories and business houses before sale to the general public begins, will insure full opportunity for attendance by this group.

Only three of the "pop" concerts are scheduled for this year, and it is to be hoped that public response will justify a longer series next season. The orchestra, meeting the widespread demand for revival of these concerts, again demonstrates its value as a cultural enterprise and civic asset.

NEMESIS OF TAX-DODGERS.

Amid the welter of discussion over tax rates and tax reforms, it is easy to lose sight of the fact that the Federal Government does a remarkably efficient job of collecting income levies and of tracing down tax-dodgers. A special story from the Post-Dispatch Washington Bureau introduces the man responsible for the collection of delinquent taxes: Charles F. Russell, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, a former Missourian. Under his supervision, such collections last year reached the high figure of \$348,666,449, actually about 16 per cent of total income tax receipts.

Mr. Russell, a veteran of 15 years' service in the Bureau of Internal Revenue, has modernized the whole collection system of the income tax unit. Evaders are not run down by hit-and-miss efforts, but by a standardized routine of inspecting every record that may give information as to fugitive incomes. The quest for tax-dodgers is constantly being broadened; for instance, Mr. Russell plans soon to go after the big incomes of Kansas City gamblers, who for years have sidestepped payment.

The post occupied by Mr. Russell is a political one, but his long experience and solid grounding in the work make him to all intents and purposes a merit employee of the Government. His remarkable record and the millions collected by his corps of workers offer another object lesson in the importance of establishing civil service in all branches of the Government.

In our high railroad circles, the Old Guard never surrenders and never dies. It reorganizes.

GOOD TURN IN THE TAMPA FLOGGING CASE.

Judge Dewell's disqualification of himself from presiding over the third trial in the Tampa flogging case was in order, notwithstanding the fact that it set a precedent in the Florida courts. If Florida judges disqualify themselves when the defense charges prejudice on the part of the Court, there is no sound reason why they should not step aside when the prosecution believes that the Court is unfair to the State's case. If the rule does not apply to prosecution as well as defense, the defense enjoys an unfair advantage over the State. The move of Pat Whitaker, defense lawyer for five once-convicted former Tampa policemen, for a State Supreme Court writ to compel Judge Dewell to continue as presiding Judge, is an unwarranted attempt to delay still further a case which has already dragged out too long. Gov. Cone should assign the impending trial forthwith to as fair and impartial a Judge as the Florida criminal bench contains.

WHY REVIVE THE CANAL-TOLLS ISSUE?

American intercoastal vessels would be exempted from Panama Canal tolls under a legislative program sponsored by Senator McAdoo of California for encouraging this country's merchant marine. Secretary Hull has objected to the proposal. "It would be unfortunate," he said, "should the question be reopened at this time."

It would indeed be unfortunate. The matter was thoroughly threshed out a quarter-century ago in one of the bitterest battles of the first Wilson administration. Congress in 1912 had passed such a law as Mr. McAdoo now advocates. President Wilson became convinced that it violated a treaty obligation of the United States, and on March 5, 1913, read a message before Congress urging its repeal. No previous message of his, he said, "carried with it graver or more far-reaching implications to the interest of the country." A furious controversy ensued, and Wilson is said to have been ready at one time to resign the presidency if Congress failed to repeal the law. Finally, after three months, it was repealed.

The Hay-Pauncefote Treaty of 1901, between the United States and England, pledged that the canal should always be "free and open on terms of entire equality" to all nations. This was a provision carried over from the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty of 1850, in which the United States agreed to terms of equality in use of the proposed canal in return for Britain's waiver of territorial claims in Central America.

This country cannot honorably grant special terms to its own shipping, advantageous though this might be, as long as the treaty stands. Secretary Hull's statement should suffice to end the agitation before another feud springs up such as that in Wilson's day.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SCORES AGAIN.

Once in a while, as in the Bruno Hauptmann case, it is several years, but in most cases it is a matter of only a few days, a few weeks or a few months till a kidnaper comes to the end of his rope. Peter Anders, kidnaper and slayer of Charles S. Ross of Chicago, had three months of haunted freedom before he was caught and faced with the prospect of the ultimate penalty. A confederate in the crime, Alwood Gray, is already dead at Anders' hands.

There will always be crime, for there will always be persons stupid enough to think they can get away with it. But the record the Department of Justice has made in the few years since laws were passed extending its jurisdiction in kidnapping and extortion cases will do much to keep such crimes at a minimum.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC IN CLEVELAND.

As soon as the Van Sweringens got control of the Missouri Pacific, they established the company's "corporate offices" in their home town, Cleveland, O. Those offices cost the Missouri Pacific investors \$180,000 a year, which would be 5 per cent interest on \$3,600,000.

In the long inquiry into the road's affairs, nothing has been shown to indicate that the "corporate offices" performed any service for the Missouri Pacific that could not have been performed in the St. Louis offices. From the evidence developed, it would be fair to say, we believe, that the "corporate offices" at Cleveland were primarily an accounting institute to provide records required by the Van Sweringens in their speculative operations. The head of the Cleveland office staff, William Wyer, testified before the Senate investigating committee that he had made false entries, though he later retracted that statement, with the labored explanation that he had been bullied into making the admission by the examining committee. A sort of intellectual "third degree."

Expenses have been cut down in the Cleveland offices. The bill last year was \$64,000. But even with present economies, the Cleveland offices have cost the Missouri Pacific, since it went into bankruptcy in 1933, the sum of \$372,434. It is an unnecessary expense, according to Guy M. Thompson, trustee of the property. He is asking the court to move the offices from Cleveland to St. Louis, where, he says, the work now done by Wyer and a staff of 12 (Wyer says 10) could be done by one man, with a filing clerk and a stenographer.

The whole affair is just an episode in the sad story of what happened to the Missouri Pacific when it fell into the clutches of the Van Sweringens and their holding company pyramid.

A HEARING ON STANLEY REED.

If the Senate Judiciary Subcommittee hearing on the nomination of Solicitor-General Reed to the Supreme Court turns out to be little more than a routine procedure tomorrow, it will have served an excellent purpose nevertheless. The appointment of a Supreme Court Justice is an act of such far-reaching consequences that every nomination should be subjected to the sharpest scrutiny. If the appointee stands so high in public esteem and the law that no one wishes to be heard against him, the formality of the hearing will only make his qualifications the more evident.

Former Ambassador Dodd appears to be convinced that "now it can be told."

SO THE BIG OAK IS SAVED.

The lumberman's ax was scheduled to lay low Mississippi County's patriarchal Big Oak when the Post-Dispatch last September brought the ancient tree and its impending destruction to public attention. Popular response was immediate. A movement to save the tree was speedily launched. Now it is announced that the necessary \$8000 has been raised, that gifts of 530 acres of the surrounding land have been obtained and that the Big Oak Commission is about to close negotiations for the remaining 480 acres for the proposed State park.

Missouri is indebted to the public-spirited citizens who formed the commission. It is indebted to the school children, business men and organizations who contributed to the fund. It is indebted to the land owners who generously gave of their forest acreage, or offered it at nominal prices. Because all these co-operated, Missouri's majestic old oak is to be saved, and the State is to have a new park for the delight of present and future generations. A fine achievement, one that attests the people's concern for conservation and their reverence for this magnificent old landmark of Missouri's past.



NEW GHOSTS IN KANSAS CITY.

A Catholic Criticism of Mayor Hague

Jersey City Mayor is assailed for "using his religion to bolster up his fanatical demagogism" in fight on CIO; writer in church paper says Hague stands for thoroughly reactionary "brass-band type of Catholicism"; adds that such tactics as those used at his recent mass meeting do not kill Communism, but stimulate its growth.

Dispatch by Eastern Correspondent in the St. Louis Catholic.

JERSEY CITY, N. J. THE adducing spectacle of Catholic priests and organizations "allied with the wrong side," to use the recent words of Cardinal Mundelein, was presented last week in the instance of a mass meeting held to protest against labor's right to organize under the CIO.

Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City and his followers stand for the brass-band type of Catholicism, which is thoroughly reactionary and supports the grasping and avaricious system that has produced our wretched economic system. In their misguided efforts to fight Communism, they are actually supporting the very system that breeds Communism. Every Catholic social scholar concedes that Communism is the child of godless and materialistic capitalism. The scene was the wildest and most futile demonstration to combat Communism that the writer has yet seen. One of the speakers referred to Mayor Hague's drive as history-making and as a precedent that he hoped other communities throughout the country would follow. But to anyone who has even an elementary understanding of what Communism really is, this meeting was history-making only in that it showed once more, most effectively, how NOT to fight Communism.

The scene was the Armory in Jersey City, where about 15,000 people were brought out by propaganda methods and intimidation to hear Mayor Hague and his political comrades denounce Communism and everything that their suspicious thought was Communism. Hague's propaganda methods were very effective, though awfully expensive for such a futile purpose.

For blocks and blocks on approaching the Armory, there were glaring signs with letters five feet high hanging across the streets and reading: "Time to Strike Against Red Communism," "Drive Communism Out of Labor," "Communism Means Atheism," "Keep Communism Out of Our Schools," etc. The streets were lined with policemen, while loud speakers placed at street corners broadcast to the crowd on the street the program that was going on at the Armory.

First a stage show was put on, composed of lay dancers, woman singers and cante-bellies. Soon the veterans and the American Legion marched in 4000 strong with a band, wearing uniforms and shining steel helmets. "The Star-Spangled Banner" was played and bombs were exploded outside to announce the coming of Mayor Hague. Everything was arranged for "whooping it up" to the limit, getting people all excited and emotional against "Reds" and putting them in a state of mind that would, if continued, make America safe for the coming of a stuffed-shirt dictator like Adolf Hitler or Mayor Hague.

The speakers all spoke platitudes and "stood squarely behind Mayor Hague in his fight against Soviet agents in the CIO." Occasionally blank shots were fired in the audience, presumably to frighten Soviet spies. One of the speakers quoted from the Bible to support their fight against the "false prophets" of Communism in the CIO. Mayor Hague spoke of a nation-wide radio hookup. He outlined the story of his

fight with the CIO in its attempt to extend industrial unionism into Jersey City. He said that in his 25 years as Mayor, he had always stood for "law and order" and would not allow Soviet agents in the CIO to come in and stir up trouble. He branded all who opposed him as "Communists," including Roger Baldwin, head of the American Civil Liberties Union, John Brophy of the CIO and members of the American Newspaper Guild.

While Hague spoke, I began to realize that here was a sincere but very poorly informed man who was afraid that his dictatorship in Jersey City would be interfered with. One could easily discern that he knew nothing at all about Communism, but simply used this vague term "Communism" against all who opposed him. He did not even use good English, and he is so fanatical that he will not accept evidence that he is even partly wrong in his attitude toward the CIO.

It was saddest to see Catholics and Catholicism involved so much in this stupid performance. Jersey City has a population of about 250,000, of which 75 per cent are Catholics. There were about 10 priests, including two missionaries, on the stage, supporting by their presence Mayor Hague's tragic circus.

The Mayor himself is a member of St. Aedon's parish and is said to be one of the pillars of the church. He practically built the church and rectory, through his power and money. It is pathetic to see him using his religion to bolster up his fanatical demagogism. Such power in the hands of a powerful politician like Mayor Hague will help make America a safe place for the growth of cancerous materialism, whether it be of the Communist or Fascist variety.

Outside the Armory, Miss Dorothy Day, editor of the Catholic Worker, distributed copies of her publication containing an open letter to the people of Jersey City. It said in part:

"It has been reported that you are solidly behind your Mayor in his drive against the CIO, in his deliberate abridgment of civil rights. This we do not believe. Yes, we have seen your statements from the press, your war veterans, some of your clergy, your politicians and others to the effect that you, too, draw the red herring of radicalism across the path of a direct violation of civil rights. But we do not believe it. We do believe that you, the rank and file of Jersey City laity and clergy, believe in the natural rights of man as they are interpreted by our Constitution.

"Don't be misled by the insinuations that all Catholics must stand behind Hague; that Catholic groups all support him. This is not so. Trying to subvert the church to nefarious purposes is a favorite trick of politicians. But the church will always stand for man's natural rights, and among these rights is that of organizing for mutual protection and betterment."

DIAGNOSIS.
From the Buffalo Evening News.

Depressions are very like colds. You can't tell whether you're having a new one or just some more of the old one.

Newsprint and Democracy

From the Birmingham News.

IT is something more than coincidence that newspapers are most widely circulated in the democracies. There is a significant relation between a people's freedom and the volume of their newspaper consumption.

Reports of newsprint consumption in the world, according to the December report of the Royal Bank of Canada, show that in democratic nations are by far the highest per capita consumption. Great Britain leads with 60 pounds of newsprint per capita yearly. The United States follows with 57. Other leaders are: Australia and New Zealand, 48; Canada, 36; Scandinavia, 35; Argentina, 28; Netherlands, 23; France, 15; Finland, 13.

Among the non-democratic nations, one finds, for 1937, the per capita annual newsprint consumption of Japan, 13, leads the list; Germany, 11; Russia, 3; Italy, 3; Mexico, 3, and Brazil, 2.

The newspaper is an important instrument of democracy. Without the information provided the people through newspapers they would not be able to make intelligent decisions regarding their economic, political and social problems.

In democracy, the people themselves demand a wide scope of information. They demand newspapers.

But information is not needed in autocratic governments. The people do not have to make decisions. The dictators responsible for the decisions prefer that the people not have all the information needed for the decisions. And newspapers languish.

THE LAWYER'S MONOPOLY.

From the Kansas City Journal-Post.

TWO Circuit Judges in the Boone County Circuit Court ruled last week that laymen who adjust claims of casualty insurance companies are unlawfully practicing law.

The public, not always able to comprehend the lawyer's jealous watch over his professional "rights," will applaud the minority opinion of Judge Eldridge Deering:

"Efforts to force the services of lawyers on the public to the obvious detriment of the people at large can only result in an outcry against the bar which cannot be otherwise than harmful to the bar and the administration of justice."

Do the lawyers contend that the people who settle insurance claims is a social menace, like unlicensed physicians and pharmacists? On no other basis is their argument justified, yet there is no parallel whatever between insurance adjusters and quack doctors.

Blackmailists should be prohibited by law from practicing surgery, but if an adjuster can settle an insurance claim to the satisfaction of both the claimant and the company, we fail to see that it matters whether he is a lawyer or a bookkeeper.

By WALTER

A Symbol

LAST Friday, the President received a delegation of high symbolic figures in our public life. There was Thomas W. H. Morgan and Co. The President was seated in the center of a group of men. There were Messrs. Brain Trust and in spirit there was Rexford Tugwell.

In the popular mythology of these few years, three of these men have virtually ceased to be human beings and had become legendary creatures incarnating huge forces and great ideas of the time for the possession of the American soul.

Mr. Morgan, if we are to believe imaginative artists belonging to the school of Secretary Tolson, is a head and front of a gigantic occultic network which reaches to control practically every activity of the American people. Mr. Lewis, if we are to believe Mayor Hague and Mr. Girdler, is the head of a network controlled from Moscow. And Mr. Tugwell, if we are to believe such master minds as J. Edgar Hoover, is the head of the government's brain trust. It is now that it transpires that these symbolic figures have been conferring together, have found sufficient common ground to proceed the President and to him—symbolically—what in name of time he thinks is his.

This is all very gratifying as a symbol of the struggle in America are not gaged in such a fierce struggle that they can take a common interest in making the industrial machine work and in keeping America a going concern. But there is, I think, more to this meeting than at first appears, and the popular superstitions that have grown up around all three of the men were dispelled, it would be found that, far from symbolic grudge-contending forces, they have much in common and represent fairly well three successive stages of one of the leading social developments of our time.

They represent the progress of big business through a deadly war with big unionism to some form of big Socialism. The giant corporations, like United States Steel, example, which the House of Morgan has created or befriended, are in the natural course of events coming into being the mass unions which Mr. Lewis is promoting.

The one necessarily leads to the other. For when many thousands of workers are employed by a machine of which the directing hand is far removed from any possibility of personal contact, the workers' voice as a matter of course, tend to combine under a chieftain big enough to talk on equal terms with the head men of the giant corporation.

But the consequence of confrontation with very big business with very big unionism is either to bring about perpetual strife, which makes it exceedingly difficult to produce wealth, or to bring about some "harmony" that big business, big unionism, jointly acquiesce in consuming public by controlling supply and raising prices.

It is at this point that Mr. Tugwell's general view becomes a factor in the situation. For an eventual remedy both for the strife between big business and big unionism, as well as for their too monstrous combination to administer monopolistic prices, is the intervention of big government. In time must become impossible for business to fix prices. It must come impossible for big unionism to quarrel incessantly with big business. It must become intolerable for big business and big unionism to combine.

At that point, and we have

"Till De

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'33 Dodge 1/2-T. Panel, 195
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'33 DOIDGE—1/2-ton panel; re-
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Sedans For Sale		No Payments 'Til March	
36 GMC - 1-ton panel; excellent condition	\$350	Here's How You Repay:	
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truck model: \$198
LOVE-JOHNSON NAT'L. BRIDGE
 AT UNION **\$645**
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 3200 Loan - - - - - \$3.00 Weekly
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*36 Chevrolet, Ford, International panels.
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1934 OLDS YOUNG SEDAN
- Perfect; \$100 down.
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1936 PLYMOUTH DE LUXE SEDAN—15,000 miles; clean, 8155 down.	1935 Ford Sedan, Delivery	1775
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PLYMOUTH—1936 sedan, 2485 down, practically new; built-in trunk; trade, 86.	Blond T. 7	1775
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	21 Ford Panel, 1/2-Ton	1355
	21 Ford Panel, 1/2-Ton	75
	21 Devar, 1/2-Ton	75

Love Motors, Inc., 4030 Katsu,
LYNDHURST—25 sedan, 4 door, trunk,
etc., \$285; terms 30% Eastern.

'84 Pontiac 4-door Sedan;
trunk; excellent
condition throughout; a high
quality car at a
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Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, 7 P. M.

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SECOND—4115 S. Kingsley, 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

THIRD—5024 Russell Blvd., 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

FOURTH—5059 Page Blvd., 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

FIFTH—Arbuckle and Potomac, 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

SIXTH—5718 National Bridge, 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

SEVENTH—5320 Potomac, 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

EIGHTH—Cahoon and Wyden, 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

Churches open to reading room, 10:45-11:15 Sun. to 1:30; Wed. to 1:45; Fri. 3-5.

Wednesday Evening Testimonial Meeting at All Churches, 8 O'clock

Best Cough Remedy Is Easily Mixed at Home

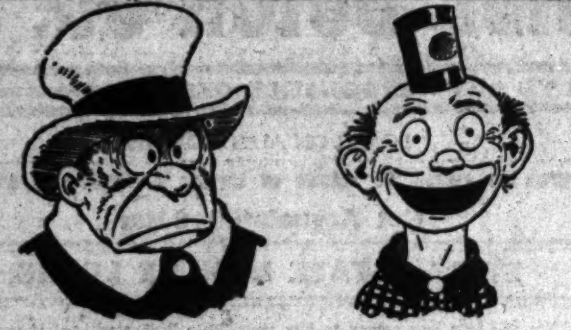
It's So Easy! Makes a Big Saving. No Cooking.

To get the quickest relief from cough due to colds, mix your own remedy at home. Once tried, you'll never use any other kind of cough medicine, and it's so simple and easy.

First, make a syrup by stirring 2 cups granulated sugar and one cup of water a few moments, until dissolved. A child could do it. No cooking needed. Then get 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex from any drugstore. This is a concentrated compound of Norway Pine, famous for its prompt action on throat and bronchial membranes.

Put the Pinex into a pint bottle, and add your syrup. Thus you make a full pint of really better medicine than you could buy ready-made for four times the money. It never spoils, and children love its pleasant taste.

And for quick, blessed relief, it has no equal. You can feel it penetrating the air passages in a way that means the money. It loosens the phlegm, soothes the inflamed membrane, and eases the soreness. Thus it makes breathing easy, and lets you get restful sleep. Just try it, and if not pleased, your money will be refunded.



Gloomy Gus was down and out Till Happy Hooligan told the scout To smack his gloomy, grouchy ills With Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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False Teeth Wearers Can Be Certain of Clean Plates!

"Need More Than a Mouth Wash" say Authorities... Recommend Polident

Plates and bridges soak up odors and impurities like a sponge! A thin dark film collects on them. This film holds germs and decay bacteria. It is so tough that ordinary brushing seldom removes it. And it gets into every tiny crevice where brushing can't even reach. Almost always it results in "denture breath"—probably the most offensive of all breath odors.

Yet there's a perfect way to clean and purify false teeth without brushing, acid or danger. It is Polident, the powder that dissolves away all film, stains, tarnish and odor. Makes breath sweeter—and plates or bridges look better and feel better. Tens of thousands call Polident a blessing for comfort, convenience and hygiene. Long-lasting can cost only 30¢ at any drug store. Approved by Good Housekeeping Bureau and dentists everywhere.

Cleans, Purifies Like Magic

Put plate or bridge in 1/2 glass of water. Add a little Polident powder. Leave in 10 to 15 minutes—rinse—dry—and it's sweet and clean—and it's ready to use!

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GREYHOUND

PROGRAM OF STATE CONSERVATION GROUP

Federation Adopts Charter, Will Co-operate With Missouri Commission.

By the Jefferson City Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 19.—Permanent organization of the Conservation Federation of Missouri to support the recently created State Conservation Commission in its new fish, wild life and forestry conservation program, was completed at a meeting of more than 500 sportsmen and conservationists here yesterday.

This organization, as a voluntary group, sponsored an amendment to the State Constitution, adopted in the 1936 general election, which abolished the former State Game and Fish Department and created the State Conservation Commission, with broad powers.

The Federation, which served notice that partisan politics must be barred from conservation work in Missouri, adopted a charter, arranged for incorporation for a 30-year period and outlined a program of public education and co-operation with the commission.

Delegates to the conference elected a Board of Directors, made up of one member representing each of the 34 State senatorial districts. The board will meet here on Feb. 8 to elect officers and outline further plans.

Jay N. Darling Speaks.

Jay N. (Ding) Darling of Des Moines, Ia., cartoonist and nationally known conservationist, who was one of the speakers, told the delegates that Missouri was the only State in the United States which had placed its conservation program "on a sound basis, irrevocably in the Constitution."

While there was some criticism of retention by the Conservation Commission of some of the employees of the old politically-controlled Game and Fish Department, the Federation delegates gave full approval to the announced plans of the Conservation Commission to establish a merit system for its employees and to eliminate politics from its conservation work.

The delegates, in adopting the report of its Resolutions Committee, opposed selection of employees by the Conservation Commission who had not been in sympathy with the adoption of the Conservation Commission amendment to the Constitution. This resolution read, in part:

"Those who actually opposed the adoption of the amendment, and are thus out of sympathy with the program, are unfortunately of little or no use in building a new administration based on education and good will."

It was suggested that "late converts and those sponsored by political organizations should be scrutinized with care."

The Conservation Commission amendment did not receive the support of the administration of former Gov. Park or Wilbur C. Buford, his appointee as State Game and Fish Commissioner, who is a member of the present Conservation Commission by appointment of Gov. Stark, but members of the Federation said the resolution did not refer to Park or Buford.

Other Resolutions.

Other resolutions defined the general policy of the Federation to co-operate with the Conservation Commission, subject to a critical observation of its acts. They included:

A pledge to uphold the principles and purposes of the Conservation Commission amendment.

A declaration that the new conservation program was authorized by the people of the State and was "not the gift of the Legislature or any public official."

That the authority of the commission "flows from the people themselves."

That "in the selection of the personnel and the administration of the affairs of our wild life resources partisan politics must be entirely eliminated."

That success of the program could be accomplished only by having in charge of the major activities men of technical training and experience.

That the commission "must be freed of strait-jacket and inflexible rules which so long have hampered development of our wild life resources."

That the commission must carry its conservation program into every section of the State and must have the active co-operation and support of all agencies which made the new program possible.

It was suggested that the commission concentrate on adequate protection of existing game and fish resources, enforcement of conservation regulations, propagation to restore game and fish resources, enforcement of conservation regulations and establishment of effective public relations.

Gov. Stark Speaks.

Gov. Stark, addressing the meeting yesterday, said the principal task in working out the new conservation program was that of educating the people of the State as to the desirability of restoration, preservation and development of the fish, wild life and forestry resources.

Stark said the first six months of experience under the new conservation set-up, which became effective last July 1, had developed some difficulties, but that they were largely technical, arising from the necessity of a complete reorganization of the former State Game and Fish Department into a greater conservation department, with broader powers and greater possibilities.

"It should be borne in mind," he

said, "that the difficulties so far encountered have not been due to opposition on the part of the public to the conservation program or to the Conservation Commission's plan of operation. On the contrary, there is an overwhelming sentiment among the people of Missouri in favor of the program, so far as it has been revealed to them."

He commended the commission members, asserting "They are doing a good job and deserve your cordial support and co-operation."

Stark also commended the work of Irwin T. Bode, who was brought to Missouri by the commission from Washington, as State Director of Conservation. A suit to oust Bode from office, on the ground his appointment violated constitutional provisions requiring at least one year of residence in Missouri before appointment to a State position, is pending in the Supreme Court.

St. Louis members of the Board of Directors elected yesterday are William F. Fahey, who was chairman of the meeting; Louis E. Den-

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2-4¢ Price slightly higher

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Be sure to see this dainty timepiece. Chrome finish, 7 jewels, \$9.85. Exceptionally big value — 25¢ Down

Curved model man's Wrist Watch. Yellow gold finish, 7 jewels, \$11.85. Big value — 50¢ Down!

17 jewels, yellow-gold finish, beautiful attachment to match. Our regular \$29.85 value — \$19.85. 50¢ a Week

Only Union-May-Stern Insures Your Purchases With a Wage-Earner's Protective Bond Without Charge

HURRY! HURRY!

Thrifty shoppers have hastened to buy since our first announcement of this gigantic sale! Buying has been fast and furious! And no wonder! It has been many a day since homefurnishings have been priced so low! Discounts of 25% to 50% are common! Don't miss this price-smashing Sale! Reductions are astounding! Terms are exceptionally easy! You can trade in your old furniture, or we'll hold for future delivery! Hurry!



Studio Couch Outfit

A well-tailored Couch covered in flowered fabric, two end tables, two and table lamps and a coffee table. A \$39.95 value — \$19.95. 50¢ a Week

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\$49.75 Porcelain Gas Ranges	\$39.75
\$40 Faultless Washers	\$24.95
\$39.75 Dual Ranges	\$24.95
To \$12.50 Night Stands	\$69.00
\$99 9-Pc. Dining Suites	\$39.75
\$169.00 9-Pc. Dining Suites	\$54.00
\$76.00 3-Pc. Maple Bedroom Suites	\$10.95
\$89.00 3-Pc. Bedroom Suites	\$66.00
\$17.00 5-Pc. Breakfast Set	\$12.95
\$99.00 3-Pc. Walnut Dinette Sets	\$11.95
\$22.50 5-Pc. Walnut Cedar Chests	\$3.95
\$22.50 Occasional Tables	\$3.47
\$6.95 8x12 Felt-base Rugs	\$1.95
To \$12.50 Table Lamps	99¢
\$1.99 Metal Smokers	

"Cannon" Part-Wool Blankets \$3.98. Worth \$4.98

Pull-Up Chairs \$4.98. Worth \$9.95

Poster Beds \$5.95. Worth \$9.95

5-Pc. Dinette Set \$22.50. Worth \$39.75

MIRRORS Regularly \$2.69. Large size, beautiful carved frames \$1.98

5x12 Seamless Axminster \$29.75. Worth \$39.95

\$44.95 PHILCO Console Radio \$29.95. And your old radio

Inner-Spring Mattresses Originally to \$39.50 \$15. Simmons and Seagrams & Foster. Excellent values. Choice of tickings. Finest quality. 25¢ a Week

Dressers and Vanities \$16.95 Ea. Worth \$29.95

2-Pc. Bed-Davenport Suite \$99 value. Luxuriously comfortable — splendid inner-spring construction. Covered in heavy tapestry. \$59

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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PART FOUR

JAPANESE



CHINESE AND



Reunion in New York American foster son, Fun in China at the age of 3 no English. If Fung Do will learn the restaurant

DISCUSS U



From left, seated, Just William C. Esaueller, Children, A. P. Rowa again with other St. L.

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Shoe Rebuilding
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A. GOLUB'S
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SOLES
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PART FOUR

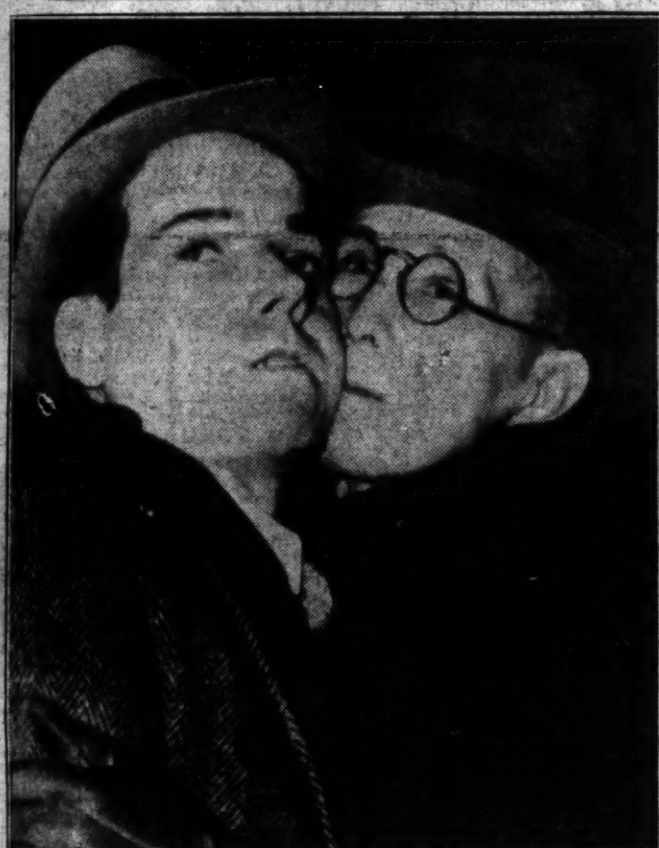
ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1938.

PAGES 1-6D

JAPANESE SCHOOL CHILDREN HELPING PREPARE RICE CAKES FOR SOLDIERS



CHINESE AND ADOPTED SON



Reunion in New York of Fung Dong (right) and his American foster son, Fung Kwok Keung, whom he adopted in China at the age of 3 years. Fung Kwok Keung speaks no English. If Fung Dong has his way, the boy, now 19, will learn the restaurant business. —Associated Press Wirephoto.

DISCUSS UNEMPLOYMENT AT THE CITY HALL



From left, seated, Justin T. Flint, William L. Mason, Edgar H. Wayman and William C. Eschmuller. Back row, Henry W. Kiel, Thomas J. Blong, L. Wade Childress, A. P. Rowan, William H. Korte and P. E. Weeke. They will meet again with other St. Louis business leaders on Friday. —By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

With long wooden hammers they are helping to pound the food preparation at a Tokio primary school. —Wide World Photo.

TYPESETTING PLANT INSTALLED IN ELECTION BOARD BUILDING



Type for the precinct lists of registered voters is being set in the basement of the Election Board Building, because the board interprets the new permanent registration law to forbid removal of the lists from the premises. Press work will be done elsewhere. —By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

BRITISH PHILANTHROPIST



Lord Nuffield, English automobile manufacturer, leaving London for a vacation trip to Australia. He recently was made a Viscount for his public gifts, which have amounted to more than \$25,000,000. —Associated Press Photo.

WELL, I'LL TELL YOU—By BOB BURNS

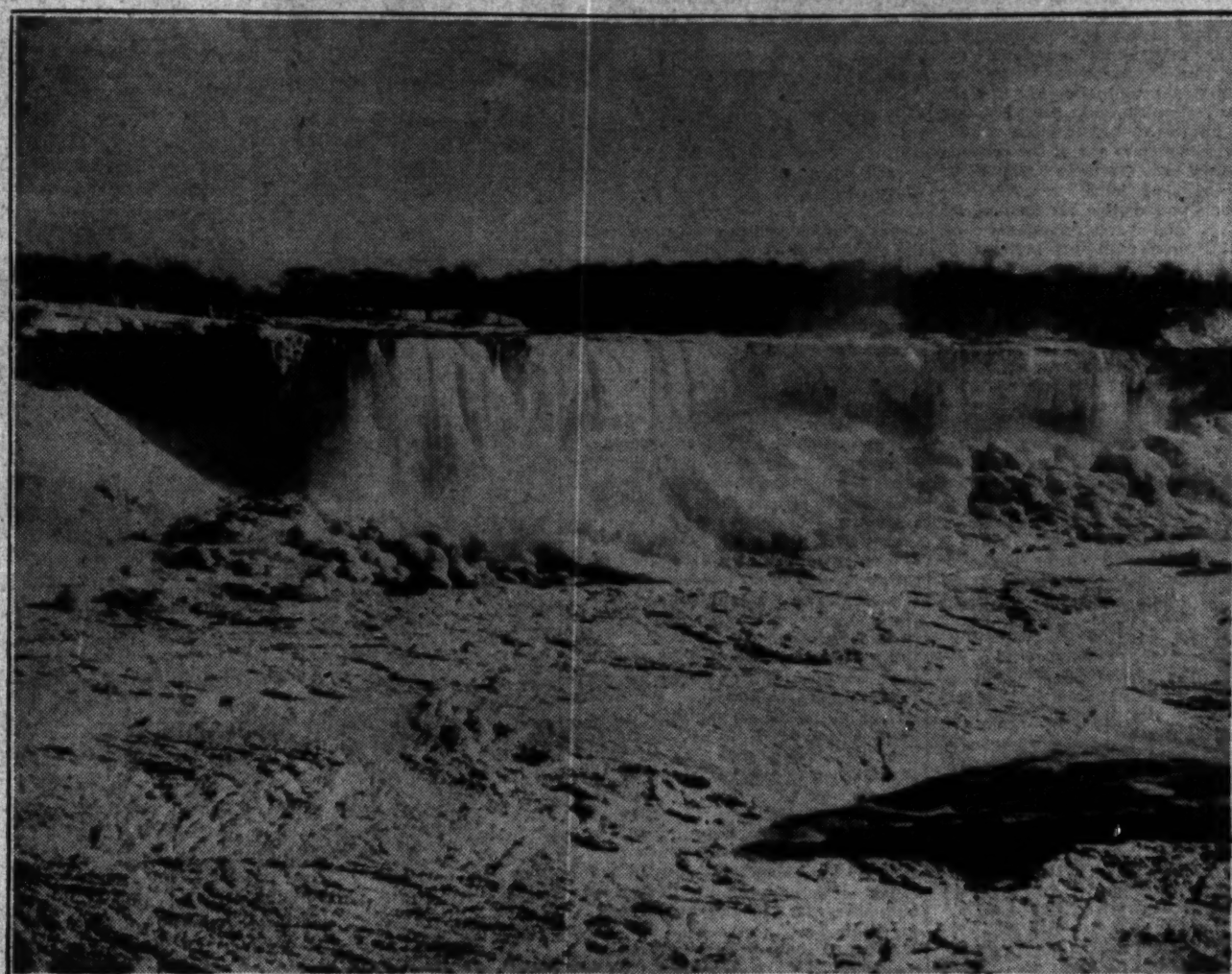
LOTS of people don't seem to understand why I am building a log cabin back in the hills. It's just because I was brought up in a quiet place and noise seems to git on my nerves. It's all accordin' to what a fella is used to. I remember a city man that come down home one winter

and one day he went to Papa and said "I'm going back to the city—I can't stand the quietness around here." Papa says, "Well, if it's noise you're lookin' for—stick around a couple of months—the frogs oughta be croakin' down at the pond by then."

(Copyright, 1938.)



ICE BRIDGE FORMS AT NIAGARA FALLS



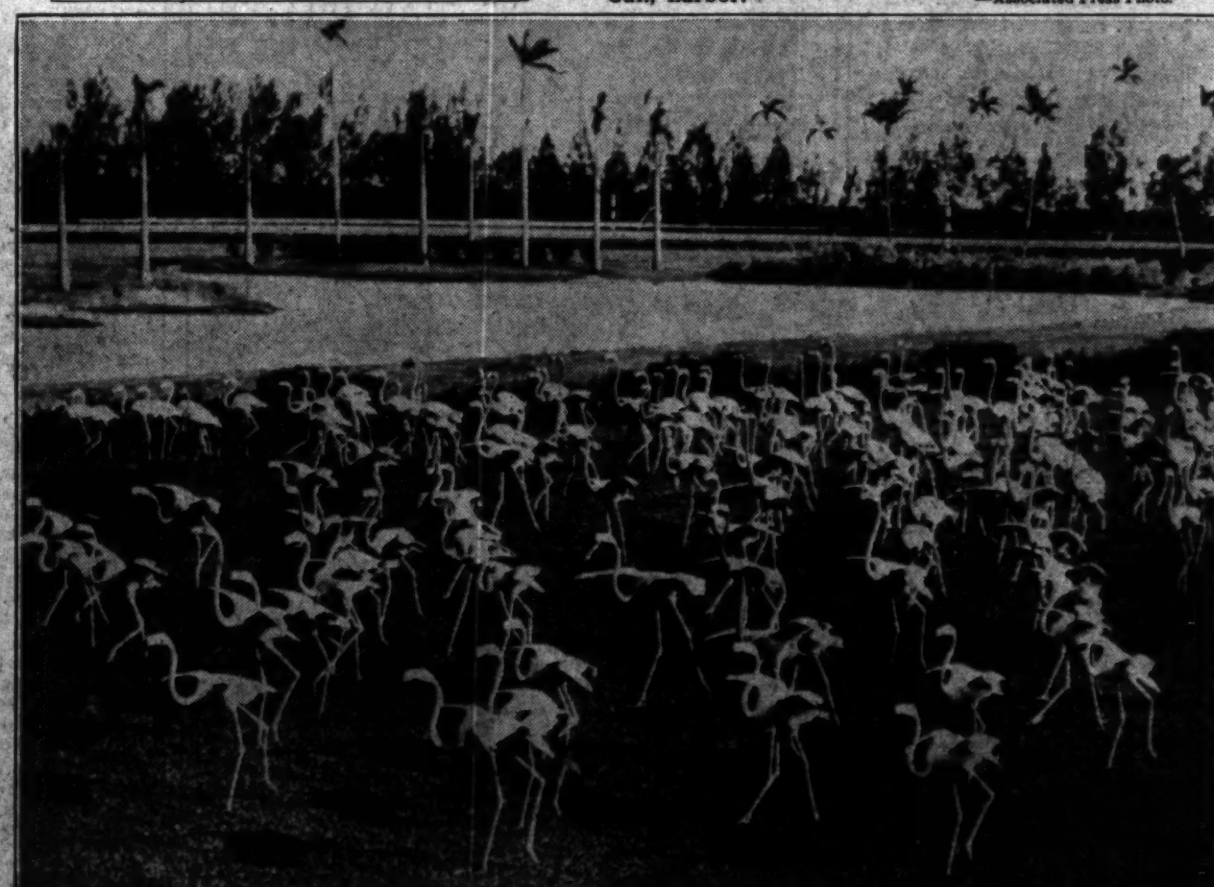
General view showing the huge piles of ice 50 and 60 feet high at the bottom of the falls. —Associated Press Photo.

SHE'S HONORARY COMMODORE



Miss Margaret Watt was given the title for the annual midwinter sailing regatta off Long Beach, Cal., harbor. —Associated Press Photo.

FLAMINGOES ON PARADE



This picture was made in the park at Hialeah, Fla. —Wide World Photo.

Fatal Shocks Possible With Low Voltage

High Amperage Affects Heart — Electric Lights and Bathtubs.

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

IN discussing the accidents that occur in the home, especially in the winter, as was pointed out by the Red Cross, we noted one of their "don'ts" which was, "Do not turn on the electric light while standing in the bathtub."

This brings up the question of low voltage shocks. It is not generally realized that the low voltage of the ordinary electric fixture in the home is sufficient, under proper circumstances, to electrocute and kill. Our ordinary domestic electric voltage is 110 volts.

Most electric fixtures leak, and when the body is moist, especially if wet feet are on the ground, a circuit is formed which has frequently caused death. It is not the voltage, but the amperage which is dangerous. In fact, very high voltage is less likely to be dangerous than low voltage and high amperage shocks.

The heart produces a feeble electric current every time it beats and it takes very little current to stimulate the heart muscle into a condition of fibrillation which is almost inevitably followed by death. No very large alternating voltage would have to be applied to well-moistened extremities to cause this form of heart stoppage. Standing in a bathtub with bare feet in water, turning on an electric light or any electric fixture, is extremely hazardous, as has been proved over and over again.

The human epidermis, when dry, has great electrical resistance, and under these conditions contact with low voltage lines would not ordinarily cause currents of large enough magnitude to pass through the body and bring about fibrillation of the heart muscle. But it must be remembered that dryness of the epidermis is a comparative term, and what might seem a safely dry skin may transmit a fairly large current when the area of contact is large. When the skin is definitely wet with perspiration or following a bath with soap and water, all doubt vanishes.

QUESTIONS FROM READERS. A. S.: "My father, I believe, eats more fried potatoes than any man living. He eats them every morning for breakfast the year round. He doesn't miss six meals in a year, and frequently has them for the noon meal also. He boils them with the 'jacket,' then slices and fries them with onions. He is 79 years old. Now and then he complains of stomach pains, also gas forms on his stomach. I wish to know, doctor, if his excessive indulgence in fried potatoes will not sooner or later wreck his health?"

Answer: I do not believe that fried potatoes will do him any harm, and it seems evident that a man who has reached the age of 79 with nothing more than a little gas on his stomach, must be using a diet that suits him.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Seven pamphlets by Dr. Clendening can now be obtained by sending 10 cents in coin, for each, and a self-addressed envelope stamped with a 3-cent stamp, to Dr. Logan Clendening, in care of this paper. The pamphlets are: "Three Weeks Reducing Diet," "Indigestion and Constipation," "Reducing and Gaining," "Infant Feeding," "Instructions for the Treatment of Diabetes," "Feminine Hygiene" and "The Care of the Hair and Skin."

AT LAST! A NEW SHAMPOO FOR ALL BLONDES! A New Easy Way to Bring Out the Full Radiant Liveliness of Blonde Hair...Keep It Soft, Fluffy, Lustrous!

Jane Arden A Girl Reporter's Adventures Pictured Every Day in the POST-DISPATCH

IF YOU ASK MY OPINION

By Martha Carr

MY dear Mrs. Carr: I want to answer a letter published in your column on Jan. 15, which was signed "Unhappy."

I believe him to be one of those new friends. He states that he has been with her several times, and at a party she seemingly is not in favor of other boys.

I wonder if he will answer the following questions: Will he escort her to the party and sit next to her, or will he let her come with another, or will he ever occur to him that she might be trying to hide her real feelings?

If this young lady is the one I think her to be, she, after the next meeting, told some of us she loved him a lot. Well, she must, because now when she is in a crowd, he is there, she is completely unconscious of his every move and movement. She used to be a good sport, but when we mention this one boy's name, she either leaves the room or completely ignores it. She tries to hide her face.

My dear Mrs. Carr: I will please help us by publishing this in your column. The Tuesday-Thursday Public Speaking Class at Beaumont High School will have to be dropped unless we can increase our enrollment and attendance. On behalf of the class, I wish to extend an invitation to join, to all interested groups. Mr. Busse, our teacher, is a very capable and personable young man and the class is composed both of beginners and advanced students. We meet every Tuesday and Thursday evening, from 7:30 to 9:30 p. m. in room 201. Yours respectfully, EMMETT HUSSEY.

MY dear Mrs. Carr: I wrote to you once before and received some very good advice. So I am back again. My girl friend and I went to a boys' camp last May. While we were there I took a picture of a boy I liked very much. Before I left he gave me his address and asked me to write.

In September, I found that he went with a group to another state for three months. He has written me three letters. In the last one he asked what nights he could see me when he returned and asked me to come down to the camp and visit. But I wrote and told him it was not my place to come. Since he is back he has not written or come to see me. Do you think I should go to the camp and if he does come now, should I refuse to see him? My dear Mrs. Carr, does it signify anything when a letter is written on blue paper? DAILY READER.

If it was proper for you to make the first visit to the camp and the boy cannot get a letter because of regulations, I see no reason why you should not go now. You would be foolish not to see him if he comes to your home—what would be the point?

I believe the blue paper means that it just happened to be the kind he has—as far as I know there is no deep, or other significance.

MY dear Mrs. Carr: All a girl in my 'teens who would like your advice on a question which has been bothering me. Although I am fairly good looking, I have a stubborn growth of black hair between my nose and mouth. The girls I go with kid me about it although only in fun, but this hinders me very much and when close to boys, I feel as if they were shooting a hole through me. Should I use a bleach, as you recommended to the girl who wrote in last issue, or would you suggest something to remove it? Thank you a million.

QUESTIONS BOX. Why not try bleaching the hair first? If this is not successful, there are a number of hair removers on the market that are safe. I can not give you the names of the products in the column but will send them to you if you will write me, send a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

MY dear Mrs. Carr: Is there any bureau in St. Louis that I may write to obtain information regarding employment on some of the ranches in the West? If not, could you tell me how I could get in touch with some of the ranches in Arizona or Colorado or any State in the West? Any information that you may give me will be greatly appreciated. Respectfully, YOUNG HOME ON THE RANGE.

You can get the names and addresses of Western ranches at any of the travel bureaus, at the offices of the railroads that travel West and by watching the advertising travel columns.

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Post-Dispatch, Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

Child Endures Strain Dining With Adults

"Wait Until He Has Some Self-Control" Before Seating Him at Table.

By Angelo Patri

MR. AND MRS. JOLLY went to dine with Mr. and Mrs. Prim. Gritty, 2 years old, went along. At home, Gritty sat at the table with her father and mother and mealtime was not formal to any degree. Gritty would reach across and help herself to a handful of mashed potatoes from her mother's plate and her mother would say, "O, Gritty, right in my plate. That isn't nice. Look at yourself," and then she would take her napkin and rub Gritty to a passable state of cleanliness. About then Gritty might decide that she wanted to drink her father's soup; make a catch at the plate; miss it; smack her face against the table; cry; be comforted; grasp the edge of the nearest drinking glass and spill it. "That will be enough," and somebody would carry her off screaming murder.

"Well, what do you expect?" mother might ask of the unseen audience. "She's only 2." And nobody, certainly not the unseen audience, could question that.

The family arrived at the Prim's and Mrs. Prim said, "Does the baby eat with the family?" Father looked at mother and mother plunged. "You see we are alone so much, and her father sees so little of her, and she has to learn—"

"Place a chair for the child, James," said the hostess. I will leave you to imagine what happened. It ended with a triumphant exhibition of childish rebellion when Gritty snatched up the crystal dessert plate, ice cream and all, and turned it upside down on her head.

It was not fair to Gritty, nor to the Prim's, nor to anybody else in the picture. The home standard was the only one that the child knew. It was impossible for her even to sit still through a meal served in formal fashion, had she known what it all meant. As it was, all she could do was behave in character, which she did.

Two-year-old children should not be asked to go to a stranger's table unless the home standards to which they have been accustomed and trained prevail there. To place a child in a strange situation, where he must behave in a way he never behaved before, can end in only one way, the collapse of the child and the great embarrassment of the parents.

Dining out is hard even on grown-ups if they tell the truth. Picking out the right spoon and coming out even at the end is something to worry about for most of us. How have we to do it in a mud puddle for a scene in a movie, he started the golden-haired, blue-eyed star on a new screen career. It was a real turning point, and a real mud puddle, too, of the oozy, slippery, slimy sort, and when the be-glamored Loretta crawled out of it, she was no longer be-glamored. There was mud oozing out of her mouth and her nose, and there was even mud clinging to the entrancing eyelashes which had lured many a movie Romeo into a romance in Real Eight.

She was dropped into that mud puddle nine times, and nine times she was hauled out, bathed and beautified before the cameramen decided that they had done proper justice to both Miss Young and the mud.

Angelo Patri has prepared a leaflet entitled, "The Bashful Child," in which he tells parents how to cope with oversensitiveness in children. Send for it, addressing your request to Angelo Patri, Child Psychology Department, of St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Enclose a self-addressed, stamped (8-cent) envelope.

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE by WYNN

(For Thursday, Jan. 20.) FIRST of two days for attending to distant people and matters. Today: Build diplomatically with superiors, but nix the idea that just pops into your mind for the first time—it's only maybe good; let time test it out.

Learn the Facts. "But don't go negative," I said yesterday. That means: Don't run yourself down to yourself. Don't be pessimistic about finding the way out. You are examining your life (the parts of your problem) need fixing. You can fix only when you know what to work on. What use repairing the gears when what you need is a new battery. Find out.

Your Year Ahead. If you celebrate your birth today, your year ahead involves money and estate, calling for wise handling of affections and anger. Don't let danger be made slowly. Avoid danger: March 4-April 12; July 7-Sept. 8; Dec. 2 on.

Friday. Tendency to choose wrong path; pause and study the road map again.

SHE OWES HER FAME TO MUD

Loretta Young Tells How It Resulted in Her First Role in Films at Age of 4—Recently It Again Came to Her Aid and Started Her on New Screen Career.

By H. H. NIEMEYER Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.



This is the third of a series of stories on the turning points in the careers of famous movie stars.

HOLLYWOOD, Jan. 19. WHEN Tyrone Power picked up Loretta Young in his arms and deliberately dumped her into a mud puddle for a scene in a movie, he started the golden-haired, blue-eyed star on a new screen career. It was a real turning point, and a real mud puddle, too, of the oozy, slippery, slimy sort, and when the be-glamored Loretta crawled out of it, she was no longer be-glamored. There was mud oozing out of her mouth and her nose, and there was even mud clinging to the entrancing eyelashes which had lured many a movie Romeo into a romance in Real Eight.

She was dropped into that mud puddle nine times, and nine times she was hauled out, bathed and beautified before the cameramen decided that they had done proper justice to both Miss Young and the mud.

Each time, though, the mud-spattered, goggle-eyed Loretta dragged herself out and laughed with the little chuckle that is so infectious on the screen. Deep inside of herself, however, there was more than just a chuckle. Her blood fairly pounded and her eyes shone with such a joy as she had known only a few times before.

For she knew that she had won a battle that she had been fighting for five years. She was no longer just the beautiful heroine who glided across ballroom floors, looked with sweetness and light into young men's eyes, and always registered the proper amount of saccharine bliss.

Now she had freed herself from the bondage of "being typed"—the ogre that frightens more, talented stars in Hollywood than any other of the bogey men. She had turned into a sophisticated comedienne, who could storm and pout and live with all of the fierce tenseness and wild emotional outbursts that such a person would.

"I haunted the offices of producers, begging them to let me at least experiment with sophisticated comedy," she said after the mud puddle scene had been filmed for "Love Is News." "Always the story was the same. They said that I was too beautiful and that it would be a shame to ruin my prettiness. They said that the fans who liked me would rebel at seeing me do unladily things. "When Darryl Zanuck signed me for Twentieth Century-Fox I told my story all over again. He listened to me and promised that I could have my chance at comedy. I scarcely trusted my ears until I was actually dropped into the mud. I kept thinking that surely they would cut that scene out at the last minute." Not only did that sequence stay, but one comedy after another of a light, sophisticated nature followed, with her most recent cellphoid opus,



FOUR VIEWS OF LOVELY LORETTA YOUNG—MUD PUDDLES HAVE BROUGHT HER LUCK.

called by her family Gretchen, her real surname, and took her to the studio, mud and all. With a gob of mud on her cheek, the child carried on a flirtation with the director that won her the role, and many more like it in the months that followed.

Gretchen Young's mother, Mrs. George Belzer, though, put an end to her daughter's career as a child star when she was six, and sent her to school.

"When Ty Power dropped me in the mud for that scene, I couldn't help but think about the day when I first saw the bright lights of a movie set through a gob of mud," said Miss Young on the set of "Second Honeymoon" as she put the final touches to her makeup before going into a sequence.

"I was only four then, but, of course, such a memorable occasion would impress itself indelibly on the memory of any youngster. I remembered how embarrassed I was about being muddy."

"The Greeks believed that the gods and goddesses on Mount Olympus spun the web by which mere mortals lived. If I had been an ancient Greek, I guess I could have thanked some Goddess of Mud for having guided me. Twice now, such a goddess has changed the course of my life."

Until she was 13, Gretchen went to school, and then came another of those queer quivers of fate by which some insignificant event alters the destinies of both men and nations. Her sister, Polly Ann, was a featured player in the movies in those days, and Gretchen used to sit around the house and enjoy Polly Ann's beauty and the glamorous life that she led.

"I used to look at myself in the mirror and sometimes cry," she said. "I wasn't nearly as beautiful as either Polly Ann or my sister Sally, and yet I did want so much to become an actress."

Opportunity knocked in the way to a telephone call. The casting

Questions on Propriety by Young People

Girl Usually Introduces Friends to Family Members With Her.

By Emily Post

DEAR MRS. POST: The other day mother and my two sisters and I were sitting in the car waiting for father to come out of his office. A boy I know slightly passed and came over to the car to talk with me. I did not introduce him to the others because I hardly thought the minute or so he would stand talking warranted such formality. My family disagrees, however, and mother in particular thinks it was very impolite. I wish you would discuss a situation like this in your column.

Answer: Under ordinary circumstances, I would say that you should have introduced him to your mother and your sisters. It is never very good form for a girl to run the risk of giving the impression that she wants to separate herself from her family. And yet there are so many girls who are eager for attention and intentionally do this. Whether you were actually rude or not I don't know because I don't know the whole picture. If you were sitting on the front seat, driving, let us say, and your mother and sisters were in the back and the window beside you was open and he only stopped to speak to you for a moment (at least that is what you should have intended to do) you might quit possibly and not improperly have neglected to introduce him. On the other hand, if you were sitting in the back seat next to your mother or one of your sisters, then you should certainly have introduced him to them. Moreover, since he stood for some time talking to you, you should, it seems to me, have introduced him unless, as I have already said, the windows were closed and they were quite separated from you. In that case, he would have been forcing the situation.

Dear Mrs. Post: We are a club of young girls, which is giving its first party to include men. This will be a theater party and there will be 20 of us. One of the group has been assigned to buy the tickets beforehand, but what confuses us a little is who hands the tickets in the night of the play. We probably can not all arrive exactly at the same time at the theater, and yet some of the girls think it might be rather embarrassing to the boys if each one of us takes two tickets and hands them to the escort before we leave home. What is the customary way of handling this girl-takes-boy situation?

Answer: You handle it exactly as you suggest. When he comes for you, you as a matter of course, give him the two tickets intended for him and for you. (Copyright, 1938.)

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Toonerville Folks—By Fontaine Fox

(Copyright, 1938.)



Popeye—By Segar

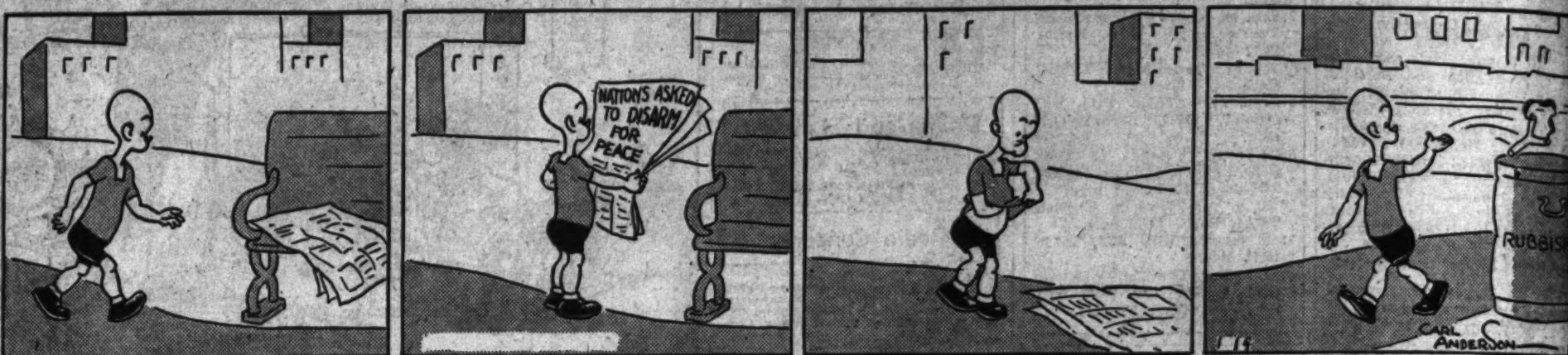
Lady in Distress

(Copyright, 1938.)



Henry—By Carl Anderson

(Copyright, 1938.



Jasper—By Frank Owen

(Copyright, 1938.)



"THIS IS THE LAST WARNING! IF YOU DON'T GET UP BEFORE BREAKFAST, MAMA WILL BUST THE BALLOON."

Jane Arden—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross

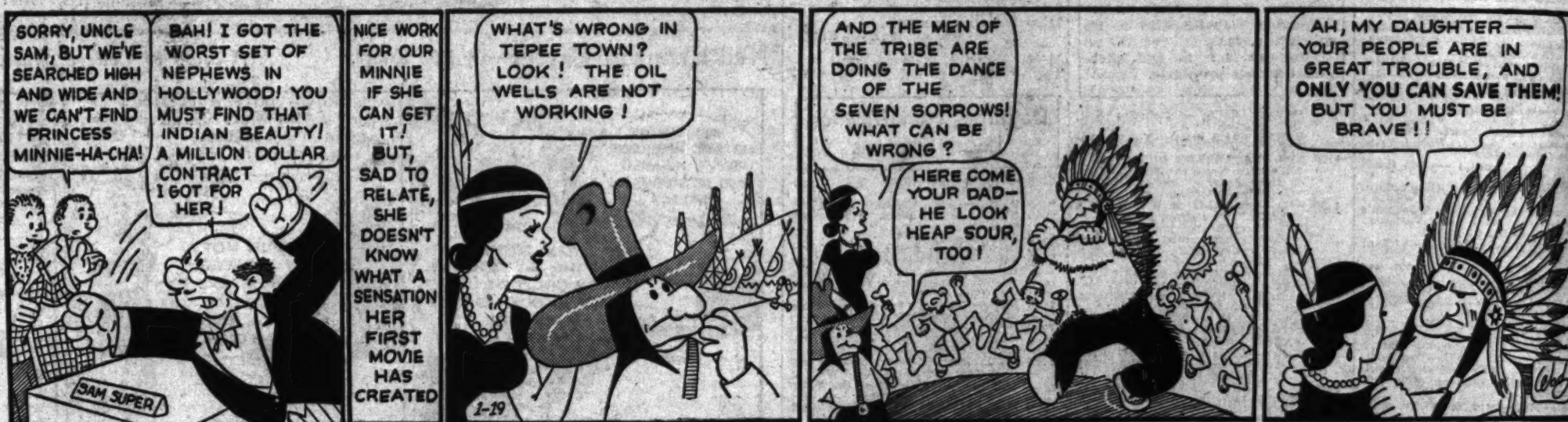
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Big Chief Wahoo—By Saunders and Woggon

Just in Time

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You'll Find Out, Pappy!

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Skippy—By Percy L. Crosby

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Blondie—By Chic Young

He Couldn't Reach the Curtains!

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